

## MAINE ASSOCIATION OF CRIMINAL DEFENSE LAWYERS

P.O. Box 17642 Portland, ME 04112-8642 (207) 523-9869 mainemacdl@gmail.com

2020-2021 OFFICERS

March 10, 2021

President Jamesa J. Drake Senator Susan Deschambault Representative Charlotte Warren

President-Elect Amber L. Tucker Committee on Criminal Justice & Public Safety

Vice President Jeremy Pratt 100 State House Station Room 436 Augusta, ME 04330

Treasurer Walter F. McKee RE: LD 536, An Act to Amend the Maine Criminal Code

Secretary Matthew D. Morgan Dear Senator Deschambault, Representative Warren and Members of the Criminal Justice and Public Safety Committee:

## 2020-2021 DIRECTORS

MACDL opposes LD 536.

Dylan R. Boyd
Andrew Edwards
Amy L. Fairfield
Heather Gonzales
Devens Hamlen
Scott F. Hess
Harris Mattson
Joseph Mekonis
Stacey D. Neumann
Logan E. Perkins
Neil Prendergast
Luke S. Rioux
Adam P. Sherman

For sentences in criminal cases to be just they must be individualized to the facts of the particular case and to the particular defendant. In order for sentences to be individualized judges must have discretion to impose a wide range of potential sentences.

Section A-1 mandates consecutive sentences and non-probated sentences. This one size fits all approach removes the discretion of judges and all but ensures there will be, in some cases, unjust results. If the mandates for consecutive and non-probated sentences were removed nothing would preclude a judge from imposing a consecutive non-probated sentence if the facts of that particular case warranted it.

Because of Section A-1 MACDL cannot support this bill.

## **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Adam Swanson

Robert T. Van Horn

Tina Heather Nadeau

MACDL does support parts C and D of this bill.

Part C correctly separates out kidnapping with the intent to inflict bodily injury from kidnapping with the intent to subject a person to a sexual offense. The latter would trigger registration pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act. The crime of kidnapping with the intent to inflict bodily injury would not trigger sex offender registration.

This makes sense. A kidnapping case that has no connection to any sexual offense should not be a registrable offense. The Sex Offender Registry should have registrants that are involved in sexual crimes. By having all defendants convicted of kidnapping on the Sex Offender Registry (what few there may well be) unnecessarily puts defendants on a registry that was never meant to have them on the registry in the first place.

Part D of the bill clarifies the immunity provisions. This "good samaritan" law should apply to probation violations just like it does with respect to other crimes. This appears to be something that was missed when the bill was previously passed.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

 $/_{\rm S}/$ 

Jeremy Pratt Vice-President, MACDL