MAINE AFFORDABLE HOUSING COALITION

Joint Standing Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs Testimony of Laura Mitchell, Executive Director, Maine Affordable Housing Coalition

in favor of LD483 - An Act to Authorize a General Fund Bond Issue to Secure Prosperity for Maine Families and Businesses - Speaker. Ryan Fecteau of Biddeford

Good morning, Senator Rotundo, Representative Gattine, and members of the Joint Standing Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs. I'm Laura Mitchell, on behalf of the Maine Affordable Housing Coalition, a nonprofit with 140 member businesses and more than 500 individual members, I ask that you support LD483. It meets the 2025 Maine Housing Roadmap recommendation to provide financial tools for affordable housing development.

All Maine people are impacted by our housing shortage – whether you are comfortably housed and your town can't find housing for EMS, teachers and police officers; or you're struggling to find housing for yourself or a loved one. More housing is the solution.

As you know, Maine's recent investments in building housing have been one-time funds and there are programs that will now end without new investment. Maine will fall back to building just 250 affordable homes a year – simply deepening our current shortage of 40,000 homes. Last year, we built 750 affordable homes thanks to your support and federal funding. But without a housing bond, the construction of affordable homes will dramatically decrease.

We can't continue to leave Maine people out of reach of a place to call home. Home prices have increased 50% in the last 4 years; while wages have only increased 33%. Almost half of Maine renters are cost burdened. Maine's businesses want to grow their workforce, Maine's growing population of retirees need housing, and Maine is attracting residents from out of state. As our economy and population expands, we must have the foundation of housing in place - or businesses and Maine people will suffer.

The reality is, that the Maine housing market is broken right now. We have one of the lowest vacancy rates in the nation, at 2%. This is driving up costs and forcing people to stay where they are which stops the cycle of people moving out of shelters, into permanent housing, and home sales for downsizing or upsizing. Building housing that is affordable for Maine people requires funding. When an average new starter or rental home costs more than \$400,000 to build, it won't be affordable for an average Maine worker to buy or rent. A subsidy for it to be affordable is required.

In the current financial environment, bonding is the smartest approach for subsidy to create lasting homes with a one time investment. Maine Housing's Rural Rental development program will end this spring without new funding. This program has built desirable places to live in small towns across Maine from Aroostook to York county. This spring, 22 shovel ready projects in different towns sought funding, but there's only enough for 8 or 9. That's an economic blow to the remaining 13 towns that need the housing, and the small Maine construction businesses that were going to build them.

Similarly, 21 shovel ready larger tax credit housing projects sought funding this spring, but only 7 will get built. Without new State funding, ongoing federal tax credits can only build ~3.

Housing is the SOLUTION for our economy and health. Please support LD483 so these homes can get built for Maine people.

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Why Housing Bonds?



- •Support Economic Growth: Bond funded affordable housing projects stimulate local economies. Construction jobs are created, and more affordable housing allows for better community stability, resident well being, and attraction of additional investment to the region.
- •Attract Private Investment: By issuing bonds for affordable housing, Maine can attract private investment that wouldn't otherwise come to Maine.
- •Flexible Use of Funds: Bonds can be used to finance a variety of affordable housing projects, from new developments to renovations or first-time home buyer support. This flexibility can help meet a wide range of housing needs in different parts of Maine.
- •Long-Term Social Benefits: Affordable housing is crucial for tackling homelessness, growing our workforce, and keeping families together. Bond financing makes affordable housing projects feasible, leading to better living conditions, and overall improved well-being for Maine residents.

Check out these fast facts on housing affordability in Maine.

Maine is short 40,000 homes now, and needs another 40,000 by 2030.

9 of 22

new rural rental housing projects that will be able to get built because there is no more funding left.

2%

vacancy in Maine – making it impossible to find housing.



47

Available rental homes for every 100 households with low-incomes in Maine.



50%

Increase in Maine housing prices since 2020 - 9th highest in the nation at the end of 2024.



33%

Increase in Maine wages since 2020 – making housing costs out of reach.



Maine is in desperate need of more housing and especially affordable housing. We live in a state where \$12 million dollar homes are selling in 90 minutes, while many hardworking first-time home buyers struggle to afford the American Dream; or older adults on fixed incomes can't find a place to rent. As a result, our adult children are moving away, businesses can't fill jobs and grow, and more people are experiencing homelessness.

100%

How much we need to increase housing construction in order to build enough homes in Maine

year waitlist to get into affordable senior housing in a Maine service center.

- According to the 2023 State of Maine Housing Production Needs Study: Maine needs to create roughly 84,000 new homes by 2030 which means doubling the annual rate of housing production.
- Maine's housing shortage impacts the quality of life of all Mainers. An income of >\$100k is required to afford the average priced home in Maine.
- Maine's housing shortage restricts statewide economic growth. With a 2% vacancy rate, both people who
 live in Maine and those looking to move here are struggling to find homes they can afford.
- According to the 2025 MaineHousing Housing Outlook Report: Since 2020, the median home price grew by more than 50% while Maine wages and salaries grew by less than 33.3%.

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YES to a Housing Bond

- Supports Maine construction and housing industry jobs
- Builds long-term housing for thousands of people with a one-time investment
- Revitalizes Maine's downtowns and communities
- Grows local businesses
- Supports local tax base