Testimony in opposition of LD 238 An Act to Protect Emergency Medical Services Persons' Right to Work in Multiple Health Care Settings Kate D. Zimmerman, DO, FACEP, FAEMS of Yarmouth February 4, 2025

Senator Bailey, Representative Mathieson and members of the Committee on Health Coverage, Insurance and Financial Services,

My name is Kate Zimmerman. I am a board-certified emergency medicine and EMS physician. I am the Associate State Medical Director for Maine EMS, and a service-level medical director. I work clinically in an academic hospital where I am responsible for the oversight of medical students, interns, and residents in our department. My primary role as a physician and medical director, is to assure the safety of our patients, and in today's case, the patients that our EMS clinicians care for.

I oppose LD 238 because it jeopardizes patient safety due to lack of appropriate oversight and regulation. Maine EMS is structured to oversee 911 EMS encounters, interfacility transfers and Community Paramedicine programs. Maine EMS is not set up to oversee EMS as contracted or volunteer agency to provide health care in other health care settings. These settings have their own rules and regulations. Maine EMS does not have the staffing, nor the bandwidth to take on another regulatory responsibility, particularly when this has not been carefully explored with the pertinent stakeholders. In 2022, I stood before this same committee opposing LD 1858¹, which added "health care facility" to the law, but the proposed "contracted agent" language was rejected based on testimony from several stakeholder organizations. Two years later, I stood before the Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety during their February 28th work session for LD 1515², "An Act to Implement the Recommendations of the Blue Ribbon Commission to Study Emergency Medical Services in the State", in which the proposed sponsor's amendment added the same "contracted agent" language from LD 1858. I have read the Blue Ribbon Commission's report³. Nowhere can I find the recommendation to amend the MEMS Services Act in this manner. LD 1515 died on the table last session and has been brought back as LD 2454. It still has this same "contracted agent" language imbedded within it and that hearing has yet to be scheduled. Does this mean if LD 238 does not pass, that its same intent may in LD 245? This is a push by a particular agency with the desire to fix a problem that is not theirs to fix. Their attempt resulted in a failed pilot project which triggered a CMS investigation and placed a community at risk. While we are looking at this law⁵, given that the pilot project is no longer approved by the Emergency Medical Services' Board, Section 2 should be removed.

¹ https://legislature.maine.gov/billtracker/#Paper/SP0633?legislature=130

² https://legislature.maine.gov/backend/App/services/getDocument.aspx?documentId=106680 (p.2 lines 31-34)

³ https://legislature.maine.gov/doc/9404

⁴ https://legislature.maine.gov/backend/App/services/getDocument.aspx?documentId=108648 (p.2 lines 13-16)

⁵ https://legislature.maine.gov/backend/App/services/getDocument.aspx?documentId=91877

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-TWO

S.P. 633 - L.D. 1858

An Act Regarding Delegating Authority for Services Performed by Emergency Medical Services Personnel in Health Care Facilities

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, current law authorizes licensed emergency medical services persons to provide medical services in hospital settings under delegated authority if certain criteria are met; and

Whereas, the authority of licensed emergency medical services persons who work in other health care facility settings to provide medical services in those settings under delegated authority is unclear; and

Whereas, the authority of licensed emergency medical services persons to work in health care settings, including approved pilot projects, must be clarified as soon as possible; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §85, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2019, c. 609, §1, is amended to read:
- 7. **Delegation.** This chapter may not be construed to prohibit a person licensed as an emergency medical services person from rendering medical services in a hospital <u>or other</u> health care facility setting if those services are:
 - A. Rendered in the person's capacity as an employee of the hospital or health care facility;
 - B. Authorized by the hospital or health care facility; and
 - C. Delegated in accordance with section 2594-A or 3270-A.

- Sec. 2. Critical access integrated paramedic projects. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary and as authorized in accordance with the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 32, chapter 2-B, an emergency medical services person is authorized to provide the services described in the application approved by the Emergency Medical Services' Board on October 6, 2021 for a pilot project to be implemented in the Town of Jackman, jointly sponsored by North East Mobile Health Services, St. Joseph Hospital, Penobscot Community Health Center and the Town of Jackman and known as "the Maine EMS Critical Access Integrated Paramedic (CAIP) Pilot Project," for as long as the project remains approved by the Emergency Medical Services' Board.
- Sec. 3. Development of guidance for emergency medical services persons acting under delegated authority. The Board of Licensure in Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Licensure, in consultation with the Emergency Medical Services' Board and interested stakeholders, shall develop guidance under which physicians and physician assistants may delegate activities pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 32, sections 2594-A and 3270-A to an individual acting contemporaneously pursuant to a contractual arrangement as a medical assistant under delegated authority and as an emergency medical services person under a license issued in accordance with Title 32, section 82. The guidance for the contractual arrangements required to be developed by this section must address the legal relationship of the parties to such arrangements, the appropriate settings for the arrangements, the scope and extent of supervision under delegated authority for the arrangements and any education and training requirements for persons acting under delegated authority pursuant to the arrangements. The boards shall submit a report including the guidance and any recommendations for necessary statutory changes to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over physician licensing matters no later than January 31, 2023. The committee may submit legislation related to the report to the First Regular Session of the 131st Legislature.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

34

therefore,'

1 2	Amend the bill by strikin following:	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting the following:				
3	'Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §120	04-J, sub-§2	21 is enacted to read:			
4	<u>21.</u>					
5 6 7		Emergency I Services Ission	Legislative Per Diem and Expenses	32 MRSA §99		
8	Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA c.	154 is enact	ed to read:			
9		<u>CHA</u>	PTER 154			
10	MUNICIPAL EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES					
11	§3171. Definitions					
12 13	As used in this chapter, have the following meanings.	unless the co	ntext otherwise indicates, the	following terms		
14 15	1. Ambulance service. section 83, subsection 5.	"Ambulance	service" has the same meani	ng as in Title 32,		
16 17	2. Transporting emerg services" means emergency m		l services. "Transporting en es provided by an ambulance			
18	§3172. Municipal emergenc	y medical se	<u>rvices</u>			
19 20 21 22 23 24	1. Adoption of plan. I stipulating the method by which within the municipality. A nunder this subsection to direct emergency medical services necessary amend a plan adopt	ch transporting transporting the transporting to the transporting the transporting the transporting the transporting the transporting the transporting transporti	hat elects to adopt such a plately provide or fund the delivenunicipality. The municipal	will be delivered in is not required ry of transporting		
25 26 27 28 29	2. Posting and submission pursuant to subsection 1, the same manner as ordinances as purpose of collecting data to the Services and the Maine Emergence Section 99, subsection 1.	municipal of e posted and he Departme	shall submit the plan or ament of Public Safety, Maine En	n is posted in the nded plan for the nergency Medical		
31 32	Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §85, amended to read:	sub-§7, ¶A	, as amended by PL 2021, c. s	587, §1, is further		
33 34	 A. Rendered in the person health care facility; 	n's capacity	as an employee or contractor	of the hospital or		
35	Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §99	Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §99 is enacted to read:				
36	§99. Maine Emergency Med	lical Service	s Commission			
37 38	1. Commission establish referred to in this section as "		ine Emergency Medical Servi			

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132nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2025

Legislative Document

No. 245

S.P. 111

In Senate, January 21, 2025

An Act to Implement the Recommendations of the Blue Ribbon Commission to Study Emergency Medical Services in the State

(EMERGENCY)

Received by the Secretary of the Senate on January 16, 2025. Referred to the Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator TALBOT ROSS of Cumberland. Cosponsored by Representative SALISBURY of Westbrook.

1 2	Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do no become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and				
3 4 5 6	Whereas, Resolve 2023, chapter 99 reestablished the Blue Ribbon Commission to Study Emergency Medical Services in the State, which was directed to examine and make recommendations on the structure, support and delivery of emergency medical services in the State; and				
7 8 9 10 11	Whereas, the commission included in its published final report critical recommendations to ensure appropriate funding to cover the cost of sustaining emergency medical services in the State, to provide for necessary regulation and oversight of the emergency medical services system and to better support the resilience and sustainability of that system; and				
12 13 14 15	Whereas, the expedient and efficient implementation of the commission's recommendations is necessary to support the short-term and long-term future of the emergency medical services system at a time when many emergency medical services entities are at immediate or future risk of failing and leaving their service areas without adequate access to emergency medical services; and				
17 18 19 20	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,				
21	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:				
22	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004-J, sub-§22 is enacted to read:				
23	<u>22.</u>				
24 25 26	Emergency Medical ServicesMaine Emergency Medical ServicesLegislative Per Diem and Expenses32 MRSA §99Commission				
27	Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA c. 154 is enacted to read:				
28	CHAPTER 154				
29	MUNICIPAL EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES				
30	§3171. Definitions				
31 32	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.				
33 34	1. Ambulance service. "Ambulance service" has the same meaning as in Title 32. section 83, subsection 5.				
35 36	2. Transporting emergency medical services. "Transporting emergency medical services" means emergency medical services provided by an ambulance service.				
37	§3172. Municipal emergency medical services				

l	1. Adoption of plan. The municipal officers of a municipality may adopt a plan		
2	stipulating the method by which transporting emergency medical services will be delivered		
3	within the municipality. A municipality that elects to adopt such a plan is not required		
4 5	under this subsection to directly or indirectly provide or fund the delivery of transporting emergency medical services within the municipality. The municipal officers may as		
5 6	necessary amend a plan adopted pursuant to this subsection.		
7 8	2. Posting and submission of plan. If a municipality adopts or amends a plan		
9	pursuant to subsection 1, the municipal officers shall ensure that the plan is posted in the same manner as ordinances are posted and shall submit the plan or amended plan for the		
10	purpose of collecting data to the Department of Public Safety, Maine Emergency Medical		
11	Services and the Maine Emergency Medical Services Commission established in Title 32,		
12	section 99, subsection 1.		
13 14	Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §85, sub-§7, ¶A, as amended by PL 2021, c. 587, §1, is further amended to read:		
15 16	A. Rendered in the person's capacity as an employee or contractor of the hospital or health care facility;		
17	Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §99 is enacted to read:		
18	§99. Maine Emergency Medical Services Commission		
19	1. Commission established. The Maine Emergency Medical Services Commission,		
20	referred to in this section as "the commission," is established pursuant to Title 5, section		
21	12004-J, subsection 22 to monitor and evaluate the State's emergency medical services		
22 23	system and to provide recommendations to the appropriate state agencies and to the Legislature regarding necessary changes in the emergency medical services system.		
24	2. Members. The commission consists of 26 members as follows:		
25	A. Three members of the Senate, including at least one member of the party holding		
26	the largest number of seats in the Legislature and at least one member of the party		
27 28	holding the 2nd largest number of seats in the Legislature, appointed by the President of the Senate;		
29	B. Three members of the House of Representatives, including at least one member of the party holding the largest number of seats in the Legislature and at least one member		
30 31	of the party holding the 2nd largest number of seats in the Legislature, appointed by		
32	the Speaker of the House of Representatives;		
33	C. The Commissioner of Health and Human Services or the commissioner's designee;		
34	D. The director or the director's designee;		
35	E. The chair of the board or the chair's designee;		
36	F. A representative of the Governor's office as designated by the Governor;		
37	G. The following 5 members, appointed by the President of the Senate:		
38	(1) A member who is employed or volunteers in the field of emergency medical		
39	services and represents a community of 10,000 or more residents;		
40	(2) A member who is employed or volunteers in the field of emergency medical		
41	services and represents a community of fewer than 10,000 residents;		