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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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Testimony of Rep. Jan Dodge presenting LD 112, An Act to Increase the State's Share of Retired Teacher Health Insurance Before the Joint Standing Committee on Labor and Housing

Good afternoon, Senator Tipping, Representative Roeder and esteemed colleagues of the Labor and Housing Committee. My name is Jan Dodge and I represent House District 39, which includes Belfast, Northport and Belmont.

I am here today to introduce LD 112, An Act to Increase the State's Share of Retired Teacher Health Insurance. The bill will help reduce the financial hardship caused by retired educators' high burden of paying ever increasing healthcare costs.

Retiree health coverage for various sectors – State Troopers, Judges, Department of Transportation workers and others - were negotiated in different years and under different administrations. Some were lucky to negotiate high percentages of coverage. Retired teachers began with 35% of their health insurance covered by the state with the promise to increase this by 5% increments until they reached parity with other groups. I believe the rate of coverage went from 35% to 45% in 2006 and remained at that level until 2021. It took 15 years to move 10 percentage points.

In the 130th Legislature a floor amendment was added to the final budget agreement to raise the percentage to the 55% now in place. My floor speech that day referenced that the retired teacher health insurance story read like the Book of Job in the Bible! Yes, Job had troubles, too! The budget amendment passed with bipartisan support and was funded by the Appropriations and Financial Affairs Committee (AFA). LD 112 is a plan to raise the percentage by ten (10) percentage points - 5% each year of the biennium to achieve 65%.

My testimony today must also include other facts to help you understand the multi-faceted situation retired educators face. This subset of professionals experienced the following:

Educators had their retirement age raised multiple times. Some find they have worked 30-35 years and still do not qualify for full retirement! To illustrate – I taught thirty-one (31) years and retired at the age of 54. This resulted in a 6% penalty for each year I was under 60, the acceptable statutory age of retirement at the time. This was not a one-time penalty, but the

process that determined the calculation of my retirement benefit I will receive each year until I die. This means my loss is compounding over time. Further, I chose to teach in a tiny school district in Down East Maine where the salaries were already nearly the lowest in the state. Health insurance costs come out of these small pensions.

Educators have a 3% cap on their Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA). This is unfair since other retirees or those on Social Security receive COLAs that reflect the true increase in costs. With inflation running in the 7-9% range, you do not need reminders of our current inflation rate, but perhaps do need a reminder that Maine's teachers are behind in this category, too, because of a COLA cap.

Educators also have a limit on the amount of their pension to which the COLA can be applied. That means a COLA produces an added benefit of 3% of only part, not all of their yearly pension. I believe the current amount is \$24,000, up recently from \$22,000. This reduces the help that a COLA is intended to provide!

Please pass LD 112 to help those who chose a noble profession in service to our children and our communities to receive health insurance with less financial struggle and hardship.

Thank you.