

MAINE ASSOCIATION OF CRIMINAL DEFENSE LAWYERS P.O. Box 17642 Portland, ME 04112-8642 (207) 523-9869 mainemacdl@gmail.com

March 24, 2025

2024-2025 OFFICERS

President Jeremy Pratt

President-Elect Matthew D. Morgan

Vice President Sarah E. Branch

Treasurer Justin Andrus

Secretary Luke Rioux

2024-2025 DIRECTORS

Jesse James Archer
Randall Bates
Dylan R. Boyd
Andrew Edwards
Daniel Dubé
Andrew Edwards
Benjamin T. Everett
Kristine C. Hanly
James Mason
Joseph Mekonis
Jennifer Rohde
Robert J. Ruffner
John Steed
Caitlyn Smith
Lisa Whittier

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Tina Heather Nadeau

Senator Anne Beebe-Center, Chair Representative Tavis Hasenfus, Chair Joint Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety 5 State House Station, Room 438 Augusta, ME 04333

RE: LD 405: An Act to Define "Solitary Confinement" for the Laws Governing Jails and Correctional Facilities

Dear Senator Beebe-Center, Representative Hasenfus, and Honorable Members of the Judiciary Committee:

The Maine Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers is a non-profit organization that has nearly 300 member attorneys who practice criminal defense across the state. Since 1992, MACDL has advocated for its members and the people we are fortunate to represent in courtrooms throughout Maine and at the State House.

We are here today to testify **in support** of LD 405. Many—far too many—of our clients have suffered immeasurably from being held in restrictive, segregated, and yes, solitary confinement in the jails and prisons across this State. In order to begin to address the abuses suffered as a result of solitary confinement, it is high-past time for Maine to agree on a definition of solitary confinement.

We must define solitary confinement so that we can move towards ending its use in Maine. Solitary confinement is used disproportionately against incarcerated people suffering from mental illness and other vulnerable people—its effects are well-known, including deepening of mental illness, post-traumatic stress syndrome, heightened risk of suicidality and more. It makes sick people sicker.

International health organizations, including the United Nations, have denounced prolonged isolation—which is the use of solitary confinement for more than 15 days—as torture. This bill would not end the practice of solitary confinement, but it would begin a process by which the terms are defined and we can begin to look at this problematic, traumatic process with clear eyes moving forward.

If enacted, this bill would define solitary confinement as the isolation of an incarcerated person for 22 hours or more within a 24-hour period. Maine currently has no definition of solitary confinement, though the Department of Corrections defines "Disciplinary Segregation Status" as "restrictive housing that separates a resident from the general population and restricts the resident to their cell for up to [22] hours per day for the safe and secure operation of the facility." DOC also uses terms like "administrative segregation," "restrictive housing," and "close security."

Maine uses the term "solitary confinement" in its laws, but again, there is no express definition of that term. This bill would remedy that omission.

DOC has dodged accountability in the past by asserting before this very Committee that Maine doesn't employ solitary confinement—simply because that term is not defined yet by statute. Rather than derailing the debate over when and how and if Maine employs the use of solitary confinement in its jails and prisons over semantic gymnastics, this bill would finally define the term and help move the debate into the realm of productive discussion.

On behalf of our clients, thank you for your consideration, for your attention to this vitally important matter, and for allowing me to present testimony to you all today.

Sincerely,

Tina Heather Nadeau, Esq. MACDL Executive Director