Grace Cain Sebago LD 2007

To: Sen. Carney, Rep. Moonen, and members of the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

From: Grace Cain, 92 Swamp Rd, Sebago, Me 04029

Re: Support for LD 2007, An Act to Advance Self-determination for Wabanaki Nations

Sen. Carney, Rep. Moonen and members of the Judiciary Committee, my name is Grace Cain and I live in Sebago. I am writing to testify in support of LD 2007. I have previously submitted testimony in support of LD 2094, LD 1626 and H. R. 6707 as well.

As I write testimony, again, today, I am sad and hopeful at the same time. I am saddened that the Consensus Recommendations of the Task Force have not been enacted yet but I am hopeful that the years of hard work, relationship building, compromise and due diligence have led you to a place where LD 2007 will easily be signed into law.

In reviewing LD 2007 and my previous testimony I am still trying to find understanding why anyone would oppose these amendments to this living document. Why would anyone want the Wabanaki people excluded from federal policies of self determination that will not only benefit the Wabanaki people but all of us who call Maine home as well.

This is emphasized on page 12 of the Harvard Report

https://wabanakialliance.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/12/2022-12-2-Economic-Soci al-Impacts-Fed-Indian-Policies-to-Wabanaki-Nations-final.pdf as such,

"The strengthening of tribal economies and concomitant improvement in economy-dependent social conditions has had spillover effects on the non-tribal jurisdictions that tribes abut and/or are embedded in. Consistent with the expectation that one is not made poorer if one's neighbor pulls him or herself out of poverty, surrounding off-reservation economies and communities have quite consistently, if not absolutely always, experienced net benefits as tribes have taken the reins of self-government and conditions have improved on reservations under Self-Determination."

Why would anyone stand in the way of preventing child poverty?

The Harvard Report on page 13 states,

"When we examine poverty rates in the Wabanaki Nations relative to those for Maine as a whole, the implications of lower incomes in the former are particularly stark. Focusing, for example, on child poverty (children under 18 in households with incomes below the poverty level) the US Census data indicate five-year average poverty rates for 2019 ranging from a low of 40.2% at Passamaquoddy's Indian Township to a high of 76.9% at Mi'kmaq. By comparison, Maine's child poverty rate for the same period is reported as 15.1%."

No amount of child poverty is acceptable but the disparity in these numbers is shameful.

Who are we as a community that finds it acceptable to block access to federal funding and policies that will help support families and their children?

Please show me that we are not that community. Please show me that we are a community that wants to see our friends and neighbors thrive. Please show me that we are a community that honors, uplifts and respects the self determination and self governance of the Wabanaki people whose homeland we reside in.