Karen Benoit South Berwick LD 2007

To: Sen. Carney, Rep. Moonen, and members of the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

From: Karen Benoit, 14 Berwick Road, South Berwick, Maine 03908,

Re: Support for LD 2007, An Act to Advance Self-determination for Wabanaki Nations

Sen. Carney, Rep. Moonen and members of the Judiciary Committee, my name is Karen Benoit and I live in the town of South Berwick. I am submitting this letter in support of LD 2007.

I first became aware of the unfair treatment of the Wabanaki Nation through a very moving, interactive program they did at the South Berwick Library. About a year after that program, I became actively involved with representatives of the Cowasuck Band of the Pennacock Abenaki People in New Hampshire to create a land acknowledgement that is now used in the South Berwick library and was the inspiration for other organizations in South Berwick. This activity has made me keenly aware of the tragic history of the indigenous community at the hands of colonizers and their resourcefulness.

LD 2007 provides the opportunity to address problems with the law that prevent the Wabanaki Nations in Maine from exercising their inherent right to self govern, as all other federally recognized tribes in the United States are able to do under Federal Indian Law.

Research! shows that the tribes' lack of self-governance has resulted in lagging economic growth for Wabanaki nations as well as their surrounding communities. While a 30-year boom is happening elsewhere in Indian Country, with tribal nations powering personal income growth of 61% on average, the Wabanaki nations are stark underperformers with just 9% growth. Beyond income, the lag also represents thousands of lost jobs, millions of dollars in lost tax revenue, and loss of opportunity for both tribal and non-tribal citizens.

These economic restrictions have hit children the hardest. According to the U.S. Census data in 2019, childhood poverty rates within Wabanaki communities range from a low of 40% at the Passamaquoddy Tribe at Motahkomikuk community to a high of 77% for the Mi'kmaq Nation in Aroostook County. By comparison, Maine's childhood poverty rate for the same period is 15%.

By modernizing MICSA, Harvard researchers say the Wabanaki Nations could become the economic engines of their regions, creating new opportunities for jobs and income growth for themselves and rural Maine. According to the recent Harvard Report, self-government for the tribes would likely mean an additional \$330 million a year in Maine's Gross Domestic Product, more than 2,700 jobs, and \$39 million a year in state and local tax revenue. Based on the experience of other tribes, better than half the new jobs created are likely to be filled by neighbors of Wabanaki tribes in rural Maine.

Thank you, Sen. Carney, Rep. Moonen and members of the Judiciary Committee. I hope that you will vote YES on LD 2007 to address the economic opportunity that could lift the Wabanaki nation and the surrounding neighbors.

Sincerely, Karen Benoit 14 Berwick Road South Berwick, Maine 03908