

# 131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

# FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-2023

**Legislative Document** 

No. 1759

S.P. 706

In Senate, April 24, 2023

An Act to Clarify the Disability Retirement Program of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System

Reference to the Committee on Labor and Housing suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator DUSON of Cumberland.
Cosponsored by Representative OSHER of Orono and
Senators: HICKMAN of Kennebec, INGWERSEN of York, TIPPING of Penobscot,
Representatives: BRENNAN of Portland, DODGE of Belfast, MALON of Biddeford,

ROEDER of Bangor, Speaker TALBOT ROSS of Portland.

#### 1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §1201, sub-§10-B is enacted to read:
- <u>10-B. Gainful occupation.</u> "Gainful occupation" means work done by a retiree for pay or for the generation of profit primarily by means of the retiree's own productive work activity.
  - **Sec. 2. 4 MRSA §1353, sub-§4, ¶B,** as corrected by RR 2021, c. 1, Pt. B, §45, is amended to read:
    - B. After that period, the allowance continues only if the beneficiary is unable to engage in any substantially gainful activities for which the beneficiary is qualified by training, education or experience. The board, chief executive officer and hearing officers shall consider medical and vocational evidence in determining whether the beneficiary has the physical, mental and vocational capabilities to perform substantially gainful activity.
  - **Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §17103, sub-§11,** as amended by PL 2021, c. 548, §§12 to 16, is further amended to read:
  - 11. Report to Legislature. The board shall make a written report to the appropriate legislative committee on or before March 1st of each year that must contain:
    - A. A discussion of any areas of policy or administration that, in the opinion of the board, should be brought to the attention of the committee;
    - B. Any proposed legislation amending the retirement system law that the board recommends to improve the retirement system. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over public employee retirement matters may submit legislation required to implement recommendations made pursuant to this paragraph;
    - D. A review of the operations of the retirement system, including a summary of administrative expenses and improvements in the delivery of services to members of the retirement system;
    - E. A budget report showing the budget status of the administrative operations and functions of the system for the current fiscal year relative to the budget for the current fiscal year;
- F. The number of individuals who retired in the previous calendar year categorized by plan status;
- G. The number of new active members of the retirement system who became members during the previous year, by plan status;
  - H. The amount of earnings on investment in the previous calendar year;
    - I. The total amount of employee and employer contributions to the retirement system in the previous calendar year and the total amount of payout amounts to retirees service retirement members and to disability beneficiaries, categorized by plan status;
- J. The number of persons who applied for disability retirement during the previous calendar year including:
  - (1) The number of applicants for disability retirement who were awarded benefits at the application stage;

1 (3) The number of applicants for disability retirement who appealed decisions that 2 denied disability retirement status; and 3 (4) The number of applicants who were granted disability retirement following their appeals; and 4 5 K. Data from a survey of members and employees that measures the level of satisfaction and experience that members and employees have with the retirement 6 system. For the purposes of this paragraph, "employee" means an employee of the 7 retirement system.; 8 9 L. The number of service retirement members and number of disability beneficiaries 10 on January 1st in the previous calendar year; The number of administrative decisions during the previous calendar year 11 concerning a disability beneficiary's ability to engage in substantially gainful activity; 12 13 N. The number of disability beneficiaries who were actively seeking work at any time during the previous calendar year under section 17929, subsection 2, paragraph B, 14 15 subparagraph (1) and section 18529, subsection 2, paragraph B, subparagraph (1) and rules adopted pursuant to those sections regarding standards for actively seeking work; 16 17 O. The status of disability beneficiaries whose benefits were suspended, reduced or terminated during the previous calendar year, including: 18 19 (1) The number of disability beneficiaries whose benefits were suspended for 20 failure to submit an annual statement of compensation or earnings in a timely 21 manner; 22 (2) The number of disability beneficiaries whose benefits were reduced because they exceeded the limit of allowable annual earnings; 23 24 (3) The number of disability beneficiaries whose benefits were terminated because 25 they exceeded the limit of allowable annual earnings; 26 (4) The number of appeals of decisions to suspend, reduce or terminate disability 27 retirement benefits; and 28 (5) The results of appeals of decisions to suspend, reduce or terminate disability 29 retirement benefits. 30 **Sec. 4. 5 MRSA §17901,** as enacted by PL 1985, c. 801, §§5 and 7, is amended by 31 enacting at the end a new paragraph to read: 32 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise indicates, "gainful occupation" 33 means work done by a retiree for pay or for the generation of profit primarily by means of the retiree's own productive work activity. 34 35 Sec. 5. 5 MRSA §17907, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2003, c. 675, §1 and PL 2021, c. 548, §45, is further amended to read: 36 37 B. After the disability has continued for 5 years, the disability of the beneficiary must render the beneficiary unable to engage in any substantially gainful activity for which 38 39 the beneficiary is qualified by training, education or experience. The board, chief executive officer and hearing officers shall consider medical and vocational evidence 40 in determining whether the beneficiary has the physical, mental and vocational 41

capabilities to perform substantially gainful activity. For purposes of this paragraph, the ability to engage in substantially gainful activity is demonstrated by the ability to perform work resulting in annual earnings that exceed \$20,000 or 80% of the recipient's average final compensation at retirement, whichever is greater, adjusted by the same percentage adjustments granted under section 17806.

- (1) The chief executive officer may require, once each year, a recipient of a disability retirement benefit to undergo medical examinations or tests, conducted in accordance with section 17903, to determine the disability of the beneficiary.
- (2) If the beneficiary refuses to submit to the examination or tests under subparagraph (1), the beneficiary's disability retirement benefit is discontinued until the beneficiary withdraws the refusal.
- (3) If the beneficiary's refusal under subparagraph (2) continues for one year, all the beneficiary's rights to any further benefits under this article cease.
- (4) If it is determined, on the basis of the examination or tests under subparagraph (1), that the disability of a beneficiary no longer exists, the payment of the beneficiary's disability retirement benefit ceases;

## Sec. 6. 5 MRSA §17921, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

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- 3. Gainful activity. "Gainful activity" means work done by a retiree for pay or for the generation of profit primarily by means of the retiree's own productive work activity.
- **Sec. 7. 5 MRSA §17929, sub-§2, ¶B,** as amended by PL 2021, c. 277, §25 and c. 548, §45, is further amended by amending subparagraph (1) to read:
  - (1) After the disability has continued for 2 years, the disability must render the person unable to engage in any substantially gainful activity that is consistent with the person's training, education or experience and average final compensation adjusted by the same percentage adjustment as has been received under section 17806. The board, chief executive officer and hearing officers shall consider medical and vocational evidence in determining whether the beneficiary has the physical, mental and vocational capabilities to perform substantially gainful activity. The disability retirement benefit continues if the person can effectively demonstrate to the chief executive officer that the person is actively seeking work. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the ability to engage in substantially gainful activity is demonstrated by the ability to perform work resulting in annual earnings that exceed \$20,000 or 80% of the recipient's average final compensation at retirement, whichever is greater, adjusted by the same percentage adjustments granted under section 17806.
- **Sec. 8. 5 MRSA §18501,** as enacted by PL 1985, c. 801, §§5 and 7, is amended by enacting at the end a new paragraph to read:

As used in this article, unless the context otherwise indicates, "gainful occupation" means work done by a retiree for pay or for the generation of profit primarily by means of the retiree's own productive work activity.

**Sec. 9. 5 MRSA §18507, sub-§2, ¶B,** as amended by PL 2003, c. 675, §3 and PL 2021, c. 548, §45, is further amended to read:

- B. After the disability has continued for 5 years, the disability of the beneficiary must render the beneficiary unable to engage in any substantially gainful activity for which the beneficiary is qualified by training, education or experience. The board, chief executive officer and hearing officers shall consider medical and vocational evidence in determining whether the beneficiary has the physical, mental and vocational capabilities to perform substantially gainful activity. For purposes of this paragraph, the ability to engage in substantially gainful activity is demonstrated by the ability to perform work resulting in annual earnings that exceed \$20,000 or 80% of the recipient's average final compensation at retirement, whichever is greater, adjusted by the same percentage adjustments granted under section 18407.
  - (1) The chief executive officer may require, once each year, a recipient of a disability retirement benefit to undergo medical examinations or tests, conducted in accordance with section 18503, to determine the disability of the beneficiary.
  - (2) If the beneficiary refuses to submit to the examination or tests under subparagraph (1), the beneficiary's disability retirement benefit is discontinued until the beneficiary withdraws the refusal.
  - (3) If the beneficiary's refusal under subparagraph (2) continues for one year, all the beneficiary's rights to any further benefits under this article cease.
  - (4) If it is determined, on the basis of the examination or tests under subparagraph (1), that the disability of a beneficiary no longer exists, the payment of the beneficiary's disability retirement benefit ceases.

### Sec. 10. 5 MRSA §18521, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

- **3. Gainful activity.** "Gainful activity" means work done by a retiree for pay or for the generation of profit primarily by means of the retiree's own productive work activity.
- **Sec. 11. 5 MRSA §18529, sub-§2, ¶B,** as amended by PL 2021, c. 277, §38 and c. 548, §45, is further amended by amending subparagraph (1) to read:
  - (1) After the disability has continued for 2 years, the disability must render the person unable to engage in any substantially gainful activity that is consistent with the person's training, education or experience and average final compensation adjusted by the same percentage adjustment as has been received under section 18407. The board, chief executive officer and hearing officers shall consider medical and vocational evidence in determining whether the beneficiary has the physical, mental and vocational capabilities to perform substantially gainful activity. The disability retirement benefit continues if the person can effectively demonstrate to the chief executive officer that the person is actively seeking work. For purposes of this subparagraph, the ability to engage in substantially gainful activity is demonstrated by the ability to perform work resulting in annual earnings that exceed \$20,000 or 80% of the recipient's average final compensation at retirement, whichever is greater, adjusted by the same percentage adjustments granted under section 18407.
- **Sec. 12. Application.** This Act applies to the disability retirement benefit program of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System on the effective date of this Act.

1 SUMMARY

This bill amends the laws relating to disability retirement under the Maine Public Employees Retirement System. The bill:

- 1. Provides that the Board of Trustees of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System, the Chief Executive Officer of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System and hearing officers shall consider medical and vocational evidence in determining whether the beneficiary has the physical, mental and vocational capabilities to perform substantially gainful activity;
- 2. Defines the term "gainful activity" in the article governing disability retirement benefits after September 30, 1989 for state employees and teachers and the article governing disability retirement benefits for participating local districts;
- 3. Defines the term "gainful occupation" in the chapter governing judicial retirement on or after December 1, 1984, the article governing disability retirement benefits of state employees and teachers and the article governing disability retirement benefits for participating local districts; and
- 4. Requires that the retirement system's annual report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over retirement matters include statistics about administrative decisions affecting the benefits of disability beneficiaries, appeals of those decisions and the overall numbers of disability retirement beneficiaries.