1	L.D. 1389
2	Date: (Filing No. S-)
3	LABOR, COMMERCE, RESEARCH AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate.
5	STATE OF MAINE
6	SENATE
7	127TH LEGISLATURE
8	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
9 10 11	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "" to S.P. 515, L.D. 1389, Bill, "An Act To Conform Maine Law to Federal Law Regarding Closings and Mass Layoffs and To Strengthen Employee Severance Pay Protections"
12 13	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting the following:
14 15	'Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §625-B, as amended by PL 2009, c. 305, §§1 to 4 and affected by §5, is further amended to read:
16 17	§625-B. Severance pay due to closing, substantial shutdown or relocation of a covered establishment
18 19	1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following words shall have the following meanings.
20 21 22	A. "Covered establishment" means any industrial or commercial facility or part thereof which that employs or has employed at any time in the preceding 12-month period 100 or more persons.
23 24 25	<u>A-1. "Closing" means the permanent shutdown of industrial or commercial operations at a covered establishment. A closing may occur due to relocation, termination or consolidation of the employer's business.</u>
26	B. "Director" means the Director of the Bureau of Labor Standards.
27	B-1. "Eligible employee" means any employee who:
28 29	(1) Has been continuously employed at the covered establishment at the time of the closing or mass layoff for at least 3 years, including any period when the
29 30	employee was on a leave of absence;
31	(2) Has not been terminated for cause; and
32 33	(3) Has not accepted employment at another or relocated establishment operated by the employer or remains employed at the covered establishment.

Page 1 - 127LR0460(02)-1

- "Eligible employee" includes an employee who has voluntarily quit employment at a
 covered establishment to take a new job within a 30-day period prior to the date set
 by the employer for a closing or mass layoff in an initial notice provided by the
 employer under state or federal law.
- 5 C. "Employer" means any person who directly or indirectly owns and operates a 6 covered establishment. For purposes of this definition, a parent corporation is 7 considered the indirect owner and operator of any covered establishment that is 8 directly owned and operated by its corporate subsidiary.
- 9 C-1. "Gross earnings" includes all pay for regular hours, shift differentials,
 10 premiums, overtime, floating holidays, holidays, funeral leave, jury duty pay, sick
 11 pay and vacation pay earned within the last 12 months prior to the closing or mass
 12 layoff. "Gross earnings" does not include payments made under a 3rd-party benefit
 13 program, such as disability payments.
- 14C-2. "Mass layoff" means a reduction in workforce, not the result of a closing, that15results in an employment loss at a covered establishment for at least 6 months of at16least:
 - (1) Thirty-three percent of the employees and at least 50 employees; or
 - (2) Five hundred employees.

17

18

- D. "Person" means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation,
 association or any other entity.
- E. "Physical calamity" means any calamity such as fire, flood or other natural disaster.
- F. "Relocation" means the removal of all or substantially all of industrial or commercial operations in a covered establishment to a new location, within or without the State of Maine, 100 or more miles distant from its original location.
- 26 G. "Termination" means the substantial cessation of industrial or commercial 27 operations in a covered establishment.
- H. "Week's pay" means an amount equal to the employee's gross earnings during the
 12 months previous to the date of termination or relocation closing or mass layoff as
 established by the director or the date of the termination or layoff of the employee,
 should it occur earlier, divided by the number of weeks in which the employee
 worked received gross earnings during that 12-month period.
- 33 2. Severance pay. Any employer who relocates or terminates closes or engages in a 34 mass layoff at a covered establishment shall be is liable to his eligible employees of the covered establishment for severance pay at the rate of one week's pay for each year, and 35 36 partial pay for any partial year, from the last full month of employment by the employee in that establishment. The severance pay to eligible employees shall be is in addition to 37 any final wage payment to the employee and shall must be paid within one regular pay 38 39 period after the employee's last full day of work, notwithstanding any other provisions of 40 law.
- 41 **3. Mitigation of severance pay liability.** There is no liability under this section for
 42 severance pay to an eligible employee if:

Page 2 - 127LR0460(02)-1

1

2

3

A. Relocation or termination <u>Closing</u> of <u>or a mass layoff at</u> a covered establishment is necessitated by a physical calamity <u>or the final order of a federal, state or local government agency;</u>

B. The employee is covered by, and has <u>actually</u> been paid under the terms of, an express contract providing for severance pay that is <u>equal to or in an amount that is</u> greater than the severance pay required by this section. An employer must demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the director, that the severance pay provided under the terms of an express contract provides a greater benefit to the employee than provided in this section; or

10 C. That employee accepts employment at the new location;

11 D. That The employee has been employed by the employer for less than 3 years; or.

E. A covered establishment files for protection under 11 United States Code, Chapter
 11 unless the filing is later converted to a filing under 11 United States Code, Chapter
 7.

3-A. Bankruptcy proceedings. A covered establishment is not exempt from
 liability for severance pay under this section solely because it files a voluntary petition for
 bankruptcy protection under the provisions of Chapter 7 or Chapter 11 of the United
 States Bankruptcy Code, 11 United States Code, Section 101, et seq., or because an
 involuntary petition is commenced against it pursuant to 11 United States Code, Section
 303.

21 4. Suits by, or on behalf of, employees. Any employer who violates the provisions 22 of this section shall be is liable to the employee or employees affected in the amount of 23 their unpaid severance pay. Action to recover the liability may be maintained against any 24 employer in any state or federal court of competent jurisdiction by any one or more 25 employees for and on behalf of himself that employee or themselves those employees and 26 any other employees similarly situated. Any labor organization may also maintain an action on behalf of its members. The court in such action shall, in addition to any 27 judgment awarded to the plaintiff or plaintiffs, allow a reasonable attorney's fee to be paid 28 29 by the defendant and costs of the action.

30 5. Suits by the director. The director is authorized to supervise the payment of the unpaid severance pay owing to any employee under this section. The director may bring 31 an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to recover the amount of any unpaid 32 33 severance pay. The right provided by subsection 4 to bring an action by or on behalf of 34 any employee, and of any employee to become a party plaintiff to any such pending 35 action brought and maintained under subsection 4, shall terminate terminates upon the filing of a complaint by the director in an action under this subsection, unless the action is 36 37 dismissed without prejudice by the director. Any sums recovered by the director on 38 behalf of an employee pursuant to this subsection shall must be held in a special deposit account and shall must be paid, on order of the director, directly to the employee affected. 39 Any sums thus recovered not paid to an employee because of inability to do so within a 40 period of 3 years shall must be paid over to the State of Maine. 41

6. Notice of director. Any person proposing to relocate or terminate close a covered
establishment shall notify the director in writing not less than 60 days prior to the
relocation or closing. A person initiating a mass layoff at a covered establishment shall

Page 3 - 127LR0460(02)-1

1 notify the director as far in advance as practicable, and no later than within 7 days of the layoff, and shall report to the director the expected duration of the layoff and whether it is 2 of indefinite or definite duration. The director shall, from time to time, but no less 3 frequently than every 30 days, require the employer to report such facts as the director 4 considers relevant to determine whether the mass layoff constitutes a closing under this 5 section or whether there is a substantial reason to believe the affected employees will be 6 recalled. A notification or report provided to the director pursuant to this subsection must 7 contain all relevant information in the possession of the employer regarding a potential 8 9 recall, if applicable.

10 6-A. Notice to employees and municipality. A person proposing to terminate or to relocate close a covered establishment outside the State shall notify employees and the 11 municipal officers of the municipality where the plant covered establishment is located in 12 13 writing not less than 60 days prior to the termination or relocation closing, unless this notice requirement is waived by the director. A person that violates this provision 14 15 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$500 may be adjudged, except that a fine may not be adjudged if the relocation closing is necessitated by a physical 16 calamity or the final order of a federal, state or local government agency, or if the failure 17 to give notice is due to unforeseen circumstances. A fine imposed pursuant to this 18 19 subsection may not be collected by the Department of Labor to the extent such collection 20 prevents the violator from making all payments required under subsection 2.

7. Powers of director. In any investigation or proceeding under this section, the
 director shall have has, in addition to all other powers granted by law, the authority to
 examine books and records of any employer affected by this section as set out in section
 665, subsection 1.

8. Rules. The Department of Labor shall adopt rules to implement this section.
 Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are major substantive routine technical rules as
 defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A 2-A. Initial rules must be provisionally
 adopted and submitted to the Legislature not later than January 15, 2003.

9. Penalties. A person that violates subsection 2 commits a civil violation for which
 a fine of not more than \$1,000 per violation may be adjudged. Each employee affected
 constitutes a separate violation. Any such fine may not be collected by the Department of
 Labor to the extent such collection prevents the violator from making all payments
 required under subsection 2.

34 10. Mass layoff. Whenever an employer lays off 100 or more employees at a covered establishment, the employer within 7 days of such a layoff shall report to the 35 director the expected duration of the layoff and whether it is of indefinite or definite 36 duration. The director shall, from time to time, but no less frequently than every 30 days, 37 require the employer to report such facts as the director considers relevant to a 38 39 determination as to whether the layoff constitutes a termination or relocation under this section or whether there is a substantial reason to believe the affected employees will be 40 41 recalled within a reasonable time."

SUMMARY

43

42

This amendment makes a number of changes to the bill, including the following.

Page 4 - 127LR0460(02)-1

1 1. It adds a mass layoff as a condition triggering severance pay liability, and changes 2 the new definition of "mass layoff" to encompass a 6-month period as opposed to the 30-3 day period in the bill.

2. It defines "eligible employee" for purposes of severance pay eligibility, and expands eligibility to employees who have voluntarily quit employment with a covered establishment within a 30-day period prior to the date set in a notice of a mass layoff or closing provided by the employer under state or federal law.

8 3. It requires the severance pay calculation for an employee to include partial years 9 worked by an employee and to include any weeks that the employee received gross 10 earnings, as opposed to having worked, in the 12 months prior to an establishment closing 11 or instituting a mass layoff.

4. It eliminates the exemption from severance pay and notice requirements when a
closing or mass layoff is due to an adjudication of bankruptcy, and clarifies the bill's
elimination of the exemption from severance pay for an establishment that files for
bankruptcy protection.

16 5. It changes the notification requirements in the bill to include when an 17 establishment relocates, consistent with current law.

18 19 FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED

(See attached)

Page 5 - 127LR0460(02)-1