

128th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2017

Legislative Document	No. 1122

H.P. 786

House of Representatives, March 21, 2017

An Act To Amend the Campaign Reports and Finances Law and the Maine Clean Election Act

Reported by Representative LUCHINI of Ellsworth for the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 1, section 1007. Reference to the Committee on Veterans and Legal Affairs suggested and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 218.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

- 1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
- 2 Sec. 1. 21-A MRSA §1001, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:

<u>1-A. Caucus political action committee.</u> "Caucus political action committee"
 means a political action committee designated under section 1053-C to promote the
 election of nominees of a political party to the House of Representatives or the Senate.

6 Sec. 2. 21-A MRSA §1001, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1995, c. 483, §1, is 7 further amended to read:

8 2. Election. "Election" means any primary, general or special election for state,
 9 county or municipal offices as defined in municipalities subject to Title 30-A, section
 10 2502, subsection 1 and any referendum, including a municipal referendum in
 11 municipalities subject to Title 30-A, section 2502, subsection 2.

12 Sec. 3. 21-A MRSA §1006 is enacted to read:

13 §1006. Statistical report

14 By April 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, the commission shall submit to the joint 15 standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over legal affairs a statistical report summarizing campaign finance activity to influence state elections. The report 16 17 must cover the preceding 5 election years in which statewide ballot questions were 18 scheduled and the 5 election years in which primary and general elections for legislative 19 offices were held. The report must include total spending by committees to influence 20 candidate and ballot question elections, median and total spending by candidates, total 21 independent expenditures by office, sources of contributions to candidates and committees and any other information regarding campaign finance and political activity 22 23 as determined by the executive director of the commission.

24 Sec. 4. 21-A MRSA §1013-A, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1995, c. 483, §5, is 25 further amended to read:

26 3. Party committees. The state, district and, county and municipal committees of 27 parties shall submit to the commission their state party committees the names and 28 addresses of all their officers and of their treasurers and the name and address of the 29 principal paid employee, if any, within 30 10 days after the appointment, election or 30 hiring of these persons. Municipal committees must file copies of the same information 31 with the commission and the municipal clerk. District, county and municipal committees 32 that provide their state party committees with the information required by this subsection 33 to be submitted to the commission have met that requirement. No later than the 2nd 34 Monday in April June 15th of each year in which a general election is scheduled, the state 35 party committee of a party shall submit to the commission a consolidated report, including the information required under this subsection, for of the names, mailing 36 37 addresses and e-mail addresses of the chair and treasurer of the district, county and 38 municipal committees of that party or of another officer if a chair or treasurer has not 39 been appointed.

Sec. 5. 21-A MRSA §1017, sub-§2, ¶D, as amended by PL 2013, c. 334, §10, is
 further amended to read:

3 D. Any If the candidate has an opponent who is on the ballot or who is a declared write-in candidate, any single contribution of \$1,000 or more received or any single 4 5 expenditure of \$1,000 or more made after the 14th day before the election and more than 24 hours before 11:59 p.m. on the day of the election must be reported within 24 6 hours of that contribution or expenditure. The candidate or treasurer is not required 7 to include in this report expenditures for overhead expenses or compensation paid to 8 an employee or other member of the campaign staff who has received payments at 9 10 regular intervals that have been disclosed in previously filed campaign finance reports. As used in this paragraph, "overhead expenses" includes, but is not limited 11 to, rent, utility payments, taxes, insurance premiums or similar administrative 12 13 expenses.

Sec. 6. 21-A MRSA §1017, sub-§3-A, ¶C, as amended by PL 2013, c. 334, §11,
 is further amended to read:

16 C. Any If the candidate has an opponent who is on the ballot or who is a declared 17 write-in candidate, any single contribution of \$1,000 or more received or any single expenditure of \$1,000 or more made after the 14th day before any election and more 18 than 24 hours before 11:59 p.m. on the day of any election must be reported within 19 20 24 hours of that contribution or expenditure. The candidate or treasurer is not 21 required to include in this report expenditures for overhead expenses or compensation 22 paid to an employee or other member of the campaign staff who has received payments at regular intervals that have been disclosed in previously filed campaign 23 finance reports. As used in this paragraph, "overhead expenses" includes, but is not 24 25 limited to, rent, utility payments, taxes, insurance premiums or similar administrative 26 expenses.

Sec. 7. 21-A MRSA §1017, sub-§5, as amended by PL 2011, c. 522, §1, is
 further amended to read:

29 5. Content. A report required under this section must contain the itemized accounts 30 of contributions received during that report filing period, including the date a contribution 31 was received, and the name, address, occupation, principal place of business, if any, and 32 the amount of the contribution of each person who has made a contribution or 33 contributions aggregating in excess of \$50. The report must contain the itemized expenditures made or authorized during the report filing period, the date and purpose of 34 35 each expenditure and the name and address of each payee and creditor and any refund that a payee has made to the candidate or an agent of the candidate. If the payee is a 36 37 member of the candidate's household or immediate family, the candidate must disclose 38 the candidate's relationship to the payee in a manner prescribed by the commission. The 39 report must contain a statement of any loan to a candidate by a financial institution in 40 connection with that candidate's candidacy that is made during the period covered by the report, whether or not the loan is defined as a contribution under section 1012, subsection 41 2, paragraph A. The candidate and the treasurer are jointly and severally responsible for 42 the timely and accurate filing of each required report. 43

- Sec. 8. 21-A MRSA §1017, sub-§8, as amended by PL 2007, c. 443, Pt. A, §16,
 is further amended to read:
- 8. Disposition of surplus. A <u>candidate or</u> treasurer of a candidate registered under section 1013-A or qualified under sections 335 and 336 or sections 354 and 355 must dispose of a surplus exceeding \$100 within 4 years of the election for which the contributions were received by:
- A. Returning contributions to the candidate's or candidate's authorized political
 committee's contributors, as long as no contributor receives more than the amount
 contributed;
- 10 B. A gift to a qualified political party within the State, including any county or 11 municipal subdivision of such a party;
- 12 C. An unrestricted gift to the State. A candidate for municipal office may dispose of 13 a surplus by making a restricted or unrestricted gift to the municipality;
- 14 D. Carrying forward the surplus balance to a political committee established to 15 promote the same candidate for a subsequent election;
- 16 D-1. Carrying forward the surplus balance for use by the candidate for a subsequent 17 election;
- E. Transferring the surplus balance to one or more other candidates registered under section 1013-A or qualified under sections 335 and 336 or sections 354 and 355, or to political committees established to promote the election of those candidates, provided that the amount transferred does not exceed the contribution limits established by section 1015;
- F. Repaying any loans or retiring any other debts incurred to defray campaign
 expenses of the candidate;
- G. Paying for any expense incurred in the proper performance of the office to which
 the candidate is elected, as long as each expenditure is itemized on expenditure
 reports; and
- H. A gift to a charitable or educational organization that is not prohibited, for tax reasons, from receiving such a gift-<u>; and</u>
- 30I. Spending the funds to pay expenses related to a recount of ballots of the31candidate's election.
- The choice must be made by the candidate for whose benefit the contributions were made.
- 34 Sec. 9. 21-A MRSA §1017-A, sub-§4-A, as amended by PL 2013, c. 334, §12, is
 35 further amended to read:
- 4-A. Filing schedule. A state party committee shall file its reports according to the
 following schedule. <u>All reports required under paragraphs A, B and C must be filed by</u>
 11:59 p.m. on the day of the filing deadline.

1 2	A. Quarterly reports must be filed by 11:59 p.m. A state party committee shall file quarterly reports:
3	(1) On January 15th and must be complete up to December 31st;
4	(2) On April 10th and must be complete up to March 31st;
5	(3) On July 15th and must be complete up to June 30th; and
6	(4) On October 5th and must be complete up to September 30th.
7 8 9	B. General and primary election reports must be filed by 11:59 p.m. During any year in which primary and general elections are held, a state party committee shall file primary and general election reports:
10 11	(1) On the 11th day before the date on which the election is held and must be complete up to the 14th day before that date; and
12 13	(2) On the 42nd day after the date on which the election is held and must be complete up to the 35th day after that date.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	C. Preelection and post-election reports for special elections, referenda, initiatives, bond issues or constitutional amendments must be filed by 11:59 p.m. In an election year other than a year described in paragraph B, if a state party committee has received contributions or made expenditures for the purpose of influencing a ballot question election, a special election or a municipal candidate or referendum election subject to Title 30-A, section 2502, the committee shall file preelection and post-election reports:
21 22	(1) On the 11th day before the date on which the election is held and must be complete up to the 14th day before that date; and
23 24	(2) On the 42nd day after the date on which the election is held and must be complete up to the 35th day after that date.
25 26 27 28	D. A state party committee that files an election report under paragraph B or C is not required to file a quarterly report under paragraph A when the deadline for that quarterly report falls within 10 days of the filing deadline established in paragraph B or C.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	E. A If a state party committee is required to file a report 11 days before an election pursuant to paragraph B or C, the state party committee shall report any single contribution of \$5,000 or more received or any single expenditure of \$1,000 or more made after the 14th day before the election and more than 24 hours before 5:00 p.m. on the day of the election within 24 hours of that contribution or expenditure. The committee is not required to include in this report expenditures for overhead expenses or compensation paid to an employee or other member of the campaign staff who has received payments at regular intervals that have been disclosed in previously filed campaign finance reports. As used in this paragraph, "overhead expenses" includes, but is not limited to, rent, utility payments, taxes, insurance premiums or similar administrative expenses.
40 41	Sec. 10. 21-A MRSA §1017-A, sub-§4-B, ¶C, as amended by PL 2013, c. 334, §13, is further amended to read:

1 C. A committee shall report any single contribution of \$5,000 or more received or 2 any expenditure of \$1,000 or more made after the 14th day before any a general election and more than 24 hours before 11:59 p.m. on the day of the election within 3 24 hours of that contribution or expenditure. The committee is not required to 4 5 include in this report expenditures for overhead expenses or compensation paid to an 6 employee or other member of the campaign staff who has received payments at regular intervals that have been disclosed in previously filed campaign finance 7 reports. As used in this paragraph, "overhead expenses" includes, but is not limited 8 9 to, rent, utility payments, taxes, insurance premiums or similar administrative 10 expenses.

Sec. 11. 21-A MRSA §1018-B, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2013, c. 334, §14, is
 further amended to read:

Limitations. After an election, candidates may receive donations for purposes of
 a recount. The donations must be within the limitations of section 1015, except that no
 limitation applies to donations from party committees and caucus campaign political
 action committees and from attorneys, consultants and their firms that are donating their
 services without reimbursement. Candidates may not spend revenues received under
 chapter 14 for recount expenditures.

- Sec. 12. 21-A MRSA §1020-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 483, §15, is
 amended to read:
- 1. Registration. A candidate that fails to register the name of a candidate, treasurer
 or political committee with the commission within the time allowed by section 1013-A,
 subsection 1 may be assessed a forfeiture of \$10 \$100. The commission shall determine
 whether a registration satisfies the requirements for timely filing under section 1013-A,
 subsection 1.
- 26 Sec. 13. 21-A MRSA §1051, as amended by PL 2009, c. 190, Pt. A, §15, is 27 further amended to read:

28 §1051. Application

This subchapter applies to the activities of political action committees <u>and ballot</u> <u>question committees</u> organized in and outside this State that accept contributions, incur obligations or make expenditures for to influence the <u>nomination or</u> election of <u>a</u> <u>candidate to state</u>, county or municipal officers, <u>office</u> or for the support or defeat of any to initiate or influence <u>a</u> campaign, as defined in this subchapter.

- 34 Sec. 14. 21-A MRSA §1052, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2007, c. 443, Pt. A, §27,
 35 is further amended to read:
- Committee. "Committee" means any political action committee, as defined in
 this subchapter, <u>or any ballot question committee</u>, as described in section 1056-B, and
 includes any agent of a political action committee <u>or ballot question committee</u>.
- 39 Sec. 15. 21-A MRSA §1053-C is enacted to read:

1 §1053-C. Caucus political action committees

Each appointed leader of a political party in the House of Representatives or the Senate may designate one caucus political action committee to promote the election of nominees of that appointed leader's political party to the body of the Legislature of which that appointed leader is a member. The designation must be made in a letter to the commission and remains effective until it is amended by the appointed leader of that political party in that body of the Legislature in writing.

8 Sec. 16. 21-A MRSA §1059, as amended by PL 2013, c. 334, §§27 and 28, is 9 further amended to read:

10 §1059. Report; filing requirements

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11 Committees <u>A committee</u> required to register under section 1052-A, 1053-B or 12 1056-B shall file an initial campaign finance report at the time within 7 days of 13 registration and thereafter shall file reports in compliance with this section. All reports 14 must be filed by 11:59 p.m. on the day of the filing deadline, except that reports 15 submitted to a municipal clerk must be filed by the close of business on the day of the 16 filing deadline.

2. Reporting schedule. Committees <u>A committee</u> shall file reports according to the
 following schedule.

19 A. <u>All committees A committee</u> shall file quarterly reports:

- 20 (1) On January 15th, and the report must be complete as of December 31st;
 - (2) On April 10th, and the report must be complete as of March 31st;
 - (3) On July 15th, and the report must be complete as of June 30th; and
 - (4) On October 5th, and the report must be complete as of September 30th.
- B. General and primary election reports must be filed During any year in which
 primary and general elections are held, a committee shall file primary and general
 election reports:
- (1) On the 11th day before the date on which the election is held and must be complete as of the 14th day before that date; and
- 29 (2) On the 42nd day after the date on which the election is held and must be30 complete as of the 35th day after that date.

31A committee shall file primary and general election reports even if the committee did32not engage in financial activity to influence the primary or general election.

C. Preelection and post-election reports for special elections or ballot measure eampaigns must be filed In an election year other than a year described in paragraph B, if a committee has received contributions or made expenditures for the purpose of influencing a ballot question election, a special election or a municipal candidate or referendum election subject to Title 30-A, section 2502, the committee shall file preelection and post-election reports: 1 (1) On the 11th day before the date on which the election is held and must be 2 complete as of the 14th day before that date; and

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- (2) On the 42nd day after the date on which the election is held and must be complete as of the 35th day after that date.
- 5 D. A committee that files an election report under paragraph B or C is not required to 6 file a quarterly report when the deadline for that quarterly report falls within 10 days 7 of the filing deadline established in paragraph B or C.
- 8 E. -A- If a committee is required to file a report 11 days before an election pursuant 9 to paragraph B or C, the committee shall report any single contribution of \$5,000 or more received or single expenditure of \$1,000 or more made after the 14th day before 10 the election and more than 24 hours before 5:00 p.m. on the day of the election within 11 12 24 hours of that contribution or expenditure. The treasurer is not required to include in this report expenditures for overhead expenses or compensation paid to an 13 14 employee or other member of the campaign staff who has received payments at regular intervals that have been disclosed in previously filed campaign finance 15 reports. As used in this paragraph, "overhead expenses" includes, but is not limited 16 17 to, rent, utility payments, taxes, insurance premiums or similar administrative 18 expenses.

5. Electronic filing. Committees <u>A committee</u> shall file each report required by this section through an electronic filing system developed by the commission. The commission may make an exception to this electronic filing requirement if a committee submits a written request that states that the committee lacks access to the technology or the technological ability to file reports electronically. The request for an exception must be submitted within 30 days of the registration of the committee. The commission shall grant all reasonable requests for exceptions.

- 26 Sec. 17. 21-A MRSA §1122, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
- 27 <u>1-A. Caucus political action committee.</u> "Caucus political action committee" has
 28 the same meaning as in section 1001, subsection 1-A.
- Sec. 18. 21-A MRSA §1125, sub-§2-A, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2007, c. 443, Pt.
 B, §6, is amended to read:
- A. All goods and services received prior to certification must be paid for with seed money contributions, except for goods and services that are excluded from the definition of contribution in section 1012, subsection 2, paragraph B. It is a violation of this chapter for a <u>participating certified</u> candidate to use fund revenues received after certification to pay for goods and services received prior to certification.
- 36 Sec. 19. 21-A MRSA §1125, sub-§3, as amended by IB 2015, c. 1, §18, is 37 repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 38 3. Qualifying contributions. The collection of qualifying contributions by
 39 participating candidates is governed by this subsection.

1 2 3	A. To be eligible to receive Maine Clean Election Act funding, participating candidates must obtain qualifying contributions during the qualifying period as follows:
4 5 6	(1) For a gubernatorial candidate, at least 3,200 verified registered voters of this State must support the candidacy by providing a qualifying contribution to that candidate;
7 8 9	(2) For a candidate for the State Senate, at least 175 verified registered voters from the candidate's electoral division must support the candidacy by providing a qualifying contribution to that candidate; or
10 11 12	(3) For a candidate for the State House of Representatives, at least 60 verified registered voters from the candidate's electoral division must support the candidacy by providing a qualifying contribution to that candidate.
13 14 15 16	B. If a contributor has made a check or money order payable to a participating candidate in error, the candidate may remedy the error by endorsing the check or money order to the Maine Clean Election Fund, according to the procedures of the commission.
17 18	<u>C.</u> A payment, gift or anything of value may not be given in exchange for a qualifying contribution.
19 20 21 22 23	D. A contributor may make a qualifying contribution to a participating candidate in the form of cash, as long as the candidate submits a money order in the same amount to the commission. The money order must be signed by the contributor to be a valid qualifying contribution. The cash received from the contributor must be used to reimburse the person who provided the money order.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	E. Any money order fees paid with seed money or Maine Clean Election Act funds must be reported as an expenditure in campaign finance reports submitted to the commission. If a participating candidate uses personal funds to pay fees for the purchase of money orders, those fees are not a contribution to the candidate and are not required to be disclosed in campaign finance reports. Prior to certification, the candidate must report any money order fees paid by anyone other than the candidate as an in-kind contribution subject to seed money limitations.
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	F. The commission may establish by routine technical rule, adopted in accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A, a procedure for a qualifying contribution to be made by a credit or debit transaction and by electronic funds transfer over the Internet. Records containing information provided by individuals who have made qualifying contributions over the Internet are confidential, except for the name of the individual making the contribution, the date of the contribution, the individual's residential address and the name and office sought of the candidate in whose support the contribution was made.
39 40 41	<u>G. It is a violation of this chapter for a participating candidate or an agent of the participating candidate to misrepresent the purpose of soliciting qualifying contributions and obtaining the contributor's signed acknowledgment.</u>
42 43	Sec. 20. 21-A MRSA §1125, sub-§3-A, as enacted by IB 2015, c. 1, §19, is amended to read:

1 3-A. Additional qualifying contributions. Participating or certified candidates may 2 collect and submit to the commission additional qualifying contributions at the times 3 specified in subsection 8-E. The commission shall credit a candidate with either one qualifying contribution or one additional qualifying contribution, but not both, from any 4 5 one contributor during the same election cycle. If any candidate collects and submits to 6 the commission qualifying contributions or additional qualifying contributions that 7 cannot be credited pursuant to this subsection, those qualifying contributions or additional 8 qualifying contributions may be refunded to the contributor or deposited into the Maine 9 Clean Election Fund at the discretion of the candidate. The procedures and restrictions set out in subsection 3, paragraphs B to G apply to additional qualifying contributions. 10

11 Sec. 21. 21-A MRSA §1125, sub-§3-B is enacted to read:

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12 3-B. Receipt and acknowledgment forms. The commission shall prepare forms for 13 persons making qualifying contributions to acknowledge the contribution as required in 14 section 1122, subsection 7, paragraph D. A qualifying contribution is not valid if anyone 15 other than the contributor signed the contributor's name to the form, except that a 16 qualifying contribution is valid if it is signed by the contributor's immediate family 17 member, domestic partner or live-in caregiver when the contributor is unable to sign due 18 to a physical impairment or disability.

SUMMARY

- The bill amends the laws governing the financing of political campaigns and the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices by:
- 22 1. Clarifying that the definition of "election" covers both candidate and ballot
 23 question elections;
- 24 2. Requiring the commission to submit an annual statistical report of campaign
 25 finance activity to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over
 26 legal affairs;
- Amending the requirement for state party committees to provide names, mailing
 addresses and e-mail addresses of the chair and treasurer for municipal, district and
 county party committees to the commission;
- 4. Eliminating the requirement for unopposed primary election candidates to report
 contributions and expenditures of \$1,000 or more within 24 hours during the last 13 days
 before the primary election;
- 33 5. Requiring candidates to disclose the addresses of payees and creditors in their
 34 campaign finance reports;
- Bermitting candidates to spend surplus campaign contributions on expenses
 associated with a recount of an election;
- Clarifying the reporting deadlines for state party committees, political action
 committees and ballot question committees. Under the bill, quarterly campaign finance

reports are due every year; committees must file preelection and post-election reports on
the 11th day before and the 42nd day after an election for both the primary and general
elections during a candidate election year; and for elections held in other years,
committees must file the preelection and post-election reports only if they received
contributions or made expenditures for the purpose of influencing the election;

- 8. Clarifying that municipal, district and county party committees are not required to
 report large contributions and expenditures within 24 hours during the last 13 days before
 a primary election;
- 9 9. Increasing the potential penalty for an individual's failure to register as a candidate
 with the commission from \$10 to \$100;

10. Defining "caucus political action committee" to mean a committee designated by
 a party leader in the Legislature to promote the election of the nominees of their political
 party to the House or Senate;

14 11. Eliminating the requirement for candidates to report money order fees paid by
 15 the candidate with personal funds when seeking Maine Clean Election Act funding; and

16 12. Prohibiting candidates and others from signing the name of a contributor on a 17 receipt and acknowledgment form submitted to the commission, except when a 18 contributor's immediate family member, domestic partner or live-in caregiver signs on 19 behalf of the contributor due to a physical impairment or disability.