1	L.D. 1109
2	Date: (Filing No. S-)
3	HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate.
5	STATE OF MAINE
6	SENATE
7	128TH LEGISLATURE
8	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
9 10	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " " to S.P. 363, L.D. 1109, Bill, "An Act To Improve General Assistance Reimbursements"
11	Amend the bill by striking out the title and substituting the following:
12	'An Act To Amend the General Assistance Laws'
13 14	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting the following:
15	'Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §4301, sub-§1-B is enacted to read:
16 17 18 19 20 21	1-B. Available resource. "Available resource" means any resource that is immediately available or can be secured without delay to an applicant or recipient, including but not limited to cash on hand or in bank accounts or support from relatives. "Available resource" also includes any state, federal or nonprofit health or social service provider assistance or any housing, employment or unemployment assistance that an applicant is receiving or immediately eligible to receive.
22	Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §4301, sub-§5-A is enacted to read:
23 24	5-A. Homelessness. "Homelessness" means a situation in which a person or household has no permanent or safe housing including when a person or household is:
25	A. Living in a place that is not fit for human habitation;
26	B. Living in an emergency shelter;
27 28	C. Living in temporary housing, including but not limited to a hotel, motel, campground, unlicensed campsite or rehabilitation facility;
29 30 31 32	D. Exiting a hospital or institution licensed under chapter 405 or a correctional facility where the person or household resided for up to 90 days if the person or household was in an emergency shelter or a place not fit for human habitation before entering the hospital, institution or correctional facility;

- E. Losing the person's or household's primary nighttime residence and lacking the resources or support networks to remain in that residence; or
 - F. Fleeing or attempting to flee violence and has no other residence.

Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §4301, sub-§12-B is enacted to read:

- 12-B. Potential resource. "Potential resource" means any resource that may be available to an applicant or recipient, including, but not limited to, any state or federal assistance program, employment benefits, governmental or private pension programs, available trust funds, support from legally liable relatives, child support payments and jointly held resources in which the applicant's or recipient's share may be available.
- **Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §4308, sub-§2,** as amended by PL 1999, c. 45, §1, is further amended to read:
- **2. Emergencies.** A person, including a person experiencing or facing homelessness, who does not have sufficient resources to provide one or more basic necessities in an emergency is eligible for emergency general assistance, even when that applicant has been found ineligible for nonemergency general assistance, except as provided in this subsection.
 - A. A person who is currently disqualified from general assistance for a violation of section 4315, 4316-A $\Theta = 4317$ or 4317-A is ineligible for emergency assistance under this subsection.
 - B. Municipalities may by standards adopted in municipal ordinances restrict the disbursement of emergency assistance to alleviate emergency situations to the extent that those situations could not have been averted by the applicant's use of income and resources for basic necessities. The person requesting assistance shall provide evidence of income and resources for the applicable time period.
- A municipality may provide emergency assistance when the municipality determines that an emergency is imminent and that failure to provide assistance may result in undue hardship and unnecessary costs.
- Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §4317, first ¶, as amended by PL 1993, c. 410, Pt. AAA, §11, is further amended to read:

An applicant or recipient must make a good faith effort to secure any potential resource that may be available, including, but not limited to, any state or federal assistance program, employment benefits, governmental or private pension programs, available trust funds, support from legally liable relatives, child-support payments and jointly held resources where the applicant or recipient share may be available to the individual. Assistance may not be withheld pending receipt of such resource as long as application has been made or good faith effort is being made to secure the resource.

Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §4317, 3rd ¶, as amended by PL 1993, c. 410, Pt. AAA, §11, is further amended to read:

An applicant who refuses to utilize potential resources without just cause, after receiving a written 7-day notice, is disqualified from receiving assistance until the

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1 2	applicant has made a good faith effort to secure the resource. <u>It is the responsibility of the applicant to establish the presence of just cause.</u>
3	Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §4317-A is enacted to read:
4	§4317-A. Use of available resources
5 6 7 8 9 10	1. Abandonment and refusal to use available resource. An applicant who abandons or refuses to use an available resource without just cause is not eligible to receive general assistance to replace the abandoned or refused resource for a period of 120 days from the date the applicant abandoned or refused to use the resource. A resource is considered abandoned if the applicant without just cause voluntarily terminates receipt of an available resource. It is the responsibility of the applicant to establish the presence of just cause.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	2. Forfeiture of benefits. An applicant who forfeits receipt of or causes reduction in benefits from an available resource because of fraud, misrepresentation, a knowing or intentional violation of a rule governing an available resource or a refusal to comply with a rule governing an available resource without just cause is not eligible to receive general assistance to replace the forfeited benefits for the duration of a sanction imposed on the applicant for any of these actions or 120 days, whichever is greater. It is the responsibility of the applicant to establish the presence of just cause.
19 20	3. Just cause. For the purposes of this section, just cause must be found when there is reasonable and verifiable evidence of:
21 22 23	A. An unreasonable requirement placed on the applicant or applicant's family by the provider of the available resource that interferes with any right secured by the United States Constitution or secured by the Constitution of Maine;
24 25	B. Discrimination on the basis of religion, ethnicity, age, race, color, gender, sexual orientation, national origin or disability;
26 27	C. The use of the available resource jeopardizing the health or safety of an applicant or applicant's family:
28	D. A natural disaster that makes the available resource uninhabitable or unavailable;
29	E. Abandonment of emergency shelter housing in order to obtain permanent housing;
30 31	F. Inability to access available resources due to a lack of public or private transportation or medical illness or injury;
32	G. Just cause as defined in section 4316-A, subsection 5; or

G. Just cause as defined in section 4316-A, subsection 5; or

H. Any other condition under which the applicant's actions may be determined reasonable and appropriate.

Failure of an otherwise eligible person to comply with this section may not affect the general assistance eligibility of any member of the person's household.'

37 **SUMMARY**

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This amendment replaces the bill and incorporates the majority report, which defines "homelessness" and establishes homelessness as an emergency for the purposes of being granted emergency general assistance, as long as the person or household is not otherwise ineligible or disqualified from receiving general assistance. The amendment also makes an applicant for general assistance who voluntarily abandons or refuses to use an available resource without just cause ineligible to receive general assistance to replace the abandoned or refused resource for a period of 120 days from the date the applicant abandons or refuses the resource. It defines "available resource" as a resource that is immediately available or can be secured without delay. It also makes an applicant who forfeits an available resource due to fraud, misrepresentation or intentional violation of or refusal to comply with rules without just cause ineligible to receive general assistance to replace the forfeited resource for the duration of a sanction imposed on the applicant for any of these actions or 120 days, whichever is greater. The amendment also identifies circumstances relating to use of an available resource under which just cause must be found.

FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED

(See attached)

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