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No. 785

S.P. 344

In Senate, March 4, 2025

An Act to Enact the Remaining Recommendations of the Task Force on Changes to the Maine Indian Claims Settlement Implementing Act

Received by the Secretary of the Senate on February 26, 2025. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed.

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DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator TALBOT ROSS of Cumberland. Cosponsored by Representative FAULKINGHAM of Winter Harbor and Senators: BENNETT of Oxford, CARNEY of Cumberland, President DAUGHTRY of Cumberland, MOORE of Washington, Representatives: BABIN of Fort Fairfield, Speaker FECTEAU of Biddeford, KUHN of Falmouth, LEE of Auburn.

1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 2 Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §685-C, sub-§10, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 739, §1, is amended 3 by repealing the 2nd blocked paragraph. 4 Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §6302-A, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2023, c. 646, Pt. A, §13, is 5 further amended by amending the first blocked paragraph to read: 6 For purposes of this subsection, "sustenance use" means all noncommercial consumption or noncommercial use by any person within Passamaquoddy Indian territory, as defined in 7 8 Title 30, section 6205, subsection 1, Penobscot Indian territory, as defined in Title 30, 9 section 6205, subsection 2, Mi'kmaq Nation Trust Land, as defined in Title 30, section 7203, subsection 6, or Houlton Band Trust Land, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, 10 11 subsection 2-A 2-B, or at any location within the State by a tribal member, by a tribal 12 member's immediate family or within a tribal member's household. The term "sustenance use" does not include the sale of marine organisms. 13 14 Sec. 3. 30 MRSA §6201, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is 15 amended to read: This Act shall may be known and may be cited as "AN ACT to Implement the Maine 16 17 Indian Claims Settlement" or "the Maine Implementing Act." 18 Sec. 4. 30 MRSA §6202, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is amended to 19 read: 20 §6202. Legislative findings and declaration of policy 21 The Legislature finds and declares the following. 22 The Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet 23 Indians are asserting asserted claims for possession of large areas of land in the State and 24 for damages alleging that the lands in question originally were transferred by treaty or 25 otherwise taken in violation of the Indian Trade and Intercourse Act of 1790, 1 Stat. 137, 26 or subsequent reenactments or versions thereof. 27 Substantial At the time, the prospect that these claims would not be promptly resolved 28 threatened to create substantial economic and social hardship could be created for large 29 numbers of landowners, citizens and communities in the State, and therefore to the State as 30 a whole, if these claims are not resolved promptly. 31 The claims also have produced disagreement between the Indian claimants and the 32 State over the extent of the state's State's jurisdiction in the claimed areas. This disagreement has resulted in litigation and, if the claims are had not been resolved, further 33 litigation on jurisdictional issues would be have been likely. 34 35 The In the late 1970s, the Indian claimants and the State, acting through the Attorney 36 General, have reached certain agreements which represent that represented a good faith effort on the part of all parties to achieve a fair and just resolution of those claims which 37 that, in the absence of agreement, would be have been pursued through the courts for many 38 39 years to the ultimate detriment of the State and all its citizens, including the Indians. The 40 resolution reached among the Indian claimants and the State affirmed the land transfers and 41 the reservations of rights embodied within the specific treaties that gave rise to the claims

at issue and sought to definitively eliminate any prospect that the claims brought by the 1 2 Indian claimants would cloud private title to land in the State. 3 The foregoing agreement between the Indian claimants and the State also represents a 4 good faith effort by the Indian claimants and the State to achieve a just and fair resolution 5 of their disagreement over jurisdiction on the present Passamaquoddy and Penobscot Indian reservations and in the claimed areas. To that end, the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the 6 7 Penobscot Nation have agreed to adopt the laws of the State as their own to the extent 8 provided in this Act. The Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians and its lands will be wholly subject to the laws of the State. 9 10 It is the purpose of this Act to implement in part the foregoing agreement. 11 1. Rights, privileges, powers, duties and immunities. The purpose of the amendments to this Act enacted in 2025 is to establish that the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the 12 Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians enjoy rights, privileges, 13 14 powers, duties and immunities similar to those of other federally recognized Indian tribes 15 within the United States. 16 2. Federal Indian law applies. Except as otherwise specified in this Act, the State, 17 the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians 18 agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 to recognize and adopt the application of federal Indian law with regard to the rights, privileges, powers, duties and 19 20 immunities of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of 21 Maliseet Indians and their tribal members and land or other natural resources, including 22 laws, regulations and common law of the United States enacted for the benefit of Indians, 23 Indian nations or tribes or bands of Indians and laws, regulations and common law that 24 accord a special status or right to or that relate to a special status or right of any Indian, 25 Indian nation, tribe or band of Indians, Indian lands, Indian reservations, Indian country, 26 Indian territory, trust land or other natural resources held in trust for Indians. 27 Sec. 5. 30 MRSA §6203, as amended by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §§1 and 2 and 28 affected by §8, is further amended to read: 29 §6203. Definitions 30 As used in this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following terms have 31 the following meanings. 32 1. Commission. "Commission" means the Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission 33 created by section 6212. 34 1-A. Houlton Band Jurisdiction Land. "Houlton Band Jurisdiction Land" means: 35 A. All Houlton Band Trust Land that exists as of the effective date of this subsection; 36 and 37 B. All Houlton Band Trust Land acquired after the effective date of this subjection 38 that is both within Aroostook County and within 50 miles of land described in 39 paragraph A. 40 1-B. Federal Indian law. "Federal Indian law" means the United States Constitution 41 and all generally applicable federal statutes, regulations and common law and case law 42 interpreting, implementing, applying or enforcing those laws and regulations, and subsequent amendments thereto, relating to the rights, status, privileges, powers, duties and 43

immunities of federally recognized Indian tribes and their members and land or other 1 2 natural resources within the United States. 3 2. Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians. "Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians" means 4 the Maliseet Tribe of Indians as constituted on March 4, 1789, and all its predecessors and 5 successors in interest, which that, as of the date of passage of this Act April 3, 1980, are represented, as to lands within the United States, by the Houlton Band Council of the 6 7 Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians. 8 2-A. Houlton Band Trust Land. "Houlton Band Trust Land" has the same meaning 9 as "Houlton Band trust land" in Section 2(2) of the federal Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians Supplementary Claims Settlement Act of 1986, Public Law 99-566. 10 11 2-B. Houlton Band Trust Land. "Houlton Band Trust Land" means all land or natural resources acquired by the secretary in trust for the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians 12 13 pursuant to the federal Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians Supplementary Claims Settlement 14 Act of 1986, Public Law 99-566 or pursuant to any other applicable federal Indian law, including but not limited to the federal Indian Reorganization Act, Public Law 73-383 and 15 its implementing regulations as described in section 6205-B, subsection 2. 16 17 2-C. Indian territory or trust land. "Indian territory or trust land" means: 18 A. With respect to the Passamaguoddy Tribe, the Passamaguoddy Indian territory; 19 B. With respect to the Penobscot Nation, the Penobscot Indian territory; and 20 C. With respect to the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, Houlton Band Trust Land. 21 3. Land or other natural resources. "Land or other natural resources" means any 22 real property or other natural resources, or any interest in or right involving any real 23 property or other natural resources, including, but without limitation, minerals and mineral 24 rights, timber and timber rights, water and water rights and hunting and fishing rights. 25 4. Laws of the State. "Laws of the State" means the Constitution of Maine and all statutes, and rules or regulations and the common law of the State and its political 26 27 subdivisions, and subsequent amendments thereto or judicial interpretations thereof. 28 4-A. Nontribal citizen or nonmember. "Nontribal citizen" or "nonmember" means 29 a person or entity that is not a member of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation 30 or the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians and is not a tribal entity. 31 5. Passamaguoddy Indian Reservation. "Passamaguoddy Indian Reservation" 32 means those lands reserved to the Passamaquoddy Tribe by agreement with the State 33 Commonwealth of Massachusetts dated September 19, 1794, excepting any parcel within such lands transferred to a person or entity other than a member of the Passamaquoddy 34 35 Tribe subsequent to such agreement and prior to the effective date of this Act. If any lands 36 reserved to the Passamaquoddy Tribe by the aforesaid agreement hereafter are acquired by 37 the Passamaquoddy Tribe, or the secretary on its behalf, that land shall must be included 38 within the Passamaquoddy Indian Reservation. For purposes of this subsection, the lands 39 reserved to the Passamaquoddy Tribe by the aforesaid agreement shall be are limited to 40 Indian Township in Washington County; Pine Island, sometimes referred to as Taylor's Island, located in Big Lake, in Washington County; 100 acres of land located on Nemcass 41 42 Point, sometimes referred to as Governor's Point, located in Washington County and shown 43 on a survey of John Gardner which that is filed in the Maine State Archives, Executive

Council Records, Report Number 264 and dated June 5, 1855; 100 acres of land located at 1 2 Pleasant Point in Washington County as described in a deed to Captain John Frost from Theodore Lincoln, Attorney for Benjamin Lincoln, Thomas Russell, and John Lowell dated 3 July 14, 1792, and recorded in the Washington County Registry of Deeds on April 27, 4 1801, at Book 3, Page 73; and those 15 islands in the St. Croix River in existence on 5 September 19, 1794 and located between the head of the tide of that river and the falls 6 below the forks of that river, both of which points are shown on a 1794 plan of Samuel 7 Titcomb which that is filed in the Maine State Archives in Maine Land Office Plan Book 8 9 Number 1, page 33. The "Passamaquoddy Indian Reservation" includes those lands which that have been or may be acquired by the Passamaguoddy Tribe within that portion of the 10 Town of Perry which that lies south of Route 1 on the east side of Route 190 and south of 11 lands now owned or formerly owned by William Follis on the west side of Route 190_{τ} 12 provided that no such lands may be included in the Passamaquoddy Indian Reservation 13 until the Secretary of State receives certification from the treasurer of the Town of Perry 14 that the Passamaquoddy Tribe has paid to the Town of Perry the amount of \$350,000, 15 provided that the consent of the Town of Perry would be voided unless the payment of the 16 \$350,000 is made within 120 days of the effective date of this section. Any commercial 17 development of those lands must be by approval of the voters of the Town of Perry with 18 19 the exception of land development currently in the building stages.

6. Passamaquoddy Indian territory. "Passamaquoddy Indian territory" means that
 territory defined by section 6205, subsection 1.

7. Passamaquoddy Tribe. "Passamaquoddy Tribe" means the Passamaquoddy Indian
 Tribe as constituted on March 4, 1789, and all its predecessors and successors in interest,
 which that, as of the date of passage of this Act April 3, 1980, are represented by the Joint
 Tribal Council of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, with separate councils at the Indian Township
 and Pleasant Point Reservations.

27 8. Penobscot Indian Reservation. "Penobscot Indian Reservation" means the islands 28 in the Penobscot River reserved to the Penobscot Nation by agreement with the States 29 Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the State of Maine consisting solely of Indian Island, 30 also known as Old Town Island, and all islands in that river northward thereof that existed 31 on June 29, 1818, excepting any island transferred to a person or entity other than a member of the Penobscot Nation subsequent to June 29, 1818, and prior to the effective date of this 32 33 Act. If any land within Nicatow Island is hereafter acquired by the Penobscot Nation, or 34 the secretary on its behalf, that land must be included within the Penobscot Indian 35 Reservation.

The "Penobscot Indian Reservation" includes the following parcels of land that have been or may be acquired by the Penobscot Nation from Bangor Pacific Hydro Associates as compensation for flowage of reservation lands by the West Enfield dam: A parcel located on the Mattagamon Gate Road and on the East Branch of the Penobscot River in T.6 R.8 WELS W.E.L.S., which is a portion of the "Mattagamon Lake Dam Lot" and has an area of approximately 24.3 acres, and Smith Island in the Penobscot River, which has an area of approximately one acre.

The "Penobscot Indian Reservation" also includes a certain parcel of land located in Argyle,
Penobscot County consisting of approximately 714 acres known as the Argyle East Parcel
and more particularly described as Parcel One in a deed from the Penobscot Indian Nation

1 2	to the United States of America dated November 22, 2005 and recorded at the Penobscot County Registry of Deeds in Book 10267, Page 265.
3 4	9. Penobscot Indian territory. "Penobscot Indian territory" means that territory defined by section 6205, subsection 2.
5 6 7 8	10. Penobscot Nation. "Penobscot Nation" means the Penobscot Indian Nation as constituted on March 4, 1789, and all its predecessors and successors in interest, which that, as of the date of passage of this Act April 3, 1980, are represented by the Penobscot Reservation Tribal Council.
9	11. Secretary. "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior of the United States.
10 11 12	12. Settlement Fund. "Settlement Fund" means the trust fund established for the Passamaquoddy Tribe and Penobscot Nation by the United States pursuant to congressional legislation extinguishing extinguishing aboriginal land claims in Maine.
13 14 15 16 17	13. Transfer. "Transfer" includes, but is not necessarily limited to, any voluntary or involuntary sale, grant, lease, allotment, partition or other conveyance; any transaction the purpose of which was to effect a sale, grant, lease, allotment, partition or other conveyance; and any act, event or circumstance that resulted in a change in title to, possession of, dominion over, or control of land or other natural resources.
18 19	14. Tribal entity. "Tribal entity" has the same meaning as in Title 36, section 111, subsection 8.
20	Sec. 6. 30 MRSA §6204, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is repealed.
21 22	Sec. 7. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2021, c. 650, §§2 to 4 and affected by §13, is further amended to read:
23 24	1. Passamaquoddy Indian territory. Subject to subsections 3, 4 and 5, the <u>The</u> following lands within the State are known as the <u>"Passamaquoddy Indian territory:"</u>
25	A. The Passamaquoddy Indian Reservation;
26 27	
28 29	B. The first 150,000 acres of land acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe from the following areas or lands to the extent that those lands are not held in common with any other person or entity and are certified by the secretary as held for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe:
28	Passamaquoddy Tribe from the following areas or lands to the extent that those lands are not held in common with any other person or entity and are certified by the secretary

1 2 3 4 5	located in Argyle; and the lands of the Dyer Interests in T.A.R.7 W.E.L.S., T.3 R.9 N.W.P., T.3 R.3. N.B.K.P. (Alder Brook Township), T.3 R.4 N.B.K.P. (Hammond Township), T.2 R.4 N.B.K.P. (Pittston Academy Grant), T.2 R.3 N.B.K.P. (Soldiertown Township), and T.4 R.4 N.B.K.P. (Prentiss Township), and any lands in Albany Township acquired by the Passamaquoddy Tribe;
6 7 8 9	B-1. A total of 150,000 acres of land acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe within Aroostook County, Franklin County, Hancock County, Penobscot County, Piscataquis County, Somerset County or Washington County that meets the following requirements:
10 11	(1) The secretary acquired the land for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe under this paragraph:
12	(a) On or before the effective date of this subparagraph;
13 14	(b) After the effective date of this subparagraph and the land is not located within a city, town, village or plantation; or
15 16 17	(c) Except as provided in paragraph G and subject to the provisions of subparagraph (2), after the effective date of this subparagraph and the land is located within a city, town, village or plantation;
18 19 20	(2) Before the secretary acquires land for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe under subparagraph (1), division (c), the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the relevant city, town, village or plantation must have entered into an agreement:
21	(a) Under which the Passamaquoddy Tribe is required:
22 23 24 25	(i) To make an annual payment in lieu of taxes on the land that equals the amount of taxes levied on that land by the relevant taxing authority for the benefit of the relevant city, town, village or plantation immediately prior to the date on which the Passamaquoddy Tribe acquired the land; or
26 27 28 29	(ii) To comply with an alternative to payment in lieu of taxes under subdivision (i) that is mutually agreeable to the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the relevant city, town, village or plantation within whose borders the land is located or that is established by an arbitration panel under this paragraph;
30 31	(b) Governing cooperation for mutual aid regarding which government will be responsible for local law enforcement over the land; and
32 33	(c) Regarding the use by the Passamaquoddy Tribe of the land in a manner that is:
34 35 36 37	(i) Not contrary to the local zoning ordinances in place prior to the date on which the Passamaquoddy Tribe acquires the land or is consistent with existing uses of land occurring within the city, town, village or plantation; or
38 39 40	(ii) Agreed to between the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the relevant city, town, village or plantation within whose borders the land is located or established by an arbitration panel under this paragraph; and
41 42	(3) If any of the agreements required by subparagraph (2) are not in place within 90 days from the date the Passamaquoddy Tribe provides written notice to the city,

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	town, village or plantation of the need to develop agreements to meet the requirements of subparagraph (2), either party may submit any dispute, claim, question or disagreement regarding the requirements of subparagraph (2) to binding arbitration, which must be governed by the rules of the American Arbitration Association or its successor organization unless other rules are agreed to by both parties. The parties shall submit their last best offer regarding the matter to the arbitration panel, and the panel shall decide which last best offer on the matter best meets the applicable requirements of subparagraph (2);
9 10 11 12	C. Any land not exceeding 100 acres in the City of Calais acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe as long as the land is not held in common with any other person or entity and is certified by the secretary as held for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, if:
13 14	(1) The acquisition of the land by the tribe is approved by the legislative body of that city; and
15 16 17	(2) A tribal-state compact under the federal Indian Gaming Regulatory Act is agreed to by the State and the Passamaquoddy Tribe or the State is ordered by a court to negotiate such a compact;
18 19 20 21	D. All land acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe in T. 19, M.D. to the extent that the land is not held in common with any other person or entity and is certified by the secretary as held for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe;
22 23 24 25 26 27	D-1. Land acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe in Centerville consisting of Parcels A, B and C conveyed by Bertram C. Tackeff to the Passamaquoddy Tribe by quitclaim deed dated July 27, 1981, recorded in the Washington County Registry of Deeds in Book 1147, Page 251, to the extent that the land is not held in common with any other person or entity and is certified by the secretary as held for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe;
28 29 30 31 32 33	D-2. Land acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe in Centerville conveyed by Bertram C. Tackeff to the Passamaquoddy Tribe by quitclaim deed dated May 4, 1982, recorded in the Washington County Registry of Deeds in Book 1178, Page 35, to the extent that the land is not held in common with any other person or entity and is certified by the secretary as held for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe;
34 35 36 37 38 39	E. Land acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe in Township 21 consisting of Gordon Island in Big Lake, conveyed by Domtar Maine Corporation to the Passamaquoddy Tribe by corporate quitclaim deed dated April 30, 2002, recorded in the Washington County Registry of Deeds in Book 2624, Page 301, to the extent that the land is not held in common with any other person or entity and is certified by the secretary as held for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe; and
40 41	F. Land acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe in Perry consisting of:
42 43 44	(1) Land conveyed by Denise E. Plouffe to the Passamaquoddy Tribe by quitclaim deed dated October 5, 2017, recorded in the Washington County Registry of Deeds in Book 4403, Pages 18 and 19; and

(2) Land conveyed by Austin Humphries to the Passamaquoddy Tribe by deed dated November 18, 1983, recorded in the Washington County Registry of Deeds in Book 1252, Pages 93 to 95.
Notwithstanding subsection 5 and any other provision of this Act to the contrary, the addition of land to the Passamaquoddy Indian territory pursuant to this paragraph is not subject to approval by any city, town, village or plantation within the State-;
G. Lands owned in fee simple by the Passamaquoddy Tribe on the effective date of this paragraph that the secretary acquires for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, as long as the lands are within the geographic area and acreage restrictions set forth in paragraph B-1. Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the contrary, the addition of lands owned in fee simple by the Passamaquoddy Tribe to the Passamaquoddy Indian territory pursuant to this paragraph is not subject to approval by any city, town, village or plantation within the State; and
H. Lands acquired in trust by the secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe pursuant to any applicable federal Indian law, including but not limited to the federal Indian Reorganization Act, Public Law 73-383, and its implementing regulations as described in subsection 6.
Sec. 8. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2021, c. 139, §2 and affected y §3, is further amended to read:
2. Penobscot Indian territory. Subject to subsections 3, 4 and 5, the <u>The</u> following ands within the State shall be <u>are</u> known as the "Penobscot Indian territory:"
A. The Penobscot Indian Reservation; and
B. The first 150,000 acres of land acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Penobscot Nation from the following areas or lands to the extent that those lands are not held in common with any other person or entity and are certified by the secretary as held for the Penobscot Nation:
The lands of Great Northern Nekoosa Corporation located in T.1, R.8, W.B.K.P. (Lowelltown), T.6, R.1, N.B.K.P. (Holeb), T.2, R.10, W.E.L.S. and T.2, R.9, W.E.L.S.; the land of Raymidga Company located in T.1, R.5, W.B.K.P. (Jim Pond), T.4, R.5, B.K.P.W.K.R. (King and Bartlett), T.5, R.6, B.K.P.W.K.R. and T.3, R.5, B.K.P.W.K.R.; the land of the heirs of David Pingree located in T.6, R.8, W.E.L.S.; any portion of Sugar Island in Moosehead Lake; the lands of Prentiss and Carlisle Company located in T.9, S.D.; any portion of T.24, M.D.B.P.P.; the lands of Bertram C. Tackeff or Northeastern Blueberry Company, Inc. in T.19, M.D.B.P.P.; any portion of T.2, R.8, N.W.P.; any portion of T.2, R.5, W.B.K.P. (Alder Stream); the lands of Dead River Company in T.3, R.9, N.W.P., T.2, R.9, N.W.P., T.5, R.1, N.B.P.P. and T.5, N.D.B.P.P.; any portion of T.39, M.D.; any portion of T.40, M.D.; any portion of T.41, M.D.; any portion of T.42, M.D.B.P.P.; the lands of Diamond International Corporation, International Paper Company and Lincoln Pulp and Paper Company located in Argyle; any land acquired in Williamsburg T.6, R.8, N.W.P.; any 300 acres in Old Town mutually agreed upon by the City of Old Town and the Penobscot Nation Tribal Government; any lands in Lakeville acquired by the Penobscot Nation; and all the property acquired by the Penobscot Indian Nation from Herbert C. Haynes, Jr.,

1 2	Herbert C. Haynes, Inc. and Five Islands Land Corporation located in Township 1, Range 6 W.E.L.S.
3 4 5 6	B-1. A total of 150,000 acres of land acquired by the secretary for the benefit of the Penobscot Nation within Aroostook County, Franklin County, Hancock County, Penobscot County, Piscataquis County or Somerset County that meets the following requirements:
7 8	(1) The secretary acquired the land for the benefit of the Penobscot Nation under this paragraph:
9	(a) On or before the effective date of this subparagraph;
10 11	(b) After the effective date of this subparagraph and the land is not located within a city, town, village or plantation; or
12 13 14	(c) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (2), after the effective date of this subparagraph and the land is located within a city, town, village or plantation;
15 16 17	(2) Before the secretary acquires land for the benefit of the Penobscot Nation under subparagraph (1), division (c), the Penobscot Nation and the relevant city, town, village or plantation must have entered into an agreement:
18	(a) Under which the Penobscot Nation is required:
19 20 21 22	(i) To make an annual payment in lieu of taxes on the land that equals the amount of taxes levied on that land by the relevant taxing authority for the benefit of the relevant city, town, village or plantation immediately prior to the date on which the Penobscot Nation acquires the land; or
23 24 25 26	(ii) To comply with an alternative to payment in lieu of taxes under subdivision (i) that is mutually agreeable to the Penobscot Nation and the relevant city, town, village or plantation within whose borders the land is located or that is established by an arbitration panel under this paragraph;
27 28	(b) Governing cooperation for mutual aid regarding which government will be responsible for local law enforcement over the land; and
29	(c) Regarding the use by the Penobscot Nation of the land in a manner that is:
30 31 32 33	(i) Not contrary to the local zoning ordinances in place prior to the date on which the Penobscot Nation acquires the land or is consistent with existing uses of land occurring within the city, town, village or plantation; or
34 35 36	(ii) Agreed to between the Penobscot Nation and the relevant city, town, village or plantation within whose borders the land is located or established by an arbitration panel under this paragraph; and
37 38 39	(3) If any of the agreements required by subparagraph (2) are not in place within 90 days from the date the Penobscot Nation provides written notice to the city, town, village or plantation of the need to develop agreements to meet the
40	requirements of subparagraph (2), either party may submit any dispute, claim,
41 42	question or disagreement regarding the requirements of subparagraph (2) to binding arbitration, which must be governed by the rules of the American

1 Arbitration Association or its successor organization unless other rules are agree to by both parties. The parties shall submit their last best offer regarding the matter to the arbitration panel, and the panel shall decide which last best offer on the matter best meets the applicable requirements of subparagraph (2); and 5 C. Lands acquired in trust by the secretary for the benefit of the Penobscot Natio pursuant to any applicable federal Indian law, including but not limited to the federa? 7 Indian Reorganization Act, Public Law 73-383, and its implementing regulations a described in subsection 6. 9 Sec. 9. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §1 and 31, i repealed. 10 Sec. 10. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, i repealed. 11 repealed. 12 Sec. 11. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, i repealed. 13 repealed. 14 Sec. 12. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§6 is enacted to read: 15 6. Acquisition of additional trust land. Nothing in this Act limits the ability of the Passamaquody Tribe and the Penobscot Nation to acquire trust land or other natura; resources in accordance with applicable settlement acts and federal Indian law, includin but not limited to the federal Indian Reorganization Act, Public Law 73-383, and the implementing regulations. Except as required by federal Indian law or as required i subsection 1, paragraph B-1 and subsection 2, paragraph B-1, acquisition of trust land c natural resources is not subject to approval by the State or any local government w
3to the arbitration panel, and the panel shall decide which last best offer on th matter best meets the applicable requirements of subparagraph (2); and5C. Lands acquired in trust by the secretary for the benefit of the Penobscot Natio pursuant to any applicable federal Indian law, including but not limited to the federal Indian Reorganization Act, Public Law 73-383, and its implementing regulations a described in subsection 6.9Sec. 9. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §1, is repealed.10Sec. 10. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, i repealed.11repealed.12Sec. 11. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, i repealed.13repealed.14Sec. 12. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§6 is enacted to read:156. Acquisition of additional trust land. Nothing in this Act limits the ability of th Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation to acquire trust land or other natural resources in accordance with applicable settlement acts and federal Indian law, includin but not limited to the federal Indian Reorganization Act, Public Law 73-383, and the implementing regulations. Except as required by federal Indian law or as required i subsection 1, paragraph B-1 and subsection 2, paragraph B-1, acquisition of trust land on antural resources is not subject to approval by the State or any local government within th State.23Sec. 13. 30 MRSA §6205-A, as enacted to read:24Sec. 14. 30 MRSA §6205-B is enacted to read:25§6205-B. Acquisition of Houlton Band Trust Land
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25 §6205-B. Acquisition of Houlton Band Trust Land
26 I. Acquisition. Lands or other natural resources acquired by the secretary for the
27 benefit of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians in accordance with the requirements of th
 27 <u>benefit of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians in accordance with the requirements of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians Supplementary Claims Settlement Act of 1986, federational Action 1986, federational Actional Settlement Action 1986, federational Actional Ac</u>
29 Public Law 99-566 are included within Houlton Band Trust Land.
 30 2. Acquisition of additional trust land. Nothing in this Act limits the ability of th
31 Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians to acquire trust land or other natural resources i
32 accordance with applicable settlement acts and federal Indian law, including but not limite
33 to the federal Indian Reorganization Act, Public Law 73-383, and their implementin
34 regulations. Except as required by federal Indian law, acquisition of trust land or natura
35 resources is not subject to approval by the State or any local government within the State
50 Such lands or natural resources acquired in accordance with this subsection are include
 36 Such lands or natural resources acquired in accordance with this subsection are include 37 within Houlton Band Trust Land.
37 within Houlton Band Trust Land.
 37 within Houlton Band Trust Land. 38 Sec. 15. 30 MRSA §6206, as amended by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. B, §1 and affected
 37 within Houlton Band Trust Land. 38 Sec. 15. 30 MRSA §6206, as amended by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. B, §1 and affected 39 by §9 and amended by Pt. E, §1 and affected by §5, is further amended by amending the

Sec. 16. 30 MRSA §6206, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. B, §1 and
 affected by §9, is further amended to read:

3 1. General powers. Except as otherwise provided specified in this Act, the State, the 4 Passamaquoddy Tribe and, the Penobscot Nation, within their respective Indian territories, 5 and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians agree and intend pursuant to United States Public 6 Law 96-420 to recognize that the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation, the Houlton 7 Band of Maliseet Indians and their respective members have and may exercise and enjoy 8 all the rights, privileges, powers, duties and immunities, including, but without limitation, 9 the power to enact ordinances and collect taxes, and are subject to all the duties, obligations, 10 liabilities and limitations of a municipality of and subject to the laws of the State, provided, however, that internal tribal matters, including membership in the respective tribe or nation, 11 12 the right to reside within the respective Indian territories, tribal organization, tribal 13 government, tribal elections, the use or disposition of settlement fund income and the 14 exercise of power by the Passamaquoddy Tribe pursuant to section 6207, subsection 10, 15 section 6207-A and section 6209-A, subsection 1, paragraph F and by the Penobscot Nation pursuant to section 6207, subsection 11, section 6207-B and section 6209-B, subsection 1, 16 17 paragraph F, respectively, is not subject to regulation by the State. The Passamaquoddy 18 Tribe and the Penobscot Nation shall designate such officers and officials as are necessary 19 to implement and administer those laws of the State applicable to the respective Indian 20 territories and the residents thereof. Any resident of the Passamaguoddy Indian territory or 21 the Penobscot Indian territory who is not a member of the respective tribe or nation 22 nonetheless is equally entitled to receive any municipal or governmental services provided 23 by the respective tribe or nation or by the State, except those services that are provided 24 exclusively to members of the respective tribe or nation pursuant to state or federal law, 25 and is entitled to vote in national, state and county elections in the same manner as any 26 tribal member residing within Indian territory that federally recognized Indian tribes and 27 their members generally have or exercise under federal Indian law, including laws and 28 regulations of the United States enacted for the benefit of Indians, Indian nations or tribes 29 or bands of Indians and laws and regulations that accord a special status or right to or that relate to a special status or right of any Indian, Indian nation, tribe or band of Indians, 30 31 Indian lands, Indian reservations, Indian country, Indian territory or land held in trust for 32 Indians. 33 Sec. 17. 30 MRSA §6206, sub-§1-A is enacted to read: 34 1-A. Drinking water regulation. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, 35 the State does not have authority to regulate the exercise of authority by: A. The Passamaquoddy Tribe pursuant to section 6207, subsection 10; section 6207-A; 36 37 and section 6209-A, subsection 1, paragraph F; 38 B. The Penobscot Nation pursuant to section 6207, subsection 11; section 6207-B; and 39 section 6209-B, subsection 1, paragraph F; and

40 <u>C. The Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians pursuant to section 6207, subsection 12;</u>
 41 section 6207-D; and section 6209-C, subsection 1, paragraph F.

42 Sec. 18. 30 MRSA §6206, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is 43 amended to read:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	2. Power to sue and be sued; sovereign immunity. The Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians and their respective members may sue and be sued in the courts of the State to the same extent as any other entity or person in the State provided, however, that the respective tribe or nation. The Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians and its their respective officers and employees shall be are immune from suit when the respective tribe or nation is acting in its governmental capacity to the same extent as any municipality or like officers or employees thereof within the State are other federally recognized Indian tribes and their officers and employees under federal Indian law. Sec. 19. 30 MRSA §6206, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. E, §1 and
11	affected by §5, is repealed.
12	Sec. 20. 30 MRSA §6206-A , as enacted by PL 1981, c. 675, §§3 and 8, is repealed.
13 14	Sec. 21. 30 MRSA §6206-B , as amended by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §3 and affected by §8, is repealed.
15 16	Sec. 22. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2021, c. 650, §7 and affected by §13, is repealed.
17	Sec. 23. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
18 19 20 21 22	1-A. Jurisdiction of tribes. Except as otherwise specified in subsections 2-A and 3, the State recognizes the exclusive jurisdiction that the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians have under federal Indian law to regulate fishing, hunting, trapping and other taking of wildlife within the boundaries of their respective Indian territory or trust land by:
23	A. Tribal members of any federally recognized Indian tribes; and
24	B. Nontribal citizens.
25 26	Sec. 24. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is repealed.
27	Sec. 25. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:
28 29 30 31 32	2-A. Regulation by State solely for conservation purposes. Solely for conservation purposes, the State has jurisdiction with respect to the regulation of fishing, hunting, trapping and other taking of wildlife by Indians off Indian territory or trust land to the extent permitted under federal Indian law and in a manner consistent with reserved tribal treaty rights.
33 34	Sec. 26. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is amended to read:
35 36 37 38 39 40 41	3. Adoption of regulations rules by the commission. Subject to the limitations of subsection 6 Except as provided in subsection 4 with respect to fishing by tribal members within the boundaries of their respective Indian territory or trust land that is subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the respective tribe, nation or band, the commission shall have has exclusive authority to promulgate adopt fishing rules or regulations on for: A. Any pond for which 50% or more of the linear shoreline is within Indian territory or trust land other than those specified in subsection 1, paragraph B, 50% or more of

- the linear shoreline of which is ponds in which all the shoreline and submerged lands
 are wholly within Indian territory or trust land and that are less than 10 acres in surface
 area;
- B. Any section of a river or stream both sides of which are within Indian territory or
 trust land; and
- 6 C. Any section of a river or stream one side of which is within Indian territory or trust
 7 land for a continuous length of 1/2 mile or more.

8 In promulgating adopting such rules or regulations the commission shall consider and 9 balance the need to preserve and protect existing and future sport and commercial fisheries, 10 the historical non-Indian nontribal fishing interests, the needs or desires of the tribes to 11 establish fishery practices for the sustenance of the tribes or to contribute to the economic 12 independence of the tribes, the traditional fishing techniques employed by and ceremonial 13 practices of Indians in Maine and the ecological interrelationship between the fishery 14 regulated by the commission and other fisheries throughout the State. Such regulation rules 15 may include without limitation provisions on the method, manner, bag and size limits and season for fishing. 16

17 Said The rules or regulations shall must be equally applicable on a nondiscriminatory basis 18 to all persons regardless of whether such person is a member of the Passamaquoddy Tribe 19 or, the Penobscot Nation or the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians. Rules and regulations 20 promulgated adopted by the commission may include the imposition of fees and permits or 21 license requirements on users of such waters other than members of the Passamaguoddy 22 Tribe and, the Penobscot Nation or the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians. In adopting rules 23 or regulations pursuant to this subsection, the commission shall comply with the Maine 24 Administrative Procedure Act.

- In order to provide an orderly transition of regulatory authority, all fishing laws and rules and regulations of the State shall remain applicable to all waters specified in this subsection until such time as the commission certifies to the commissioner <u>Commissioner of Inland</u> <u>Fisheries and Wildlife</u> that it has met and voted to adopt its own rules and regulations in substitution for such laws and rules and regulations of the State.
- 30 Sec. 27. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§3-A, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 739, §12 and affected by §§13 and 14, is repealed.
- 32 Sec. 28. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is
 33 amended to read:

4. Sustenance fishing Fishing and taking of wildlife within the Indian reservations
 territory or trust land. Notwithstanding any rule or regulation promulgated adopted by
 the commission or any other law of the State, the members of the Passamaquoddy Tribe
 and, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians may take fish, and
 wildlife within the boundaries of their respective Indian reservations, for their individual
 sustenance subject to the limitations of subsection 6 territory or trust land.

- 40 Sec. 29. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is 41 amended to read:
- 42 5. Posting. Lands or waters subject to regulation by the commission, the
 43 Passamaquoddy Tribe or, the Penobscot Nation shall or the Houlton Band of Maliseet

- 1 <u>Indians must</u> be conspicuously posted in such a manner as to provide reasonable notice to 2 the public of the limitations on hunting, trapping, fishing or other use of such lands or 3 waters.
- 4 Sec. 30. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is 5 repealed.
- 6 Sec. 31. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is 7 amended to read:

7. Transportation of game <u>fish and wildlife</u>. Fish lawfully taken within Indian
territory <u>or trust land</u> or in waters subject to commission regulation and wildlife lawfully
taken within <u>on</u> Indian territory <u>or trust land</u> and registered pursuant to ordinances adopted
by the Passamaquoddy Tribe and, the Penobscot Nation, <u>or the Houlton Band of Maliseet</u>
Indians may be transported within the State.

13 Sec. 32. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is
 14 amended to read:

15 8. Fish Protection of fish and wildlife on non-Indian lands Indian territory or The commission shall undertake appropriate studies, consult with the 16 trust land. Passamaquoddy Tribe and, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians 17 18 and landowners and state officials, and make recommendations to the commissioner 19 Commissioner of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and the Legislature with respect to 20 implementation of fish and wildlife management policies on non-Indian nontribal lands in 21 order to protect fish and wildlife stocks on lands and water subject to regulation by the 22 Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians or the 23 commission.

Sec. 33. 30 MRSA §6207, sub-§12 is enacted to read:

24

- 12. Regulation of drinking water by Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians. Unless
 the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, in its discretion, enters into an intergovernmental
 agreement authorizing the State to exercise concurrent jurisdiction over specific drinking
 water-related issues within Houlton Band Trust Land:
- A. The Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians has exclusive authority to enact ordinances
 regulating drinking water within Houlton Band Trust Land;
- B. The State may not exercise primary enforcement authority from the United States
 Environmental Protection Agency to implement the federal Safe Drinking Water Act
 and its implementing regulations, as amended, within Houlton Band Trust Land; and
- C. The Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians may seek to be treated as a state and to obtain
 primary enforcement authority from the United States Environmental Protection
 Agency to implement the federal Safe Drinking Water Act and its implementing
 regulations, as amended, within Houlton Band Trust Land.
- 38 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the Houlton Band of Maliseet
 39 Indians' jurisdiction does not extend beyond Houlton Band Trust Land.
- 40 **Sec. 34. 30 MRSA §6207-C,** as enacted by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §4 and affected 41 by §8, is repealed.

1	Sec. 25. 20 MDS & S(207 D)
1 2	Sec. 35. 30 MRSA §6207-D , as enacted by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §5 and affected by §8, is amended by amending the section headnote to read:
3 4	§6207-D. Jurisdiction of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians over drinking water within Houlton Band Jurisdiction <u>Trust</u> Land
5 6	Sec. 36. 30 MRSA §6207-D, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §5 and affected by §8, is amended to read:
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	1. Jurisdiction of Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians to administer drinking water- related programs. The Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians may seek to be treated as a state pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 United States Code, Section 300j-11, and its implementing regulations, as amended, within Houlton Band Jurisdiction <u>Trust</u> Land and may otherwise benefit from and exercise jurisdiction under any other federal law enacted after October 10, 1980 that permits a federally recognized Indian tribe to administer drinking water-related programs; and
14 15	Sec. 37. 30 MRSA §6207-D, 2nd ¶, as enacted by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §5 and affected by §8, is amended to read:
16 17	Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians' jurisdiction does not extend beyond Houlton Band Jurisdiction Trust Land.
18	Sec. 38. 30 MRSA §6207-E is enacted to read:
19	<u>§6207-E. Land use and natural resources</u>
20 21 22 23 24 25	Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the State, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 to recognize that the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians have the authority to regulate natural resources and land use within the boundaries of their respective Indian territory or trust land to the extent provided in federal Indian law.
26	Sec. 39. 30 MRSA §6208-A, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 675, §§7 and 8, is repealed.
27	Sec. 40. 30 MRSA §6209-A, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	4-A. Civil adjudicatory jurisdiction over matters arising on Passamaquoddy Indian territory. The State and the Passamaquoddy Tribe agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 to recognize and adopt the application of federal Indian law with regard to the authority of the Passamaquoddy Tribe to exercise adjudicatory jurisdiction over civil actions arising on Passamaquoddy Indian territory. The courts of the State have adjudicatory jurisdiction over civil actions arising on Passamaquoddy Indian territory to the extent provided by federal Indian law or as otherwise provided in this Act.
35	Sec. 41. 30 MRSA §6209-B, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:
36 37 38 39 40 41 42	4-A. Civil adjudicatory jurisdiction over matters arising on Penobscot Indian territory. The State and the Penobscot Nation agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 to recognize and adopt the application of federal Indian law with regard to the authority of the Penobscot Nation to exercise adjudicatory jurisdiction over civil actions arising on Penobscot Indian territory. The courts of the State have adjudicatory jurisdiction over civil actions arising on Penobscot Indian territory to the extent provided by federal Indian law or as otherwise provided in this Act.

1 2	Sec. 42. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§1, ¶ A , as amended by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. C, §1 and affected by §5, is further amended to read:
3 4 5	A. The following criminal offenses committed on Houlton Band Jurisdiction <u>Trust</u> Land by an adult member of any federally recognized Indian tribe, nation, band or other group:
6 7	(1) Class C, D and E crimes in Titles 15, 17, 17-A, 19-A and 29-A that are not committed against a person or the property of a person; and
8 9 10 11	(2) Class C, D and E crimes committed against a person who is a member of any federally recognized Indian tribe, nation, band or other group or against the property of a person who is a member of any federally recognized Indian tribe, nation, band or other group.
12 13 14	The Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians may not deny to any criminal defendant prosecuted for a Class C crime the rights and protections enumerated in 25 United States Code, Section 1302(c);
15 16	Sec. 43. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §6 and affected by §8, is further amended to read:
17 18 19 20 21 22	B. Juvenile crimes against a person or property involving conduct that, if committed by an adult, would fall within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians under paragraph A and juvenile crimes, as defined in Title 15, section 3103, subsection 1, paragraphs B and C, committed by a juvenile member of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation or the Mi'kmaq Nation within Houlton Band Jurisdiction <u>Trust</u> Land;
23 24	Sec. 44. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§1, ¶C, as amended by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §6 and affected by §8, is further amended to read:
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	C. Civil actions between members of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation or the Mi'kmaq Nation arising on Houlton Band Jurisdiction Trust Land and cognizable as small claims under the laws of the State and civil actions against a member of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation or the Mi'kmaq Nation under Title 22, section 2383 involving conduct within Houlton Band Jurisdiction Trust Land by a member of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Penobscot Nation or the Mi'kmaq Nation Under Title 22, section 2383 involving conduct within Houlton Band Jurisdiction Trust Land by a member of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Penobscot Nation or the Mi'kmaq Nation;
33 34	Sec. 45. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§1, ¶E, as amended by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §6 and affected by §8, is further amended to read:
35 36 37 38	E. Other domestic relations matters, including marriage, divorce and support, between members of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation or the Mi'kmaq Nation, both of whom reside within the Houlton Band Jurisdiction Trust Land; and
39 40	Sec. 46. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§1, ¶F, as enacted by PL 2023, c. 369, Pt. D, §6 and affected by §8, is amended to read:
41 42	F. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, civil and criminal actions regarding the enforcement of ordinances enacted pursuant to section 6207-C,

1 2	subsection 10 6207, subsection 12, except that the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians may not exercise jurisdiction over a nonprofit public municipal corporation.
3 4	Sec. 47. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§1-C, ¶A , as enacted by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. C, §2 and affected by §5, is amended to read:
5 6 7 8 9	A. Class C, D and E crimes committed on Houlton Band Jurisdiction Trust Land by an adult member of any federally recognized Indian tribe, nation, band or other group against a person who is not a member of any federally recognized Indian tribe, nation, band or other group or against the property of a person who is not a member of any federally recognized Indian tribe, nation, band or other group; and
10 11	Sec. 48. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§1-C, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. C, §2 and affected by §5, is amended to read:
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	B. Class C, D and E crimes committed on Houlton Band Jurisdiction Trust Land by a person who is not a member of any federally recognized Indian tribe, nation, band or other group as authorized in the federal Violence Against Women Act Reauthorization Act of 2022, Public Law 117-103, Division W, Title VIII, Subtitle A, Section 804, 25 United States Code, Section 1304. Notwithstanding subsection 2, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians may not deny to any criminal defendant prosecuted pursuant to this paragraph the rights and protections enumerated in 25 United States Code, Sections 1302(a), 1302(c), 1303 and 1304(d) and all other rights whose protection is necessary under the United States Constitution in order for Congress or the State to recognize concurrent jurisdiction under this paragraph.
22 23	Sec. 49. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§1-D, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. C, §3 and affected by §5, is amended to read:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	A. All crimes and juvenile crimes committed on Houlton Band Jurisdiction Trust Land against the State or against any office, department, agency, authority, commission, board, institution, hospital or other instrumentality of the State, including the Maine Turnpike Authority, the Maine Port Authority, the Northern New England Passenger Rail Authority, the Maine Community College System, the Maine Veterans' Homes, the Maine Public Employees Retirement System, the Maine Military Authority and all similar state entities; and
31 32	Sec. 50. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§1-D, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. C, §3 and affected by §5, is amended to read:
33 34 35 36	B. Class C, D and E crimes defined in provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes outside of Titles 15, 17, 17-A, 19-A and 29-A committed on Houlton Band Jurisdiction Trust Land by an adult member of any federally recognized Indian tribe, nation, band or other group that are not committed against a person or the property of a person.
37	Sec. 51. 30 MRSA §6209-C, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:
38 39 40 41 42	4-A. Civil adjudicatory jurisdiction over matters arising on Houlton Band Trust Land. The State and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 to recognize and adopt the application of federal Indian law with regard to the authority of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians to exercise adjudicatory jurisdiction over civil actions arising on Houlton Band Trust Land. The courts

of the State have adjudicatory jurisdiction over civil actions arising on Houlton Band Trust 1 2 Land to the extent provided by federal Indian law or as otherwise provided in this Act. 3 Sec. 52. 30 MRSA §6210, as amended by PL 2023, c. 647, Pt. E, §§2 to 4 and 4 affected by §5, is further amended to read: 5 §6210. Law enforcement on Indian reservations and within Indian territory and trust 6 land 7 1. Exclusive authority of tribal law enforcement officers. Law enforcement officers 8 appointed by the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the 9 Penobscot Nation have exclusive authority to enforce, within their respective Indian 10 territories and trust land: A. Within their respective Indian territories, Tribal laws and ordinances adopted under 11 section 6206 and section 6207, subsections 1 1-A, 10 and, 11 and 12; 12 13 B. On their respective Indian reservations, the The criminal, and juvenile, civil and 14 domestic relations laws over which the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the 15 Passamaquoddy Tribe or the Penobscot Nation have jurisdiction under section 6209-C, subsection 1, paragraphs A and B, section 6209-A, subsection 1, paragraphs A and B 16 and section 6209-B, subsection 1, paragraphs A and B, respectively; and 17 18 C. Within their respective Indian territories, the The civil and domestic relations laws 19 over which the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe or the 20 Penobscot Nation have jurisdiction under section 6209-C, subsection 1, paragraphs C 21 to F, section 6209-A, subsection 1, paragraphs C to F and section 6209-B, subsection 22 1, paragraphs C to F, respectively. 23 1-A. Appointment of tribal law enforcement officers. The Houlton Band of 24 Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation may appoint law 25 enforcement officers who have the authority to enforce the laws of the State that are applicable within Indian territory or trust land. This subsection does not limit the 26 27 appointment or authority of tribal officers under tribal law or affect the performance of 28 federal duties by tribal officers. 29 2. Joint authority of tribal and state law enforcement officers. Law enforcement 30 officers appointed by the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe and 31 the Penobscot Nation have the authority within their respective Indian territories territory 32 and trust land and state and county law enforcement officers have the authority within both 33 Indian territories territory or trust land to enforce: 34 A. Rules or regulations adopted by the commission under section 6207, subsection 3; 35 and 36 B. All laws of the State other than those over which law enforcement officers 37 appointed by the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe or the Penobscot Nation have exclusive jurisdiction under subsection 1. 38 39 3. Agreements for cooperation and mutual aid. This section does not impact 40 existing agreements for cooperation and mutual aid between the Houlton Band of Maliseet 41 Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe or the Penobscot Nation and any state, county or local law enforcement agency or prevent the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the 42

law enforcement officers appointed by the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the 4 5 Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation possess the same powers and are subject to the same duties, limitations and training requirements as other corresponding law 6 enforcement officers under the laws of the State. 7 8 4-A. Reports to the State Bureau of Identification by Passamaquoddy Tribe. 9 Passamaquoddy Tribe law enforcement agencies shall submit to the Department of Public 10 Safety, State Bureau of Identification uniform crime reports and other information required by Title 25, section 1544. 11 12 5. Reports to the State Bureau of Identification by Penobscot Nation. Penobscot 13 Nation law enforcement agencies shall submit to the Department of Public Safety, State 14 Bureau of Identification uniform crime reports and other information required by Title 25, 15 section 1544. 16 6. Reports to the State Bureau of Identification by Houlton Band of Maliseet 17 Indians. Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians law enforcement agencies shall submit to the Department of Public Safety, State Bureau of Identification uniform crime reports and other 18 information required by Title 25, section 1544. 19 Sec. 53. 30 MRSA §6211, as amended by PL 2009, c. 384, Pt. A, §3 and affected 20 by §4, is further amended by amending the section headnote to read: 21 22 §6211. Eligibility of Indian tribes and for state funding 23 Sec. 54. 30 MRSA §6211, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2009, c. 384, Pt. A, §3 and 24 affected by §4, is further amended to read: 25 1. Eligibility generally. The Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians are eligible for participation and entitled to receive 26 27 benefits from the State under any state program that provides financial assistance to all 28 municipalities as a matter of right. Such entitlement must be determined using statutory 29 criteria and formulas generally applicable to municipalities in the State. To the extent that 30 any such program requires municipal financial participation as a condition of state funding, the share for the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation or the Houlton Band of 31 32 Maliseet Indians may be raised through any source of revenue available to the respective tribe, nation or band, including but without limitation taxation to the extent authorized 33 34 within its respective Indian territory or trust land. In the event that any applicable formula regarding distribution of money employs a factor for the municipal real property tax rate, 35 and in the absence of such tax within the Indian territory or trust land, the formula 36 applicable to such Indian territory or trust land must be computed using the most current 37 average equalized real property tax rate of all municipalities in the State as determined by 38 39 the State Tax Assessor. In the event any such formula regarding distribution of money 40 employs a factor representing municipal valuation, the valuation applicable to such Indian territory or trust land must be determined by the State Tax Assessor in the manner generally 41 provided by the laws of the State as long as property owned by or held in trust for a tribe, 42 nation or band and used for governmental purposes is treated for purposes of valuation as 43 44 like property owned by a municipality.

Passamaquoddy Tribe or the Penobscot Nation and any state, county or local law

enforcement agency from entering into future agreements for cooperation and mutual aid.

4. Powers and training requirements. Law When enforcing applicable state law,

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Sec. 55. 30 MRSA §6211, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2009, c. 384, Pt. A, §3 and 1 2 affected by §4, is further amended to read:

4. Eligibility of individuals for state funds. Residents of the Indian territories territory or Houlton Band Trust Land trust land are eligible for and entitled to receive any 4 state grant, loan, unemployment compensation, medical or welfare benefit or other social 5 service to the same extent as and subject to the same eligibility requirements applicable to 6 7 other persons in the State as long as in computing the extent to which any person is entitled to receive any such funds any money received by such person from the United States within 8 9 substantially the same period of time for which state funds are provided and for a program 10 or purpose substantially similar to that funded by the State is deducted in computing any payment to be made by the State.

12 Sec. 56. 30 MRSA §6213, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is amended 13 to read:

14 §6213. Approval of prior transfers

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15 1. Approval of tribal transfers. Any transfer of land or other natural resources located anywhere within the State, from, by, or on behalf of any Indian nation, or tribe or 16 band of Indians, including but without limitation any transfer pursuant to any treaty, 17 compact or statute of any state, which transfer that occurred prior to the effective date of 18 this Act, shall be is deemed to have been made in accordance with the laws of the State. 19

20 2. Approval of certain individual transfers. Any transfer of land or other natural 21 resources located anywhere within the State, from, by or on behalf of any individual Indian, which that occurred prior to December 1, 1873, including but without limitation any 22 23 transfer pursuant to any treaty, compact or statute of any state, shall be is deemed to have 24 been made in accordance with the laws of the State.

25 Sec. 57. 30 MRSA §6214, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 732, §§1 and 31, is amended 26 to read:

27 §6214. Tribal school committees

28 The Passamaquoddy Tribe and, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of 29 Maliseet Indians are authorized to create respective tribal school committees, in 30 substitution for the committees heretofore provided for under the laws of the State. Such 31 tribal school committees shall operate under the laws of the State applicable to school 32 administrative units. The presently constituted tribal school committee of the respective tribe or nation shall committees of the Passamaquoddy Tribe and Penobscot Nation 33 34 continue in existence and shall exercise all the authority heretofore vested by law in it until 35 such time as the respective tribe or nation creates the tribal school committee authorized 36 by this section.

Sec. 58. 30 MRSA §6215 is enacted to read: 37

38 §6215. Civil jurisdiction

39 1. Nonmembers subject to state laws on Indian territory or trust land. The State, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians 40 41 agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 to recognize and adopt the 42 application of federal Indian law with regard to the applicability of the laws of the State to nonmembers on the Indian territory or trust land of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the 43

Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, except as otherwise provided
 in this Act.

3 2. Members and entities not subject to state laws on Indian territory or trust land. 4 The State, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of 5 Maliseet Indians agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 to 6 recognize that, except as otherwise provided in this Act or by federal Indian law, the 7 Passamaguoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians and 8 their respective tribal members and tribal entities are not subject to the laws of the State, 9 including state and local civil regulatory jurisdiction, on their respective Indian territory or 10 trust land.

113. Exclusive civil regulatory authority over tribal members and tribal entities on12Indian territory or trust land. The State, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot13Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians agree and intend pursuant to United States14Public Law 96-420 to recognize that, except as otherwise provided in this Act or by federal15Indian law, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of16Maliseet Indians have exclusive civil regulatory jurisdiction over their respective tribal17members and tribal entities on their respective Indian territory or trust land.

18 4. Concurrent civil regulatory authority over nonmembers on Indian territory or 19 trust land. The State, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton 20 Band of Maliseet Indians agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 to 21 recognize that, except as otherwise provided in this Act or by federal Indian law, the 22 Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the 23 State and local governments have concurrent civil regulatory jurisdiction over nonmembers 24 on the Indian territory or trust land of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and 25 the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians.

- 26 Sec. 59. 30 MRSA §6216 is enacted to read:
- 27 §6216. Federal laws apply; do not affect or preempt laws of this State

28 The State, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of 29 Maliseet Indians agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 that any 30 law of this State, including, without limitation, laws of this State relating to land use or 31 environmental matters, that is contrary to any law or regulation of the United States that 32 accords a special status or right to or relates to a special status or right of any Indian, Indian 33 nation, tribe or band of Indians, Indian lands, Indian reservations, Indian country, Indian 34 territory or land held in trust for Indians, or that would be affected or preempted by such 35 law or regulation of the United States, does not apply to the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the 36 Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians and their tribal members and 37 lands, except as otherwise provided by this Act or federal Indian law. Except for laws that 38 conflict with the jurisdiction over crimes and juvenile crimes described in this Act, the 39 State, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet 40 Indians further agree and intend pursuant to United States Public Law 96-420 that any law 41 or regulation of the United States enacted before, on or after October 10, 1980 that accords 42 a special status or right to or relates to a special status or right of any Indian, Indian nation, 43 tribe or band of Indians, Indian lands, Indian reservations, Indian country, Indian territory 44 or land held in trust for Indians applies to the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation, 45 the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians and their tribal members and lands.

Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the contrary, the Passamaquoddy Tribe,
 the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians may conduct gaming
 activities only in accordance with state law and may not conduct gaming activities under
 the authority of the federal Indian Gaming Regulatory Act or under any regulations
 thereunder promulgated by the chair of the United States Department of the Interior,
 National Indian Gaming Commission or its successor organization.

Sec. 60. 36 MRSA §111, sub-§1-E, as enacted by PL 2021, c. 681, Pt. C, §2, is amended to read:

9 1-E. Houlton Band Trust Land. "Houlton Band Trust Land" has the same meaning 10 as in means all land or natural resources acquired by the secretary as defined in Title 30, 11 section 6203, subsection 11 in trust for the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians pursuant to 12 the federal Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians Supplementary Claims Settlement Act of 1986, Public Law 99-566, Section 2(2) or pursuant to any other applicable federal Indian 13 14 law as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 1-B, including but not limited to the federal Indian Reorganization Act, Public Law 73-383, and its implementing regulations 15 as described in Title 30, section 6205-B, subsection 2. 16

17 Sec. 61. Dispute resolution. The Governor, the Attorney General and the 18 Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, 19 through their respective designees, must collaborate on an alternative dispute resolution 20 process to resolve tribal-state disputes, to be known as "the ADR work group." The Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission established under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30, 21 section 6212, subsection 1 shall provide assistance to the ADR work group by providing 22 23 input and answering questions regarding alternative dispute resolution options appropriate 24 to tribal-state disputes, including identifying best practices, developing mutual respect, 25 working on a government-to-government basis and respecting the sovereignty of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians and 26 27 the State, and any existing culturally appropriate models. No later than November 15, 2025, 28 the ADR work group shall provide a report to the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary that includes its findings and recommendations, including suggested legislation, regarding 29 30 a tribal-state alternative dispute resolution process. The committee may report out 31 legislation to the Second Regular Session of the 132nd Legislature based on the 32 recommendations of the ADR work group.

33 Sec. 62. Contingent effective date. This Act takes effect 150 days after 34 adjournment of the First Regular Session of the 132nd Legislature only if, within 120 days 35 after adjournment of the First Regular Session of the 132nd Legislature, the Secretary of 36 State receives written certification from the Chief of the Penobscot Nation, or the designee 37 under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 3, section 602, that the nation has agreed to the 38 provisions of this Act; from the Chief of the Passamaquoddy Tribe at Sipayik and the Chief 39 of the Passamaquoddy Tribe at Motahkomikuk, or the designee under Title 3, section 602, 40 that the tribe has agreed to the provisions of this Act; and from the Chief of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, or the designee under Title 3, section 602, that the band has 41 42 agreed to the provisions of this Act, copies of which must be submitted by the Secretary of 43 State to the Secretary of the Senate, the Clerk of the House and the Revisor of Statutes.

44 Upon such written certification by the Houlton Band Council of the Houlton Band of 45 Maliseet Indians, each section of this Act regarding or affecting the Houlton Band of 1 Maliseet Indians and its tribal members and lands constitutes a jurisdictional agreement for 2 purposes of the federal Maine Indian Claims Settlement Act of 1980, Public Law 96-420, 3 Section 6(e)(2). Such written certification by the Houlton Band Council of the Houlton 4 Band of Maliseet Indians does not constitute an agreement that the contingencies in Public 5 Law 1981, chapter 675 were met or that the provisions of Public Law 1981, chapter 675 6 ever took effect.

SUMMARY

This bill implements several of the consensus recommendations of the Task Force on Changes to the Maine Indian Claims Settlement Implementing Act governing the relationship between the State and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation. The January 14, 2020 report of the Task Force on Changes to the Maine Indian Claims Settlement Implementing Act is available online at http://legislature.maine.gov/maine-indian-claims-tf.

14 The bill makes substantial changes to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30, chapter 601, currently known as "AN ACT to Implement the Maine Indian Claims Settlement," 15 including by renaming the chapter "the Maine Implementing Act." The bill is designed to 16 restore to the Passamaguoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of 17 Maliseet Indians many of the rights to self-determination enjoyed by other federally 18 19 recognized Indian tribes within the United States. To carry out this purpose, the bill repeals or amends many provisions of the Maine Implementing Act to recognize that federal Indian 20 law governs the rights, privileges, powers, duties and immunities of the tribe, nation and 21 22 band. "Federal Indian law" is defined to mean the United States Constitution and all 23 generally applicable federal statutes and regulations as well as common law and case law 24 interpreting, implementing, applying or enforcing those constitutional, statutory and regulatory provisions relating to the rights, status, privileges, powers, duties and 25 immunities of federally recognized Indian tribes and their members and land or other 26 27 natural resources within the United States.

28 With respect to tribal land acquisition, the bill:

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Repeals the definition of "Houlton Band Jurisdiction Land" enacted in Public Law
 2023, chapter 369 and instead recognizes that the rights, privileges, powers, duties and
 immunities of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians recognized in the Maine Implementing
 Act apply to "Houlton Band Trust Land," which is defined to include all land and natural
 resources acquired by the United States Secretary of the Interior in trust for the band under
 the federal Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians Supplementary Claims Settlement Act of
 1986 or any other applicable federal law, including the federal Indian Reorganization Act;

2. Amends the provisions describing Passamaquoddy Indian territory and Penobscot 36 Indian territory, the lands over which the tribe and the nation have the rights, privileges, 37 powers, duties and immunities of federally recognized Indian tribes under the Maine 38 39 Implementing Act. The bill restructures the procedures for land acquired by the United States Secretary of the Interior in trust for the tribe or the nation to be considered Indian 40 territory. Instead of limiting trust land acquisition to specifically described parcels of land, 41 the bill recognizes as Indian territory any land acquired by the secretary in trust for the tribe 42 43 or nation within specific counties of the State either prior to the effective date of this 44 legislation or after the effective date of this legislation if the land is not located within the borders of a city, town, village or plantation. If trust land within the specified counties is 45

acquired after the effective date of this legislation and is located within the borders of a
city, town, village or plantation, it may be considered Indian territory if the tribe or nation
enters into an agreement with the local government addressing payments in lieu of taxes,
allocation of law enforcement responsibility and land use. Lands acquired in trust for the
tribe or the nation under any applicable federal law, including the federal Indian
Reorganization Act, are also considered Indian territory;

- 3. Includes within Passamaquoddy Indian territory all lands owned in fee simple by
 the Passamaquoddy Tribe on the effective date of this legislation if those lands are located
 within specific counties and are subsequently acquired by the United States Secretary of
 the Interior in trust for the Passamaquoddy Tribe; and
- 4. Repeals the provisions of the Maine Implementing Act regarding the takings of
 tribal lands for public use.

13The bill provides that the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton14Band of Maliseet Indians, as well as their officers and employees, are immune from suit to15the same extent as other federally recognized Indian tribes and their officers and employees16under federal Indian law.

With respect to the regulation of natural resources, the bill:

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Recognizes the exclusive authority of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot
 Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians to regulate fishing, hunting, trapping and
 other taking of wildlife by both tribal and nontribal citizens within their respective Indian
 territories and trust land;

- 22 2. Retains the authority of the Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission under current23 law to regulate fishing on boundary waters; and
- Authorizes the State, solely for conservation purposes, to regulate tribal members
 engaged in fishing, hunting, trapping and other taking of wildlife off Indian territory or
 trust land to the extent permitted under federal Indian law and consistent with reserved
 tribal treaty rights.
- 28 The bill combines within one section of the Maine Implementing Act the authority of law enforcement officers appointed by the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the 29 Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation to enforce laws within their respective 30 Indian territories and trust land. The bill recognizes that law enforcement officers 31 appointed by the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation have exclusive authority 32 33 to enforce within their respective Indian territories, and law enforcement officers appointed by the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians have exclusive authority to enforce within 34 35 Houlton Band Trust Land, the criminal and juvenile laws over which their respective tribal 36 courts have exclusive jurisdiction.
- The bill also recognizes the authority of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians to create a tribal school committee analogous to the authority of the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation to create tribal school committees under current law.
 - With respect to civil jurisdiction, the bill:
- Recognizes the exclusive authority, under federal Indian law, of the Houlton Band
 of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation to exercise civil

regulatory authority on their respective Indian territory or trust land over their respective
 tribal members and tribal entities;

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- 2. Recognizes the concurrent authority with the State, under federal Indian law, of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation to exercise civil regulatory authority on their respective Indian territory or trust land over persons and entities who are not tribal citizens or tribal entities; and
- Recognizes and adopts the application of federal Indian law with respect to the
 authority of the State and of the tribal courts of the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the
 Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation to exercise adjudicatory jurisdiction over
 civil actions arising on the band's, tribe's or nation's respective Indian territory or trust land.
- 11 The bill also requires the development of a dispute resolution process to facilitate 12 resolution of disputes between the State and tribes.

The bill explicitly provides that, for purposes of the federal Maine Indian Claims 13 Settlement Act of 1980, Public Law 96-420, except for any provision of federal Indian law 14 that conflicts with the Maine Implementing Act's allocation between the State and the tribes 15 of jurisdiction over crimes and juvenile crimes, the provisions of any federal law enacted 16 17 before, on or after October 10, 1980, that accords a special status or right to or relates to a special status or right of any Indian, Indian nation, tribe or band of Indians, Indian lands, 18 Indian reservations, Indian country, Indian territory or land held in trust for Indians applies 19 to the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians 20 and their members and tribal lands. However, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot 21 Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians may conduct gaming activities only in 22 accordance with state law and not under the authority of the federal Indian Gaming 23 24 Regulatory Act or its implementing regulations.

25 Finally, the bill either repeals or repeals and replaces each provision of the Maine Implementing Act that was enacted by Public Law 1981, chapter 675 and provides that, if 26 the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians certifies its agreement to the provisions of this 27 28 legislation, that agreement constitutes a jurisdictional agreement between the State and the 29 Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians for purposes of the federal Maine Indian Claims 30 Settlement Act of 1980, Public Law 96-420, Section 6(e)(2) but does not constitute an 31 agreement by the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians that the provisions of Public Law 1981, chapter 675 ever took effect. 32

The provisions of this bill take effect 150 days after adjournment of the First Regular Session of the 132nd Legislature only if the relevant officials of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation and the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians certify the tribe's, nation's and band's agreements to the legislation within 120 days after adjournment of the First Regular Session of the 132nd Legislature.