

132nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-2025

Legislative Document

No. 1938

H.P. 1297

House of Representatives, May 6, 2025

An Act Regarding the Regulation of Tobacco

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

Presented by Representative MOONEN of Portland. Cosponsored by Senator INGWERSEN of York and Representatives: GRAHAM of North Yarmouth, KUHN of Falmouth, MEYER of Eliot.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §1202, sub-§2, ¶D is amended to read:
3 4 5	D. Sales made by a cigarette distributor to a licensed wholesale dealer or to the operator of 15 or more vending machines shall not be are not subject to a markup of 2% as stated in paragraph C, but such sales shall be are subject to full trade discount only.
6 7	Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §1542, sub-§2, ¶H, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 342, §1 and affected by §9, is repealed.
8 9	Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §1551-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 470, §9 and affected by §19, is amended to read:
10 11 12 13 14 15	1. Retail tobacco license. It is unlawful for any person, partnership or corporation that engages in retail sales, including retail sales through vending machines or in the free distribution of tobacco products, to sell, keep for sale or give away in the course of trade any tobacco products to anyone without first obtaining a retail tobacco license from the department, in accordance with this chapter. The department may not issue a license under this chapter that permits the retail sale of tobacco products through vending machines.
16 17	Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §1552, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2005, c. 145, §1, is further amended to read:
18 19 20 21	3. Multiple licenses. Except as provided in subsection 3-A, a licensee applying for licenses to operate more than one premises or more than one vending machine shall obtain a separate license for each premises and each machine and shall pay the fee prescribed for each premises and each machine.
22 23	Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §1552, sub-§3-A, as amended by PL 2009, c. 199, §3, is further amended to read:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	3-A. Seasonal mobile tobacco vendor license. An applicant who is a seasonal mobile tobacco vendor may purchase a single annual license authorizing that vendor to operate at 2 or more agricultural fairs, festivals or exhibitions held during the agricultural fair season. A license issued under this subsection must clearly specify the name and location of each fair, festival or exhibition at which the licensee is authorized to operate and, for each location, the specific dates and number of machines for which the licensee is authorized. A licensee may not operate at any agricultural fair, festival or exhibition except as specifically provided in that license. A seasonal mobile tobacco vendor license expires upon the conclusion of the agricultural fairs, festivals or exhibitions for which it was issued. Upon issuing a license under this subsection to the Office of the Attorney General for purposes of inspection and enforcement.
36	Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §1553-A, as amended by PL 2017, c. 308, §5, is repealed.
37	Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §1555-B, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 305, §5, is repealed.
38 39 40	Sec. 8. 22 MRSA §1558, sub-§5, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 470, §9 and affected by §19 and amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, §78 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:

 B. If a licensee is interested directly or indirectly in more than one license, the District Court may order that a revocation apply to any of those premises or machines. Sec. 9. 36 MRSA §4362-A, sub-§4, as repealed and replaced by PL 2003, c. 452, Pt. U, §9 and affected by Pt. X, §2, is amended to read: 4. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of this section. A. A distributor who imports into this State any cigarettes without holding a distributor's license issued by the assessor pursuant to this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$250 \$500 and not more than \$500 \$1,000 must be adjudged. B. A distributor who violates paragraph A after having been previously adjudicated as violating paragraph A commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$500 \$1,000 and not more than \$1,000 \$2,000 must be adjudged for each subsequent violation. C. A distributor who sells at wholesale, offers for sale at wholesale or possesses with intent to sell at wholesale any cigarettes without holding a distributor's license issued by the assessor pursuant to this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$250 \$500 and not more than \$500 \$1,000 must be adjudged. D. A distributor who violates paragraph C after having been previously adjudicated as violating paragraph C commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$500 \$1,000 and not more than \$1,4000 \$2,000 must be adjudged for each subsequent violation. Sec. 10. 36 MRSA \$4365-F, sub-\$2, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 457, Pt. AA, \$3 and affected by \$8, is amended to read: Liability. A person possessing cigarettes for resale is liable for the difference between the tax rate of 100 mills per cigarette and the tax rate of 50 mills per cigarette is tamp. Sec. 11. 36 MRSA \$4365-F, sub-\$3, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 457, Pt. AA, \$3 and affected by \$8, is repealed.		
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 distributor's license issued by the assessor pursuant to this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$250 \$500 and not more than \$500 \$1,000 must be adjudged. B. A distributor who violates paragraph A after having been previously adjudicated as violating paragraph A commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$500 \$1,000 and not more than \$1,000 \$2,000 must be adjudged for each subsequent violation. C. A distributor who sells at wholesale, offers for sale at wholesale or possesses with intent to sell at wholesale any cigarettes without holding a distributor's license issued by the assessor pursuant to this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$250 \$500 and not more than \$500 \$1,000 must be adjudged. D. A distributor who violates paragraph C after having been previously adjudicated as violating paragraph C commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$500 \$1,000 and not more than \$4,000 \$2,000 must be adjudged for each subsequent violation. Sec. 10. 36 MRSA \$4365-F, sub-\$2, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 457, Pt. AA, \$3 and affected by \$8, is amended to read: Liability. A person possessing cigarettes for resale is liable for the difference between the tax rate of 100 mills per cigarette and the tax rate of 50 mills per cigarette in effect before September 19, 2005. Stamps indicating payment of the tax imposed by this section must be affixed to all packages of cigarettes held for resale as of September 19, 2005, except that cigarettes held in vending machines as of that date do not require that stamp. Sec. 11. 36 MRSA \$4365-F, sub-\$3, as enacted by PL 2019, c. 530, Pt. A, \$1 and affected by \$8, is repealed. Sec. 12. 36 MRSA \$4401, sub-\$2-A, as enacted by PL 2019, c. 530, Pt. A, \$1 and affected by \$7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 2-A. Electronic smoking device. "Electronic smokin	5	4. Penalties. The following penalties apply to violations of this section.
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 violating paragraph A commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$500 \$1,000 and not more than \$1,000 \$2,000 must be adjudged for each subsequent violation. C. A distributor who sells at wholesale, offers for sale at wholesale or possesses with intent to sell at wholesale any cigarettes without holding a distributor's license issued by the assessor pursuant to this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$250 \$500 and not more than \$500 \$1,000 must be adjudged. D. A distributor who violates paragraph C after having been previously adjudicated as violating paragraph C commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$250 \$1000 and not more than \$1,000 \$2,000 must be adjudged for each subsequent violation. Sec. 10. 36 MRSA \$4365-F, sub-\$2, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 457, Pt. AA, \$3 and affected by \$8, is amended to read: Liability. A person possessing cigarettes for resale is liable for the difference between the tax rate of 100 mills per cigarette and the tax rate of 50 mills per cigarette in effect before September 19, 2005. Stamps indicating payment of the tax imposed by this section must be affixed to all packages of cigarettes held for resale as of September 19, 2005, except that cigarettes held in vending machines as of that date do not require that stamp. Sec. 11. 36 MRSA \$4365-F, sub-\$2-A, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 457, Pt. AA, \$3 and affected by \$8, is repealed. Sec. 12. 36 MRSA \$4401, sub-\$2-A, as enacted by PL 2019, c. 530, Pt. A, \$1 and affected by \$7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: A. Electronic smoking device, "Electronic smoking device" means a device that can be used to deliver aerosolized or vaporized nicotine to the person inhaling from the device, whet	8	violation for which a fine of not less than $\frac{500}{500}$ and not more than $\frac{500}{500}$
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1 Sec. 13. 36 MRSA §4401, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 783, §16, is amended 2 to read: 3 4. Place of business. "Place of business" means any place where tobacco products are sold or where tobacco products are manufactured, stored, or kept for the purpose of sale 4 or consumption, including any vessel, vehicle, airplane, or train or vending machines. 5 Sec. 14. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 5, 2026. 6 7 **SUMMARY** 8 This bill modifies provisions of law governing the regulation of cigarettes and other 9 tobacco products as follows. 10 1. It modifies the provision of law that prohibits smoking in all enclosed areas of public places by eliminating the exception that allows smoking in motel or hotel rooms that are 11 rented to members of the public. 12 2. It prohibits the sale of tobacco products in vending machines. 13 14 3. It increases the penalties for licensing violations for cigarette distributors. 15 4. It modifies the provisions of law governing the tax on tobacco products by replacing the definition of "electronic smoking device" under current law. The bill clarifies that while 16 components, parts and accessories of the device, including substances intended to be 17 18 aerosolized or vaporized by using the device, are included in the definition of "electronic smoking device," any separately sold batteries or chargers, or drugs, devices or 19 combination products authorized for sale by the federal Food and Drug Administration, are 20 not included in that definition. 21 22 The bill provides an effective date of January 5, 2026 for these changes.