

129th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2019

Legislative Document	No. 13
H.P. 14	House of Representatives, January 2, 2019

An Act To Allow Microgrids That Are in the Public Interest

Reference to the Committee on Energy, Utilities and Technology suggested and ordered printed.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

Presented by Representative DEVIN of Newcastle.

1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA §2305-B, sub-§§1 and 2, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 110,
§2, are amended to read:

1. Transmission and distribution utilities; microgrids. A transmission and distribution utility or a person that constructs, maintains or operates a new microgrid approved in accordance with section 3351, subsection 3 may construct and maintain its lines in, upon, along, over, across or under the roads and streets in any municipality in which it is authorized to supply electricity, subject to the conditions and restrictions provided in this chapter and chapter 25.

Persons other than transmission and distribution utilities or persons that
construct, maintain or operate a new microgrid. A person other than a transmission
and distribution utility or person that constructs, maintains or operates a new microgrid
approved in accordance with section 3351, subsection 3 may not construct or maintain
electric lines, including poles or other related structures, in, upon, along, over, across or
under a road, street or other public way unless:

- 16 A. The person satisfies the requirements of section 2503;
- B. The person or the person's contractor hired to construct the line provides to theapplicable licensing authority a performance bond:
- 19 (1) In the amount of the value of the line, including poles or other related20 structures, to be located in the public way; and
- 21 (2) That is enforceable for one year from the date the line is energized;

C. Prior to constructing the line, the person notifies the transmission and distribution utility in whose service territory the line is proposed to be built of the proposed location of the line; and

D. If a public utility objects to the line on the basis that it may constitute a duplication of existing transmission or distribution facilities or may interfere with the adequate and safe delivery of electricity to others, the commission issues a finding that the line is not a duplication of existing transmission or distribution facilities and does not interfere with the adequate and safe delivery of electricity to others. A finding is not required under this paragraph unless a public utility has objected in writing to the applicable licensing authority.

- 32 Sec. 2. 35-A MRSA c. 33-A is enacted to read:
 - CHAPTER 33-A
 - MICROGRIDS

35 **§3351. Microgrids**

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36 <u>1. Definitions.</u> As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the
37 following terms have the following meanings.

1 2	A. "Distributed energy resources" means small-scale electrical generation sources located close to where the generated electricity is used.
3 4 5 6 7 8	B. "New microgrid" means a group of interconnected loads and distributed energy resources within clearly defined electrical boundaries that acts as a single controllable entity with respect to the electric grid and can connect and disconnect from the electric grid to enable the new microgrid to operate in both electric grid-connected mode and nongrid-connected mode, also referred to as island mode, and that is constructed after October 1, 2019.
9 10 11 12 13	2. Microgrids, public utility exception. Notwithstanding section 2102 or any other provision of this Title, a person that constructs, maintains or operates a new microgrid approved under subsection 3 does not, as a result of furnishing service through that new microgrid to participating consumers, become a public utility and is not subject to regulation as a public utility under this Title.
14 15 16	3. Commission approval. The commission shall approve a petition to construct and operate a new microgrid if the commission finds that operation of the new microgrid is in the public interest and the new microgrid meets at least the following requirements:
17 18	A. The proposed new microgrid will serve a total load of no more than 10 megawatts;
19 20	B. The distributed energy resources for the new microgrid meet the portfolio requirements in section 3210, subsections 3 and 3-A;
21 22	C. The person proposing the new microgrid demonstrates that the person has the financial capacity to operate the proposed new microgrid;
23 24	D. The person proposing the new microgrid demonstrates the technical capability to operate the proposed new microgrid;
25 26	E. There is a relationship between the proposed new microgrid operator and consumers within the area to be served by the proposed new microgrid;
27 28 29 30	F. The person proposing, owning or operating the new microgrid is not an investor- owned transmission and distribution utility, an affiliate of an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility or an affiliated interest of an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility; and
31 32	<u>G.</u> The proposed new microgrid will not negatively affect the reliability and security of the electrical system.
33 34 35 36 37	For the purposes of this subsection, when determining whether a proposed new microgrid is in the public interest, the commission may consider possible ratepayer effects, whether positive or negative, benefits due to the increased resilience or reliability of the electric grid, economic development benefits or any other factors the commission considers necessary to promote the public interest.
38 39 40	In granting its approval, the commission shall impose such terms, conditions or requirements on the construction, maintenance or operation of the new microgrid as, in its judgment, it considers necessary.

<u>4. Participant; grid protections.</u> A new microgrid approved in accordance with
subsection 3 is subject to commission oversight to ensure reliability and security of the
electrical system and consumer protections for new microgrid consumers.

Sec. 3. Report. The Public Utilities Commission shall submit a report by January 15, 2021 to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy and utility matters detailing its activities related to new microgrids as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 3351, subsection 1, paragraph B, including whether any new microgrids have been approved under Title 35-A, section 3351. The report must also include any recommendations for legislation that may be necessary to clarify or enhance the law regarding new microgrids. The committee may report out a bill to the First Regular Session of the 130th Legislature based on the report.

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SUMMARY

This bill directs the Public Utilities Commission to approve a petition to construct 13 and operate a new microgrid if the commission finds the proposal to be in the public 14 15 interest and the new microgrid meets other specified requirements. It provides the commission with the ability to impose such terms, conditions or requirements as, in its 16 judgment, it considers necessary in approving a new microgrid and also gives the 17 commission oversight to ensure reliability and security of the electrical system and 18 consumer protections for new microgrid consumers. It specifies that a new microgrid 19 does not become a public utility as a result of its furnishing electrical service to 20 participating consumers. It provides that a new microgrid that has been approved by the 21 22 commission may construct, maintain or operate its lines in, upon, along, over, across or under the roads and streets. The bill directs the Public Utilities Commission to submit a 23 report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy 24 25 and utility matters by January 15, 2021.