

PLEASE NOTE: Legislative Information **cannot** perform research, provide legal advice, or interpret Maine law. For legal assistance, please contact a qualified attorney.

Amend the bill by striking out the title and substituting the following:

**'An Act To Establish a Moratorium on the Approval and
Operation of Virtual Public Charter Schools and To Amend
the Laws Related to Public Funding of Charter Schools'**

Amend the bill by striking out everything after the title and before the summary and inserting the following:

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Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §2405, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2011, c. 570, §§5 and 6, is further amended to read:

4. Reporting and evaluation. An authorizer shall submit to the commissioner and the Legislature an annual report within 60 days of the end of each school fiscal year summarizing:

- A. The authorizer's strategic vision for chartering and progress toward achieving that vision;
- B. The performance of all operating public charter schools overseen by the authorizer, according to the performance measures and expectations specified in the charter contracts;
- C. The status of the authorizer's public charter school portfolio of approved charter applications, identifying all public charter schools within that portfolio as:

(1) Approved, but not yet open;

(2) Operating;

(3) Renewed;

(4) Transferred;

(5) Terminated;

(6) Closed; or

(7) Never opened;

D. The oversight and services provided by the authorizer to the public charter schools under the authorizer's purview; and

E. The total amount of funds collected from each public charter school the authorizer authorized pursuant to subsection 5, paragraph B and the costs incurred by the authorizer to oversee each public charter school.

Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §2407, sub-§5, ¶C, as amended by PL 2013, c. 272, §1, is further amended to read:

C. Within 10 days of rendering a decision on an application, the authorizer shall report to the commissioner and the Legislature the action it has taken. The authorizer shall provide a copy of the report to the applicant at the same time that the report is submitted to the commissioner and the Legislature.

Sec. 3. 20-A MRSA §2411, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 414, §5, is amended to read:

7. Notification to commissioner and the Legislature. Within 10 days of taking action to renew, not renew or revoke a charter under this section, the authorizer shall report to the commissioner and the Legislature the action taken and shall provide a copy of the report to the public charter school at the same time that the report is submitted to the commissioner and the Legislature. The report must include a copy of the governing entity of the authorizer's resolution setting forth the action taken and reasons for the decision.

Sec. 4. 20-A MRSA §2413, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

3. Funding for public charter schools authorized by the commission. Beginning with fiscal year 2014-15, this section no longer applies to public charter schools authorized by the commission.

Sec. 5. 20-A MRSA §2413-A is enacted to read:

§ 2413-A. Funding for public charter schools authorized by the commission

Beginning with fiscal year 2014-15, this section applies to public charter schools authorized by the commission.

1. Pupil count. Students enrolled in and attending public charter schools must be reported to the department, for attendance and funding purposes, as provided in section 15683-B, subsection 2 and department rules amended or adopted pursuant to this chapter.

2. Revenue provisions. State allocation funds follow each student to the public charter school attended by the student.

A. For each public charter school, the total allocation must be determined as follows.

(1) The total allocation must be calculated pursuant to section 15683-B, based on the student's grade level and adjusted as appropriate for economically disadvantaged students and limited English proficiency students pursuant to section 15675, subsections 1 and 2. Debt service and capital outlays may not be included in the calculation of these allocations. The department shall adopt rules governing how to calculate per-pupil allocations, including those for targeted funds for assessment, technology and kindergarten to grade 2 programs.

(2) For students attending public charter schools, the payments for public charter schools must be made pursuant to section 15683-B, subsection 6.

(3) For transportation expenses, the transportation operating allocation must be the statewide per-pupil essential programs and services transportation operating allocation multiplied by pupil counts under section 15683-B, subsection 2, paragraph A multiplied by the percentage established by the commission for the public charter school but not to exceed 100%.

(4) The department shall pay to the public charter school any additional allocation assigned to the public charter school for gifted and talented students pursuant to section 15681-A, subsection 5 in the year in which the allocation is assigned.

B. The following provisions govern special education funding.

(1) For each enrolled special education pupil, a public charter school must receive the average additional allocation calculated by the department under section 15681-A, subsection 2 for its special education students. These allocations must be paid on the same basis as the per-pupil allocations for operating funds.

(2) The department shall pay directly to the public charter school any federal or state aid attributable to a student with a disability attending the public charter school in proportion to the level of services for the student with a disability that the public charter school provides directly or indirectly.

(3) The department shall pay to the public charter school any additional allocation assigned to the public charter school because of a high-cost in-district special education placement in accordance with section 15681-A, subsection 2, paragraph B in the year in which the allocation is assigned as an adjustment to the public charter school's state contribution.

(4) The department shall pay to the public charter school any additional allocation assigned to the school administrative unit because of a high-cost out-of-district special education placement in accordance with section 15681-A, subsection 2, paragraph C in the year in which the allocation is assigned.

C. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the State shall send applicable federal funds directly to public charter schools attended by eligible students. Public charter schools with students eligible for funds under Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, 20 United States Code, Section 6301 et seq. must receive and use these funds in accordance with federal and state law. During the first year of operation, a public charter school must receive Title I funds on the basis of an estimated enrollment of eligible students, as agreed with its authorizer.

D. A public charter school may receive gifts and grants from private sources in any manner that is available to a school administrative unit.

E. A public charter school may not levy taxes or issue bonds secured by tax revenues.

F. Any money received by a public charter school from any source and remaining in the school's accounts at the end of any budget year remains in the school's accounts for use by the school during subsequent budget years and may not revert to the authorizer or to the State.

G. Nothing in this chapter may be construed to prohibit any person or organization from providing funding or other assistance for the establishment or operation of a public charter school. The governing board of a public charter school may accept gifts, donations or grants of any kind made to the school and expend or use such gifts, donations or grants in accordance with the conditions prescribed by the donor except that a gift, donation or grant may not be accepted if subject to a condition that is contrary to any provision of law or term of the charter contract.

Sec. 6. 20-A MRSA §15683-B is enacted to read:

§ 15683-B. Public charter schools; calculation of total allocation and state contribution

Beginning with fiscal year 2014-15, this section applies to public charter schools authorized by the Maine Charter School Commission in accordance with the funding provisions established in section 2413-A.

1. Calculation of EPS per-pupil rates. For a public charter school, the commissioner shall calculate that school's EPS per-pupil rate for each year as follows.

A. The EPS per-pupil rate for elementary grades is calculated by multiplying the number of students from the resident school administrative unit by the resident school administrative unit's elementary EPS per-pupil rate; then the total elementary cost for students from each resident school administrative unit is added and the result divided by the total elementary student counts in the public charter school. The result is the average elementary grade EPS per-pupil rate for the public charter school.

B. The EPS per-pupil rate for secondary grades is calculated by multiplying the number of students from the resident school administrative unit by the resident school administrative unit's secondary EPS per-pupil rate; then the total secondary cost for students from each resident school

administrative unit is added and the result divided by the total secondary student counts in the public charter school. The result is the average secondary grade EPS per-pupil rate for the public charter school.

2. Pupil counts. For a public charter school, the commissioner shall determine that school's student counts for each year as follows.

A. The basic student count for a public charter school is the average of the 2 pupil counts for the school for April 1st and October 1st of the most recent calendar year prior to the year of funding.

B. The number of economically disadvantaged students for each public charter school is determined by multiplying the number of pupils by the most recent available elementary free or reduced-price meals percentage. The elementary free or reduced-price meals percentage may be applied to determine the number of economically disadvantaged students in the public charter school secondary grades. If the public charter school does not operate elementary grades, the most recent available secondary free or reduced-price meals percentage must be used in place of the elementary free or reduced-price meals percentage.

C. The number of limited English proficiency students for each public charter school is the number of limited English proficiency students from the most recent October count prior to the year of funding.

D. The number of special education students for each public charter school is the number of special education students from the most recent October count prior to the year of funding.

3. Operating allocation. For a public charter school, the commissioner shall determine that school's operating allocation for each year as the sum of:

A. The base allocation, which is the pupil counts in subsection 2, paragraph A multiplied by the public charter school's EPS per-pupil rates in subsection 1;

B. The economically disadvantaged allocation, which is the pupil counts in subsection 2, paragraph B multiplied by the additional weight for each economically disadvantaged student pursuant to section 15675, subsection 2;

C. The limited English proficiency allocation, which is the pupil counts in subsection 2, paragraph C multiplied by the additional weight for each limited English proficiency student pursuant to section 15675, subsection 1;

D. The targeted funds for standards-based system allocation, which is based on the per-pupil amount pursuant to section 15683, subsection 1, paragraph C multiplied by pupil counts in subsection 2, paragraph A;

E. The targeted funds for technology resource allocation, which is based on the per-pupil amount pursuant to section 15683, subsection 1, paragraph D multiplied by pupil counts in subsection 2, paragraph A; and

F. The targeted funds for public preschool to grade 2 student allocation, which is based on the preschool to grade 2 pupil counts in subsection 2, paragraph A multiplied by the public charter school's elementary EPS per-pupil rates in subsection 1.

The operating allocation calculated pursuant to this subsection must be adjusted by multiplying it by the appropriate transition percentage in accordance with section 15671, subsection 7.

4. Other subsidizable costs allocation. For a public charter school, the commissioner shall determine that school's other subsidizable costs allocation for each year as the sum of:

A. The gifted and talented allocation pursuant to section 2413-A, subsection 2, paragraph A, subparagraph (4);

B. The special education allocation pursuant to section 2413-A, subsection 2, paragraph B; and

C. The transportation operating allocation, which is the statewide per-pupil essential programs and services transportation operating allocation multiplied by pupil counts in subsection 2, paragraph A multiplied by the percentage established by the Maine Charter School Commission for that public charter school but not to exceed 100%.

A public charter school does not pay for its students to attend career and technical education programs, and therefore is not entitled to career and technical education funding. The school administrative unit in which the public charter school student resides must pay the cost of attendance for the student at a career and technical education program.

5. Total allocation and state contribution. For a public charter school, the commissioner shall determine that school's total allocation as the sum of the school's operating allocation and other subsidizable costs allocation, and this amount is the state contribution.

6. Payment of state contribution. For public charter schools, the commissioner shall authorize state subsidy payments to be made in accordance with the same schedule of payments for school administrative units pursuant to section 15689-B.

7. MaineCare seed. For public charter schools, the commissioner may deduct from a public charter school's state subsidy and pay on behalf of the public charter school allowable school-based costs that represent the public charter school's portion of MaineCare payments. A transfer of payment by the department to the Department of Health and Human Services must be made pursuant to a schedule agreed upon by the Department of Health and Human Services and the department and based on documentation of payments made from MaineCare funds.

8. Curtailment adjustment. In any funding year, if general purpose aid for local schools funding is curtailed, the public charter school state contribution under this chapter must be curtailed by the proportional percentage that school administrative units have been curtailed.

9. Phase-in procedures for new or newly expanded public charter schools. For a new or newly expanded public charter school, the commissioner shall make a preliminary calculation of total allocation based on the following:

A. Estimated student counts not to exceed the enrollment limit established by the Maine Charter School Commission;

B. Estimated rates and weights based on statewide averages; and

C. The preliminary calculation of total allocation, which must be replaced with actual student data once students have been enrolled for the new school year. The new or newly expanded public charter school must enroll new students no later than August 1st in the State's student information system.

Sec. 7. 20-A MRSA §15689-B, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:

2-A. Notification of state contribution to public charter schools. The commissioner shall annually, prior to February 1st, notify the governing board of each public charter school of the estimated amount of state contribution to be allocated to the public charter school pursuant to section 15683-B.

Sec. 8. 20-A MRSA §15689-C, sub-§2, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 2, Pt. D, §61 and affected by §§72 and 74 and c. 12, Pt. WW, §18, is amended to read:

A. The requested funding levels for the operating allocation under ~~section~~sections 15683 and 15683-B;

Sec. 9. 20-A MRSA §15689-D, as amended by PL 2013, c. 368, Pt. C, §18, is further amended to read:

§ 15689-D. Governor's recommendation for funding levels

1. Annual recommendations. The Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of the Budget shall annually certify to the Legislature the funding levels that the Governor recommends under sections 15683, 15683-A, 15683-B, 15688-A, 15689 and 15689-A and the amount for any other components of the total cost of funding public education from kindergarten to grade 12 pursuant to this chapter. The Governor's recommendations must be transmitted to the Legislature within the time schedules set forth in Title 5, section 1666 and in the form and manner described in subsection 2. The commissioner may adjust, consistent with the Governor's recommendation for funding levels, per-pupil amounts not related to staffing pursuant to section 15680 and targeted funds pursuant to section 15681.

2. Funding level computations. The Governor's recommendations under subsection 1 must specify the amounts that are recommended for the total operating allocation pursuant to section 15683, the total of other subsidizable costs pursuant to section 15681-A, the total debt service allocation pursuant to section 15683-A, the total allocation pursuant to section 15683-B, the total costs of enhancing student performance and opportunity pursuant to section 15688-A, the total adjustments pursuant to section 15689, the total miscellaneous costs pursuant to section 15689-A, the amount for any other components of the total cost of funding public education from kindergarten to grade 12 and the total cost of funding public

education from kindergarten to grade 12 pursuant to this chapter. The Governor's recommendations regarding the adjustments and miscellaneous costs components also must delineate each amount that is recommended for each subsection and paragraph under sections 15689 and 15689-A and the purposes for each cost in these sections. For each amount shown in the Governor's recommendations, the Governor's recommendations must also show the amount for the same component or purpose that is included in the most recently approved state budget, the differences between the amounts in the most recently approved state budget and the Governor's recommendations and the reasons for the changes.

Sec. 10. 20-A MRSA §15689-E, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 2013, c. 368, Pt. C, §19, is further amended to read:

B. The state share of the total operating allocation and the total debt service allocation described in sections 15683 ~~and~~, 15683-A and 15683-B;

Sec. 11. Reports to the Legislature. Beginning on the effective date of this section and until one year after the effective date of this section, a virtual public charter school shall also submit to the Legislature each report that the virtual public charter school is required to submit to the Commissioner of Education or to the Department of Education.

Sec. 12. Moratorium on operations of virtual public charter schools. Notwithstanding the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, chapter 112 or any other law to the contrary, the Maine Charter School Commission may not approve, authorize or execute a contract for a virtual public charter school during the period between the effective date of this section and one year following the effective date of this section. Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the operation of a virtual public charter school that, prior to the effective date of this section, was approved or authorized by the Maine Charter School Commission or that executed a contract with the Maine Charter School Commission.'

SUMMARY

This amendment strikes the bill and replaces it with the following.

1. It establishes provisions to fund public charter schools that are authorized by the Maine Charter School Commission beginning in fiscal year 2014-15. The amendment establishes provisions that calculate the total allocation of funds to be provided under general purpose aid for local schools for public charter schools that are authorized by the Maine Charter School Commission and establishes that the Commissioner of Education must adjust the operating allocation calculated for public charter schools by multiplying the operating allocation by the appropriate transition percentage in accordance with the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 15671, subsection 7.

2. It also provides that, beginning in fiscal year 2014-15, the Commissioner of Education's recommendations for funding levels under the Essential Programs and Services Funding Act must include funding level computations for the total operating allocation of funds to public charter schools authorized by the commission in accordance with the provisions of this amendment.

3. Like the bill, this amendment establishes a moratorium on virtual public charter schools, but the amendment changes the period during which the moratorium applies to the period between the effective date of this legislation and one year following the effective date of this legislation.

4. This amendment requires that virtual public charter schools and authorizers include the Legislature among the recipients of certain of their reports.

The amendment also strikes the emergency preamble and the emergency clause.