PLEASE NOTE: Legislative Information *cannot* perform research, provide legal advice, or interpret Maine law. For legal assistance, please contact a qualified attorney.

An Act To Improve the Seed Capital Investment Tax Credit Program

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §1100-T, sub-§2, ¶A, as amended by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. E, §1, is further amended to read:

A. A tax credit certificate may be issued in an amount not more than 40%60% of the amount of cash actually invested in an eligible Maine business in any calendar year or in an amount not more than 60% of the amount of cash actually invested in any one calendar year in an eligible Maine business located in a high-unemployment area, as determined by rule by the authority. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Sec. 2. 10 MRSA §1100-T, sub-§2-A, ¶**A,** as amended by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. E, §4, is further amended to read:

A. A tax credit certificate may be issued to an <u>individual who invests investor</u> in a private venture capital fund in an amount that:

(1) Is not more than 40%60% of the amount of cash actually invested in or unconditionally committed to a private venture capital fund in any calendar year by the individual or entity, except that with respect to fund investments that are made in eligible businesses that are located in a high unemployment area, as determined by rule of the authority under subsection 2, the tax credit certificate may not be more than 60% of the cash actually invested in or unconditionally committed to a private venture capital fund in any calendar year by the individual or entity; and

(2) Does not exceed 40%60% of the amount of cash invested by the fund in eligible businesses; except that with respect to fund investments that are made in eligible businesses that are located in a high unemployment area, as determined by rule of the authority under subsection 2, a tax eredit certificate may not be more than 60% of the cash invested by the fund in any calendar year in such businesses; provided that the authority may issue tax credit certificates in an amount not to exceed 20% of the amount of cash actually invested in or unconditionally committed to a private venture capital fund in any calendar year if the authority determines that the private venture capital fund is located in this State, is owned and controlled primarily by residents of this State and has designated investing in eligible businesses of this State as a major investment objective. The credit may be revoked to the extent that the private venture capital fund does not make investments eligible for the tax credit certificates. Notwithstanding any revocation pursuant to this subparagraph, each investor remains eligible for tax credit certificates for eligible investments as and when made by the private venture capital fund.

The aggregate amount of credits issued to investors in a fund may not exceed $40\% \underline{60\%}$ of the amount of cash invested by the fund in eligible businesses, except that with respect to fund investments in eligible businesses that are located in a high unemployment area, the aggregate amount of tax eredits issued to investors in a fund may not exceed 60% of the cash invested by the fund in eligible businesses.

Sec. 3. 10 MRSA §1100-T, sub-§2-A, ¶D, as amended by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. E, §4, is further amended to read:

D. The investment with respect to which any individual or entity is applying for a tax credit certificate may not be more than an aggregate of \$500,000 in any one eligible business invested in by a private venture capital fund in any 3 consecutive calendar years, except that this paragraph does not limit other investment by any applicant for which that applicant is not applying for a tax credit certificate and except that, if the entity applying for a tax credit certificate is a partnership, limited liability company, S corporation, nontaxable trust or any other entity that is treated as a flow-through entity for tax purposes under the federal Internal Revenue Code, the aggregate limit of \$500,000 or \$200,000, as applicable, applies to each individual partner, member, stockholder, beneficiary or equity owner of the entity and not to the entity itself. This paragraph does not limit other investment by any applicant is not applying for a tax credit certificate.

Sec. 4. 10 MRSA §1100-T, sub-§2-A, ¶E, as amended by PL 2001, c. 446, §2 and affected by §6, is further amended to read:

E. Each business receiving an investment from a private venture capital fund, which investment is used as the basis for the issuance of a tax credit certificate, must have annual gross sales of \$3,000,000 or less and the operation of the business must be the full-time professional activity of the principal owner, as determined by the authority. The principal owner and principal owner's spouse, if any, are not eligible for a credit for investment in that business or for an investment by the private venture capital fund in that business. A tax credit certificate may not be issued to a parent, brother, sister or child of a principal owner if the parent, brother, sister or child has any existing ownership interest in that business or for an investment by the private venture capital fund in that business.

Sec. 5. 10 MRSA §1100-T, sub-§2-A, ¶H, as amended by PL 2001, c. 446, §2 and affected by §6, is further amended to read:

H. The investors in a private venture capital fund are not entitled to the<u>a</u> credit for <u>collective</u> ownershipthe investment in an eligible business to the extent the private venture capital fund owns in excess of 50% of <u>anythat</u> business <u>at the time of the application for the tax credit certificate</u>. An investor in a private venture capital fund determined by the authority to be a principal owner of a business and the principal owner's spouse, if any, are not entitled to a credit with respect to investment in that business, nor are the principal owner's parents, siblings or children entitled to a credit if they have any existing ownership interest in the business.

Sec. 6. 10 MRSA §1100-T, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. E, §5, is further amended to read:

4. Total of credits authorized. The authority may issue tax credit certificates to investors eligible pursuant to subsections 2 and 2-A in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$2,000,000 up to and including calendar year 1996, \$3,000,000 up to and including calendar year 1997, \$5,500,000 up to and including calendar year 1998, \$8,000,000 up to and including calendar year 2001, \$11,000,000 up to and including calendar year 2002, \$14,000,000 up to and including calendar year 2003, \$17,000,000 up to and including calendar year 2004, \$20,000,000 up to and including calendar year 2005, \$23,000,000 up to and including calendar year 2006, \$26,000,000 up to and including calendar year 2007 and, \$30,000,000 up to and including calendar year 2007 and, \$30,000,000 up to and including calendar year 2011 and \$50,000,000 thereafter. The authority may provide that investors eligible for a tax credit under this section in a year when there is insufficient credit available are entitled to take the credit when it becomes available.

Sec. 7. 36 MRSA §5216-B, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2003, c. 451, Pt. E, §8, is further amended to read:

2. Credit. An investor is entitled to a credit against the tax otherwise due under this Part equal to the amount of the tax credit certificate issued by the Finance Authority of Maine in accordance with Title 10, section 1100-T and as limited by this section. In the case of partnerships, limited liability companies, S corporations, nontaxable trusts and any other entities that are treated as flow-through entities for tax purposes under the Code, the individual partners, members, stockholders, beneficiaries or equity owners of such entities must be treated as the investors under this section and are allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due from them under this Part in proportion to their respective interests in those partnerships, limited liability companies, S corporations, trusts or other flow-through entities or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members or equity owners documenting an alternate allocation method. Credits may be allocated to partners, members or equity owners that are exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the Code, and those partners, members or owners must be treated as taxpayers for the purposes of this subsection. Except as limited or authorized by subsection 3 or 4, 25% of the credit must be taken in the taxable year the investment is made and 25% per year must be taken in each of the next 3 taxable years. Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection, for credits authorized for investments made after September 15, 2009 and before December 31, 2009, 16.67% of the credit must be taken in the taxable year the investment is made, 16.67% of the credit must be taken in the next taxable year and 33.33% of the credit must be taken in each subsequent taxable year; and for credits authorized for investments made during calendar year 2010, 16.66% of the credit must be taken in the taxable year the investment is made and 27.78% of the credit must be taken in each subsequent taxable year.

Sec. 8. 36 MRSA §5216-B, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 854, §§4 and 5, is amended to read:

3. Credit refundable. The <u>credit allowed under this section is fully refundable, except that for</u> residents of Maine the amount of the credit allowed under this section for any one taxable year shallmay not exceed 50% of the tax imposed by this Part on the investor for the taxable year before application of the credit.

SUMMARY

This bill changes the seed capital investment tax credit program by increasing the existing credit from 40% of an eligible investment to 60% and applying it uniformly across the State rather than basing it on unemployment rates. The bill eliminates the up-front tax credit for investors in certain venture capital funds and makes changes to the conditions and restrictions related to business ownership by investors in private venture capital funds. The bill retains the current amount of \$30,000,000 as the aggregate amount of credits that the Finance Authority of Maine may issue through the end of calendar year 2011 and then increases the amount to \$50,000,000 starting in 2012. It allows investors entitled to the credit that are part of a partnership, corporation or similar entity to allocate the credit using an alternate allocation method rather than allocating the credit in direct proportion to their respective interests in those partnerships, corporations or similar entities. It adds the partners, members or equity owners of certain nonprofit, civic and charitable organizations to the list of those entitled to the credit and states that they must be treated as taxpayers for the purposes of this refundable credit. The bill provides an exception to the provision that specifies that 25% of the tax credit must be taken in the year the investment is made for certain time periods and provides a schedule that specifies what percentage must be taken in each taxable year. The bill also makes the tax credit refundable to provide an incentive for investment in Maine businesses.