

Global Partners in South Portland

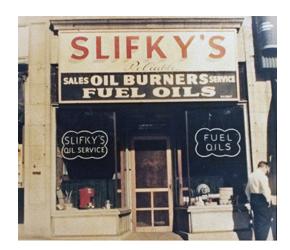
February 10, 2020



Our Family History



- Global Partners began in the Boston area as a one-truck home heating oil operation during the Great Depression.
- Today, we're a third-generation, family-run company headquartered in Waltham, MA and committed to providing our customers in the Northeast with fuel to heat their homes, power their cars and trucks and operate their businesses.







Fueling the Future





Helping Maine Families and Businesses





118

Employees at our South Portland terminal and 13 retail stations throughout the state



\$12.3M

Taxes paid by Global to the state of Maine in 2019



66K

Maine households heated every winter season by heating oil stored here



800

Miles of roads that can be repaired annually with asphalt stored here

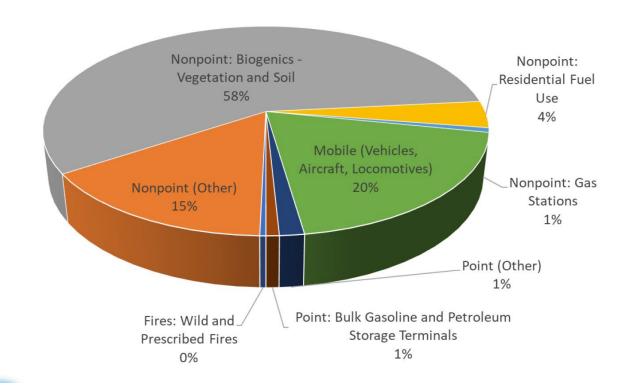
Air Quality Facts



- Our South Portland terminal is one of 15 permitted facilities in the area.
- Combined, all the energy terminals in South Portland contribute to 1% of total VOCs in Cumberland County.
- Global's facility contributes to less than 3% of that 1%. The source of 99.97% of VOCs come from elsewhere.

VOCs in Cumberland County

Data from EPA's most current National Emissions Inventory (NEI, 2014)



Listening and Responding



Local action:

- Installing enhanced odor controls on our heated tanks, which will have emissions tested and reported to the DEP.
- Reduced the amount of product shipped through our facility.
- Contributed \$15,000 to support DEP's local air monitoring efforts.
- Provided an Odor Reporting Form on our South Portland website and began publishing annual emissions reports to our site.
- Hired a full-time community liaison in 2019 to help us be responsive to the community.



Local Partners



Supporting the South Portland community:

- Sponsor of PSL Services/STRIVE, which supports youth and young adults with developmental disabilities.
- Sponsor of the Opportunity Alliance, which supports the needs of families and individuals in Cumberland County.
- Annual home heating oil donation of 2,500 gallons to the South Portland General Assistance Program. This year also donated Global made hand sanitizer to the Police Department and local nonprofits.
- Supporter of the South Portland Food Cupboard.
- Active member of the South Portland/Cape Elizabeth Chamber of Commerce, the Portland Waterfront Alliance, the Portland Propeller Club and the Maine Better Transportation Association.





Collaborating with Our Maine CDC Colleagues

South Portland / Portland 24-Hour Volatile Organic Compounds Air Monitoring Results Analysis and Summary Report Update

Analysis and Summary Update for Sampling Period through June 2020

August 21, 2020

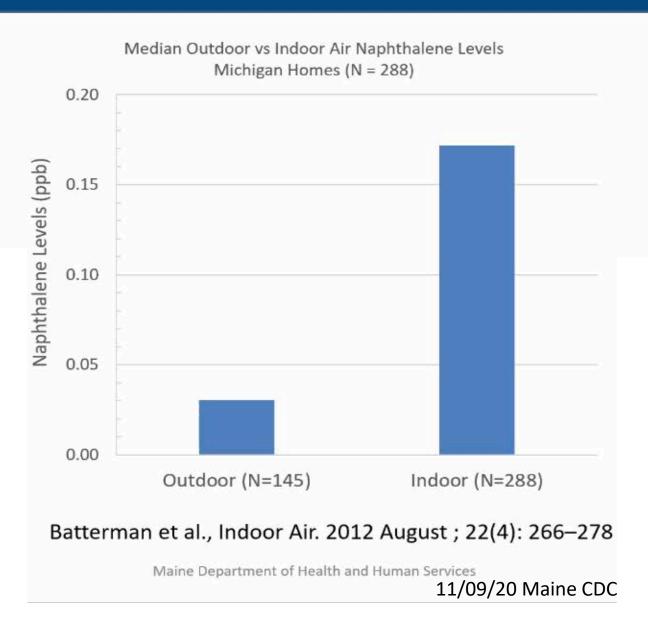
Prepared by the Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention

June 2020 VOC analytical data was delivered to Maine CDC on August 4, 2020



Indoor Air

Indoor sources of naphthalene include: paints, adhesives, flooring, air fresheners, pest control products, cigarette smoke, cooking, wood stoves, attached garage.



VOCs in Cumberland County

Data from EPA's most current National Emissions Inventory (NEI, 2014)

VOC Emissions in Cumberland County (2014 NEI)

	Emissions
Category	(Tons/Year)
Nonpoint: Biogenics - Vegetation and Soil	10,841
Mobile (Vehicles, Aircraft, Locomotives)	3,662
Nonpoint (Other)	2,865
Nonpoint: Residential Fuel Use	775
Point (Other)	282
Point: Bulk Gasoline & Petroleum Storage Terminals	150
Nonpoint: Gas Stations	131
Fires: Wild and Prescribed Fires	69

Category descriptions:

- Fires: emissions from fires including agricultural fires, prescribed fires, and wild fires.
- Nonpoint: emissions estimates from sources which individually are too small to report as point sources.
- Mobile: includes emissions from on-road vehicles, off-road vehicles, locomotives, aircraft, and commercial marine vessels.
- Point: emissions from larger sources that are located at a fixed, stationary location (e.g., a business or power plant)

Subcategories within each category have been highlighted. "Other" indicates the remaining emissions from that category.

Example of unnecessary regulation

Maine Department of Environmental Protection



Measurement and Control of Emissions from Aboveground Petroleum Storage Tanks

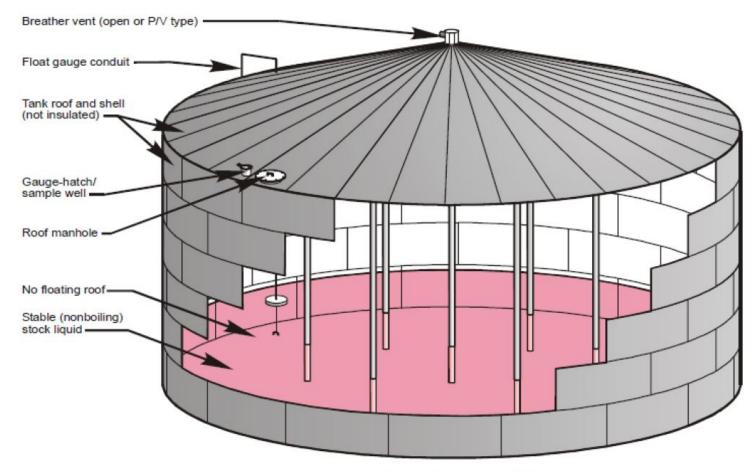
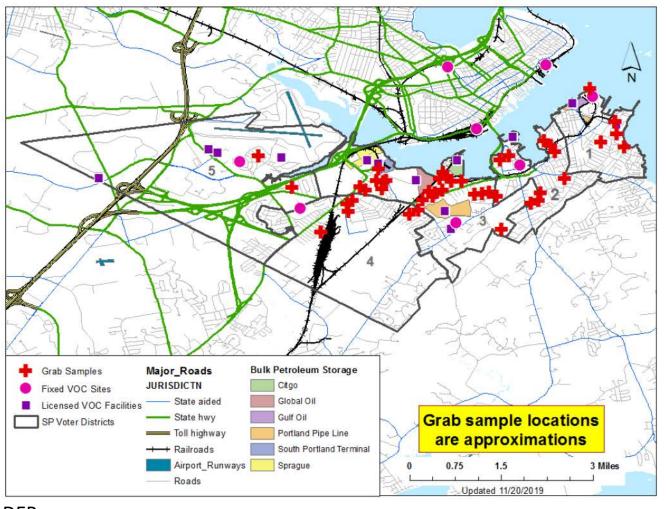


Figure 1: Typical fixed roof tank. 19

Map of All Grab Sampling Locations



MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

08/31/20 Maine DEP





Memo

To: Clean Air Advisory Committee

From: Scott Morelli, City Manager

CC: David Plumb, Facilitator; Adrian Kendall, Special Legal Counsel

Date: February 1, 2021

Although I have weighed in occasionally on your discussions over the past 14 months, I have not tried

to influence and after the expiration of the CAAC's term. Once we have a year's worth of data from the four re-located

make any comment monitoring sites (and a new site on Mechanic St), it will either lead us to findings that there are

Now that each unhealthy levels of VOCs being emitted from the tanks, or there are not. (It is also possible more them, I though

education and monitoring may be necessary to make these assertions). The CAAC could, for example, recommend

should/should not be in your report over the coming two meetings. Some of these comments are in

response to item beautiful and Mandau sinks have for the most about office and this line and

topic and the i By the same token, if the air monitoring results do not raise cause for concern per CDC, or the data

produced is inconclusive and requires further study, then the CAAC recommendation could be that

monitoring continue at these sites to ensure that emissions continue at acceptable levels in future

years, or more data can be collected to make solid, science-based, legally-sound decisions as to

whether local air-emissions-related ordinances need to be adopted. Bottom line: local ordinances

should be a last resort.

welcome any

City Staffing

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Thank you.

