1	L.D. 580		
2	Date: (Filing No. S-)		
3	JUDICIARY		
4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate.		
5	STATE OF MAINE		
6	SENATE		
7	131ST LEGISLATURE		
8	FIRST SPECIAL SESSION		
9 10	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " " to S.P. 248, L.D. 580, "An Act to Improve Family Court Procedure"		
11 12	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting the following:		
13 14	'Sec. 1. 19-A MRSA §1653, sub-§3, ¶O, as amended by PL 2021, c. 647, Pt. B, §46 and affected by §65, is further amended to read:		
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	O. A parent's prior willful misuse of the emergency parental rights and responsibilities order process in section 1653-B or the protection from abuse process in former chapter 101 or chapter 103 in order to gain tactical advantage in a proceeding involving the determination of parental rights and responsibilities of a minor child. Such willful misuse may be considered only if established by clear and convincing evidence and if it is further found by clear and convincing evidence that, in the particular circumstances of the parents and child, that willful misuse tends to show that the acting parent will in the future have a lessened ability and willingness to cooperate and work with the other parent in their shared responsibilities for the child. The court shall articulate findings of fact whenever relying upon this factor as part of its determination of a child's best interest. The voluntary dismissal of a motion for an emergency parental rights and responsibilities order or a protection from abuse petition may not, taken alone, be treated as evidence of the willful misuse of the emergency parental rights and responsibilities order process or the protection from abuse process; Sec. 2. 19-A MRSA §1653-B is enacted to read:		
30	§1653-B. Emergency parental rights and responsibilities order		
31 32 33 34 35	1. Motion. A party to an action under this Title concerning parental rights, including actions for divorce, legal separation, parentage or parental rights and responsibilities and post-judgment proceedings arising out of these actions, may file a motion requesting that the court issue an emergency parental rights and responsibilities order with respect to a child on an ex parte basis upon a showing of immediate and present risk of substantial harm		

	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to S.P. 248, L.D. 580
1 2	to the physical or emotional health or safety of the child. A motion may not be filed under this section as part of a protection from abuse proceeding under chapter 103.
3 4	2. Affidavit required. A motion for an emergency parental rights and responsibilities order must be accompanied by an affidavit made under oath alleging:
5 6	A. The conditions establishing an immediate and present risk of substantial harm to the physical or emotional health or safety of the child; and
7 8 9	B. The actions taken by the party filing the request to inform the other party or parties to the proceeding of the motion or the reasons why the court should consider the request without requiring notice to the other party.
10 11 12 13	3. Temporary relief. The court may, in an ex parte proceeding, enter an emergency parental rights and responsibilities order containing any relief that the court considers necessary to address the immediate and present risk of substantial harm to the physical or emotional health or safety of the child. An order issued under this subsection may include:
14	A. An allocation of parental rights and responsibilities between the parties;
15 16	B. Conditions governing parent-child contact, including but not limited to prohibiting parent-child contact;
17 18	C. Directives regarding the residence of the child, including but not limited to authorizing or prohibiting relocation of the child; and
19	D. Any other relief determined appropriate in the discretion of the court.
20 21	4. Denial of motion. Before denying a motion for an emergency parental rights and responsibilities order, the court shall:
22 23	A. Allow the moving party to be heard, accompanied by a person of the party's choice; and
24	B. Advise the moving party of the reasons for the denial.
25 26	5. Service. A party who files a motion for an emergency parental rights and responsibilities order under this section shall:
27 28 29 30	A. If the court issues an order under subsection 3, arrange for the motion, affidavit and order to be personally served on the other party in a manner allowed by the applicable rule of civil procedure along with the original complaint or post-judgment motion that accompanied the motion, if any; or
31 32 33 34	B. If the court denies the motion under subsection 4, arrange for the motion, affidavit and order denying the motion to be served on the other party in a manner allowed by the applicable rule of civil procedure along with the original complaint or post-judgment motion that accompanied the motion, if any.
35 36 37 38	6. Hearing. If the court enters an order under subsection 3, the court shall hold a hearing within 21 days of the issuance of the order. The scope of the hearing is limited to the necessity of continuing the temporary relief granted in the emergency parental rights and responsibilities order. Nothing in this section limits the court's discretion to continue

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the hearing upon the court's own motion or upon the motion of either party. If the court denies the motion under subsection 4, the parties are not entitled to a hearing under this

subsection and the court may enter a scheduling order or any other order that the interests

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of justice require.

- 7. Dissolution or modification. A party whose parental rights are affected by an emergency parental rights and responsibilities order issued under subsection 3, other than the party who requested the order, may appear and move for the dissolution or modification of the order before the scheduled hearing. The motion must be accompanied by a sworn affidavit. The court shall schedule a hearing on the motion as expeditiously as the interests of justice require.
- **8. Jurisdiction; procedure.** A motion for an emergency parental rights and responsibilities order under this section may be reviewed and an order may be issued by a District Court Judge or a family law magistrate. The clerk shall present the motion to a District Court Judge or family law magistrate upon docketing. If no judge or family law magistrate is available at the courthouse in which the request is made, the clerk shall forward the motion to any available judicial officer within the State.
- **Sec. 3. Working group.** The Maine Commission on Domestic and Sexual Abuse, established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 74-C, shall convene a working group of stakeholders including commission members, representatives of the judicial branch, family law practitioners, members of the Family Law Advisory Commission established in Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 52-A, representatives of a statewide coalition to end domestic violence and any others that the commission determines to be necessary participants. To the extent possible, the members of the working group must be the same as the members of the working group established pursuant to Resolve 2021, chapter 99.
- **1. Duties.** The working group shall review data provided by the judicial branch for at least 2 years following implementation of this Act, including data on the number of requests for emergency parental rights and responsibilities orders filed, the number of emergency parental rights and responsibilities orders issued, the average time between the filing of a request and the hearing on that request, if any, and any other data determined by the judicial branch to be useful for evaluating efficacy of the new process.
- **2. Report; legislation.** The commission shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over judiciary matters no later than November 4, 2026. The report must identify the working group's participants, summarize the activities of the working group and include any conclusions made by the working group regarding the effectiveness of the emergency parental rights and responsibilities order process established in Title 19-A, section 1653-B. The report may include the working group's recommendations for further improving the family court response to families with urgent safety concerns. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over judiciary matters may report out legislation to the 133rd Legislature in 2027 based on the report.
- **Sec. 4. Appropriations and allocations.** The following appropriations and allocations are made.
- JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT
- 41 Courts Supreme, Superior and District 0063
- 42 Initiative: Provides one-time funding for printing costs to update A Guide to Family
- 43 Separation in Maine.
- 44 GENERAL FUND 2023-24 2024-25

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1 2	All Other	\$10,000	\$0
3	GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$10,000	\$0
4	Courts - Supreme, Superior and District 0063		
5 6	Initiative: Establishes one Judge position, one Deput Clerk position effective January 1, 2024 and provides		
7	GENERAL FUND	2023-24	2024-25
8	POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT	3.000	3.000
9	Personal Services	\$182,885	\$380,951
10	All Other	\$31,530	\$15,930
11 12	GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$214,415	\$396,881
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14	JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT		
15	DEPARTMENT TOTALS	2023-24	2024-25
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17	GENERAL FUND	\$224,415	\$396,881
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19	DEPARTMENT TOTAL - ALL FUNDS	\$224,415	\$396,881

Sec. 5. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2024.'

Amend the bill by relettering or renumbering any nonconsecutive Part letter or section number to read consecutively.

23 **SUMMARY**

> This amendment, which is the majority report of the committee, replaces the bill, which is a concept draft. Beginning January 1, 2024, the amendment authorizes a party to a divorce, legal separation, parentage or parental rights and responsibilities proceeding or a post-judgment motion arising out of one of these actions to file a motion requesting that the court issue an ex parte emergency parental rights and responsibilities order on the basis that there is an immediate and present risk of substantial harm to the physical or emotional health or safety of a child. The order may be issued by a District Court Judge or a family law magistrate and may include a temporary allocation of parental rights and responsibilities between the parties in the underlying action, conditions of parent-child contact and directives regarding the residence of the child. If a judge or magistrate issues an emergency parental rights and responsibilities order ex parte, the court shall hold a hearing within 21 days to determine the need for continuation of the temporary relief granted in the order. In the meantime, a party affected by the emergency parental rights and responsibilities order, other than the party that requested the order, may file a motion to modify or to dissolve the order, which the court must hear as expeditiously as the interests of justice require.

> The amendment also directs the Maine Commission on Domestic and Sexual Abuse to convene a working group of stakeholders, similar to the working group established by Resolve 2021, chapter 99, to review data from the judicial branch gathered for at least 2 years following implementation of the emergency parental rights and responsibilities order

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process established in this legislation to evaluate the efficacy of the process. The
amendment directs the commission to submit a report regarding the working group's
findings to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over
judiciary matters by November 4, 2026. The committee may report out legislation to the
133rd Legislature in 2027 in response to the report.
FISCAL NOTE DECIMPED

(See attached)

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