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House of Representatives, May 1, 2023

An Act to Conform the Mining Excise Tax Laws to the Maine Metallic Mineral Mining Act and Set the Mining Excise Tax at 10 Percent

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT

R(+ B. Hunt

Clerk

Presented by Representative COLLINGS of Portland. Cosponsored by Representatives: LANDRY of Farmington, Speaker TALBOT ROSS of Portland. **Emergency preamble.** Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, there are inconsistencies between Maine's excise tax law and the Maine Metallic Mineral Mining Act; and

Whereas, clarifying these inconsistencies is essential to provide immediate clarity for mining permits; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §603, sub-§10,** as amended by PL 1983, c. 776, §2, is further amended to read:
- 10. Tax situs. The tax situs of tangible personal property shall be at <u>is</u> the <u>mine site</u> mining area if that property is:
 - A. Owned, leased or otherwise subject to possessory control of a mining company metallic mineral operator; and
 - B. On route to or from, being transported to or from or destined to or from a mine site mining area.
- Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the tax situs of tangible personal property leased to a mining company shall be in metallic mineral operator is the place where the property is situated.
- For the purposes of this subsection, the definitions of section 2855 shall apply.
 - **Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §2852, sub-§1,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
 - 1. Mineral Metallic mineral resources fundamental. Mineral Metallic mineral resources are fundamental to modern civilization.
 - **Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §2852, sub-§2,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
 - 2. <u>Mineral Metallic mineral</u> resources as economic wealth. <u>Mineral Metallic mineral</u> resources have historically been a primary source of economic wealth, are valuable and, once removed, are forever lost as an economic asset to the State.
 - **Sec. 4. 36 MRSA §2852, sub-§3,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
 - **3. Development of <u>metallic</u> mineral resources.** Development of this country's <u>metallic</u> mineral resources has involved only a small portion of its land area and may be expected to involve a similarly small portion of the land area of Maine.
 - **Sec. 5. 36 MRSA §2852, sub-§8,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:

8. Size of mining operation. As the size of a mining operation increases, the cost to the State and its political subdivisions may increase, as do the effects on the environment. As the size of a mining operation increases, the mining company metallic mineral operator benefits from economies of scale in the mining operation.

Sec. 6. 36 MRSA §2853, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:

It is the policy of the State to encourage the sound and orderly development of Maine's <u>metallic</u> mineral resources. The object of this policy is to assure that the actions associated with development of these resources will:

- **Sec. 7. 36 MRSA §2853, sub-§3,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- **3.** Assistance to municipalities and counties. Provide planning and development assistance to municipalities, counties and the unorganized territory if significantly affected by metallic mineral resource development; and
- **Sec. 8. 36 MRSA §2853, sub-§4,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- **4. Scheme of taxation.** Establish a practical scheme of taxation on mining companies which metallic mineral operators that will:
 - A. Permit these companies to profitably operate mines within the State;
 - B. Encourage the economically efficient extraction of metallic minerals;
- C. Permit the State to derive a benefit from the extraction of a nonrenewable resource; and
 - D. Compensate the State and its political subdivisions for present and future costs incurred or to be incurred as a result of the mining activity.
- **Sec. 9. 36 MRSA §2854, sub-§1,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
 - 1. Annual excise tax. A mining company metallic mineral operator shall pay to the State Tax Assessor, for the use set forth in this chapter, an annual excise tax for the privilege of conducting mining within the State.
 - **Sec. 10. 36 MRSA §2854, sub-§2, ¶B,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
 - B. Land, excluding the value of metallic minerals or metallic mineral rights.
 - **Sec. 11. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§1-A** is enacted to read:
- 1-A. Advanced exploration. "Advanced exploration" means any metallic mineral bulk sampling or exploratory activity that exceeds those activities that are exploration activities and are specified in rules adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection. Samples taken as part of exploration are not considered bulk sampling.
 - **Sec. 12. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§1-B** is enacted to read:
 - 1-B. Affected area. "Affected area" means an area outside of a mining area where the land surface, surface water, groundwater, air resources, soils or existing uses are

potentially affected by mining operations as determined through an environmental impact assessment.

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- **Sec. 13. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§2, ¶A,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
 - A. The surface soil is broken in order to facilitate or accomplish the extraction or removal, within 12 successive calendar months, of more than 1,000 cubic yards from the earth of a <u>metallic</u> mineral, top soil or other solid matter or material naturally lying over the <u>metallic</u> minerals, except in connection with <u>exploratory</u> an <u>exploration</u> activity; or
- **Sec. 14. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§3,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 3. Exploration. "Exploration" or "exploration activity" means the following activities when conducted in accordance with rules adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection for the purpose of determining the location, extent and composition of metallic mineral deposits: test boring, test drilling, hand sampling, the digging of test pits, trenching or outcrop stripping for the removal of overburden having a maximum surface opening of 300 square feet per test pit or trench or other test sampling methods determined by the department to cause minimal disturbance of soil and vegetative cover.
- **Sec. 15. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§4,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- **4. Facilities and equipment.** "Facilities and equipment" means all mining property, excluding land and <u>metallic</u> mineral products.
- **Sec. 16. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§5,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- **5. Gross proceeds.** "Gross proceeds" means a mining company's metallic mineral operator's federal gross income from mining with respect to a mine site, as defined in Section 613 of the code mining area.
- **Sec. 17. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§6,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- **6. Land.** "Land" means all real estate and all natural resources and any interest in or right involving that real estate or <u>those</u> natural resources including, without limitation, <u>metallic</u> minerals, <u>metallic</u> mineral rights, timber, timber rights, water and water rights. "Land" does not include improvements constructed, placed or located within a <u>mine site</u> <u>mining area</u>, such as buildings, structures, fixtures, fences, bridges, dikes, canals, dams, roads or other improvements within a <u>mine site</u> <u>mining area</u>.
- **Sec. 18. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§7,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 7. Mining area. "Mining area" means an area of land described in a permit application and approved by the Department of Environmental Protection, including but not limited to land from which earth material is removed in connection with mining, the lands on which material from that mining is stored or deposited, the lands on which beneficiating or treatment facilities, including groundwater and surface water management treatment

- systems, are located or the lands on which water reservoirs used in a mining operation are located. The mining area must be determined according to section 2865. Sec. 19. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§8, as amended by PL 1983, c. 776, §4, is further amended to read: 8. Mineral Metallic mineral products. "Mineral Metallic mineral products" means all unextracted and extracted metallic minerals and all products derived therefrom by mining. **Sec. 20. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§9,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is repealed
 - Sec. 20. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
 - 9. Metallic mineral. "Metallic mineral" means any ore or material to be excavated from the natural deposits on or in the earth for its metallic mineral content to be used for commercial or industrial purposes. "Metallic mineral" does not include thorium or uranium.
 - **Sec. 21. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§10,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
 - 10. Mining, mining operation or mining activity. "Mining," "mining operation" or "mining activity" means activities, facilities or processes necessary for the extraction or removal of metallic minerals or overburden or for the preparation, washing, cleaning or other treatment of metallic minerals and includes the bulk sampling, advanced exploration, extraction or beneficiation of metallic minerals as well as waste storage and other stockpiles and reclamation activities, but does not include exploration.
 - Sec. 22. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§11, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
 - 11. Metallic mineral operator. "Metallic mineral operator" means a permittee or other person who is engaged in, or who is preparing to engage in, mining operations for metallic minerals, whether individually or jointly or through agents, employees or contractors.
 - **Sec. 23. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§12,** as amended by PL 1983, c. 776, §5, is further amended to read:
 - **12. Mining property.** "Mining property" means:
 - A. All real estate on, under, within or comprising a mine site mining area; and
 - B. All tangible personal property on, under or within a <u>mine site mining area</u>, or on route to or from a <u>mine site mining area</u>, or being transported to or from or destined to or from a <u>mine site mining area</u>, and <u>which that</u> is owned, leased or otherwise subject to possessory control by a <u>mining company metallic mineral operator</u>.
 - C. Mining property does not include:

- (1) All property which is not mineral products and is not primarily used or held for use in connection with mining or the business of mining at a mine site, or any activity necessary or incidental to or in support of mining or the business of mining engaged in at a mine site; or
- (2) Those vehicles upon which state excise taxes are paid for the current registration period pursuant to chapter 111.

"Mining property" does not include all property that is not metallic mineral products and is not primarily used or held for use in connection with mining or the business of mining at a mining area, or any activity necessary or incidental to or in support of mining or the business of mining engaged in at a mining area, or those vehicles upon which state excise taxes are paid for the current registration period pursuant to chapter 111.

- **Sec. 24. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§14,** as amended by PL 1993, c. 395, §18, is further amended to read:
- 14. Net proceeds. "Net proceeds" means a mining company's metallic mineral operator's federal taxable income from the property with respect to a mine site mining area (computed without allowance for depletion as defined in Section 613 of the code) adjusted as follows
 - A. The following deductions are allowed in addition to those allowed in computing taxable income from the property under the code:
 - (1) Cost depletion as would be allowed under Section 611 of the code without regard to percentage depletion;
 - (2) Exploration and development costs as defined in Sections 616 and 617 of the code. Exploration and development costs incurred prior to the commencement of mining must be recovered proportionately over the life of the mine in the same manner as that provided in Section 611 of the code with respect to cost depletion. Exploration and development costs incurred after the commencement of mining must be recovered in the year incurred;
 - (3) Net operating loss deductions as defined in Section 172 of the code, but not including the exclusions under paragraph B; and
 - (4) Reasonable accruals for all reclamation, restoration and shut-down costs required by state or federal laws, regulations or permits. These accruals must be made on a proportionate basis over the accrual period.
 - B. The following may not be allowed as deductions:
 - (1) Property taxes paid that are allowed as a credit against the tax provided by this chapter;
 - (2) The tax provided by this chapter; and
 - (3) Percentage depletion as allowed under Section 613 of the code.
 - Sec. 25. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§14-A is enacted to read:
- 14-A. Reclamation. "Reclamation" or "reclamation operation" means the rehabilitation of the mining area, affected area and any other area of land or water body affected by mining under an environmental protection, reclamation and closure plan approved by the Department of Environmental Protection. "Reclamation" includes, but is not limited to, stabilization of slopes, creation of safety benches, planting of forests, seeding of grasses and legumes for grazing purposes, planting of crops for harvest and enhancement of wildlife and aquatic resources.
- **Sec. 26. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§15,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:

- 15. Tax year. "Tax year" means an annual accounting period ending on the last day 1 2 of the month of the period used by the mining company metallic mineral operator as its 3 taxable year for federal income tax purposes. 4 Sec. 27. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§16, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended 5 to read: 16. Termination of mining. "Termination of mining" means, and shall be is deemed 6 to occur on March 31st of any year if: 7 8 A. The mining company metallic mineral operator has permanently abandoned mining 9 during the previous 12 months; or 10 B. During the previous 2 years, there has been: 11 (1) Extraction or removal from the earth or sale of less than 1,000 cubic yards of metallic minerals, top soil, other solid matter or material naturally lying over the 12 metallic minerals; and 13 14 No construction or reconstruction of fixtures, buildings or surface 15 improvements which that are mining property. 16 **Sec. 28. 36 MRSA §2855, sub-§17, ¶B,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read: 17 18 B. Which are, on the last day of the tax year: 19 (1) On, under or within a mine site mining area; or 20 (2) Within the State and on route to or from a mine site mining area, or being transported to or from or destined to or from a mine site mining area. 21 22 Sec. 29. 36 MRSA §2856, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended 23 to read: 24 The amount of the annual excise tax on a mining company metallic mineral operator 25 shall be is the sum of the excise taxes due on each mine site mining area. The excise tax 26 due on each mine site shall be mining area is the greater of the following: 27 **Sec. 30. 36 MRSA §2856, sub-§2, ¶A,** as corrected by RR 2013, c. 2, §45, is amended by amending subparagraph (1) to read: 28 29 (1) 0.009 0.1; or 30 Sec. 31. 36 MRSA §2856, sub-§2, ¶B, as corrected by RR 2013, c. 2, §45, is 31 amended to read:

 - B. If net proceeds are equal to or less than zero, then 0.009 0.1.

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- **Sec. 32. 36 MRSA §2857, sub-§1,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- 1. Annual return. A mining company metallic mineral operator shall file, on or before the date the mining company's metallic mineral operator's state income tax return is due to be filed, an annual return on a form specified by the State Tax Assessor for each tax year.

- **Sec. 33. 36 MRSA §2857, sub-§3,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- **3. Payments.** A mining company metallic mineral operator shall pay the tax due, less estimated tax payments and credits, at the time its annual return is due without extensions.
- **Sec. 34. 36 MRSA §2857, sub-§5,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- **5.** Computation. In computing a mining company's metallic mineral operator's tax, gross proceeds and net proceeds shall must be computed as if each mine site mining area were a separate taxpayer. The State Tax Assessor may distribute, apportion or allocate on a reasonable basis gross proceeds, deductions, credits or allowances between or among mining companies metallic mineral operators or mine sites mining areas, if such distribution, apportionment or allocation is necessary to prevent evasion of taxes imposed by this chapter, or to reflect clearly the gross or net proceeds of any mining company metallic mineral operator or mine site mining area.
- **Sec. 35. 36 MRSA §2858,** as amended by PL 1987, c. 772, §26, is further amended to read:

§2858. Credits, refunds and amendments

Credits, refunds and amendments shall <u>must</u> be computed and applied separately for each <u>mine site mining area</u>. The following provisions shall apply.

- 1. Credit for property tax prior to commencement of mining. A credit shall be is allowed for property taxes paid by a mining company metallic mineral operator or any other person on property which that becomes exempt during the year under section 2854, subsection 2. The amount of the credit shall be is computed as follows: The number of days remaining in the property tax year beginning with the date mining commences and the next March 31st, inclusive, shall must be divided by 365; the percentage thus arrived at shall must be multiplied by the property taxes paid during that property tax year against such property. The credit may be used in the tax year in which the property tax was paid or in any tax years thereafter.
- 2. Credit for property tax paid on land and buildings. A credit shall be <u>is</u> allowed for property taxes paid by a <u>mining company metallic mineral operator</u> or any other person on land and buildings that are mining property. The credit may be used in the tax year in which the property tax was paid or in any tax years thereafter.
- **3.** Credits for prepayment of taxes. The following provisions apply to prepayment of taxes other than estimated tax payments.
 - A. A person may prepay to the State Tax Assessor at any time prior to the end of the 5 years following the commencement of mining, a portion of the taxes due under this chapter not to exceed \$250,000 in one year or \$500,000 for a mine site mining area.
 - B. If a person (whether or not it was a mining company metallic mineral operator at the time of the prepayment) prepays a portion of the taxes due under this chapter, it may take that prepayment as a credit against the taxes due under this chapter in any tax years following prepayment.
- **5. Refunds.** Tax refunds and abatements shall <u>must</u> be made in accordance with section 2011, except if estimated tax payments exceed the tax due for the tax year, the State

Tax Assessor shall refund the excess, unless the mining company metallic mineral operator requests otherwise.

- **6. Amendment for unexpended accruals.** If accruals taken as deductions under section 2855, subsection 14, are not actually expended for the purposes for which they were accrued, then the mining company metallic mineral operator shall amend its returns for the tax years the deductions were taken to reduce those deductions to actual expenditures.
- **Sec. 36. 36 MRSA §2859,** as repealed and replaced by PL 1985, c. 691, §§27 and 48, is amended to read:

§2859. Estimated tax requirements

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 A mining company metallic mineral operator shall make payments of estimated tax pursuant to section 5228, except that the estimated tax liability is to be based on liability for the mining excise tax rather than the income tax.

- **Sec. 37. 36 MRSA §2862, sub-§7,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- 7. Changes in mining activity. If, prior to the commencement of extraction of metallic minerals for sale, a mining company metallic mineral operator ceases construction of a mine site mining area, any taxes due during the period of construction cessation shall must be distributed according to the most recently applicable provision of this section.
- **Sec. 38. 36 MRSA §2863, sub-§1, ¶C,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
 - C. "Related to mining" means directly related to mining or to the construction or reconstruction of a mine-site mining area. New or additional public facilities or services shall be are deemed to be related to mining when they are provided to a mining company metallic mineral operator, to employees of the mining company metallic mineral operator or its contractors or subcontractors and their families, or when they are required because of an increase in population directly attributable to mining or to the construction or reconstruction of a mine-site mining area.
- **Sec. 39. 36 MRSA §2863, sub-§4,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 711, §10, is amended to read:
- **4. Grants to municipalities in which a <u>mine site mining area</u> is located.** To the extent funds are available from the excise tax revenues attributable to a <u>mine site mining area</u> located within a municipality, the commissioner shall make a grant to that municipality. The amount of that grant may not be greater than 50% of the amount calculated under section 2861, subsection 3, paragraph E.
- **Sec. 40. 36 MRSA §2865,** as amended by PL 2007, c. 627, §76, is further amended to read:

§2865. Mine site Mining area and valuation determinations

1. Mine site Mining area. The State Tax Assessor shall determine the area of a mine site mining area, taking into account all relevant information, including, but not limited to, plans or permits approved under the site location of development law, Title 38, chapter 3, subchapter 1, Article article 6. The assessor shall give notice to the mining company

metallic mineral operator and to the municipality in which the mine site mining area is located of the determination. The assessor's determination is reviewable under section 151.

2. Valuation. If a mine site mining area is located in a municipality, the assessor shall determine the valuation of mining property and the percentage of that valuation represented by land and buildings that are not exempt from property taxes. That valuation of land and buildings must be applied in determining the property taxes. The municipality in which the mine site mining area is located may appeal that determination to the State Board of

Property Tax Review as provided in chapter 101, subchapter 2-A.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

11 SUMMARY

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13 14 This bill conforms the definitions in the mining excise tax laws to the Maine Metallic Mineral Mining Act. The bill also increases from 0.009 to 0.1 the tax rate on gross proceeds from a mining area.