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Legislative Document

No. 977

H.P. 732

House of Representatives, February 26, 2019

An Act To Restore the Super Credit for Substantially Increased Research and Development

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT
Clerk

Presented by Representative HEPLER of Woolwich.
Cosponsored by Senator BELLOWS of Kennebec and
Representatives: DAUGHTRY of Brunswick, LANDRY of Farmington, SKOLFIELD of
Weld, STOVER of Boothbay, TEPLER of Topsham, WARREN of Hallowell.

1	Be it enacted	by the Peo	nle of the Sta	te of Maine a	s follows:

- **Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §5219-L, sub-§1,** as amended by PL 2013, c. 502, Pt. J, §1 and affected by §3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
 - 1. Super credit allowed for substantial expansions of research and development. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, a taxpayer that qualifies for the research expense tax credit allowed under section 5219-K is allowed an additional credit against the tax due under this Part equal to the excess, if any, of qualified research expenses for the taxable year over the super credit base amount. For purposes of this section, "super credit base amount" means the greater of the average annual amount spent on qualified research expenses by the taxpayer in the 3 taxable years immediately preceding:
 - A. The tax year for which the credit is taken; and
- B. The effective date of this subsection.

- For purposes of this section, "qualified research expenses" has the same meaning as under the Code, Section 41 but applies only to expenditures for research conducted in this State.
- **Sec. 2. Retroactivity; application.** This Act applies retroactively to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

18 SUMMARY

Under a tax credit that expired January 1, 2014, a taxpayer that qualified for a research expense tax credit was allowed a so-called super credit for qualified research expenses for research conducted in this State. A taxpayer who had unused credits may carry over any unused credit for the next succeeding 10 years, except that the credit is limited to no more than 25% of the taxpayer's tax due after the allowance of other tax credits.

This bill restores the availability of the super credit, retroactive to January 1, 2014, and resets the base amount to the average annual amount spent by the taxpayer on qualified research expenses during the 3 years before the credit is taken or during the 3 years before the effective date of this legislation, whichever is greater.