

## **130th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2021

**Legislative Document** 

No. 668

H.P. 495

House of Representatives, March 3, 2021

An Act To Ensure Public Accountability While Implementing a Practical Approach to Remote Participation

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R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

Presented by Representative BABBIDGE of Kennebunk.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	PART A
3	Sec. A-1. 1 MRSA §403-B is enacted to read:
4	§403-B. Remote participation in public proceedings
5 6 7 8 9 10	It is the intent of the Legislature that actions of public bodies subject to this subchapter be taken openly and their deliberations be conducted openly. This section governs participation in a public proceeding of such a public body by a member of that public body when the member is not physically present. Remote participation may not be used to defeat the purposes of this subchapter as stated in section 401. The Legislature may not allow its members to participate remotely in public proceedings of the Legislature.
11 12	<b>1. Definition.</b> As used in section, "remote participation" means participation through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication.
13 14 15 16	<b>2.</b> Remote participation; requirements. Except as provided in subsection 6, a public body subject to this subchapter may not allow a member of the public body to participate remotely in any of its public proceedings unless the remote participation is in accordance with this subchapter and:
17 18	A. After notice and public hearing, the public body has adopted a written policy or rule that authorizes a member of the public body who is not physically present to
19 20	participate in a public proceeding of that public body in a manner that allows all
20 21	members to simultaneously hear and speak to each other during the public proceeding and allows members of the public attending the public proceeding at the location
22	identified in the notice required by section 406 to hear all members of the public body.
23	The policy may not allow remote participation in executive sessions. The policy must
24 25	prohibit a member who is participating in the public proceeding remotely from voting on an issue that was discussed in an executive session if the executive session
26	immediately precedes the proceeding in which the vote is taken;
27	B. For a public body consisting of 3 or fewer members, at least one member is
28	physically present at the location identified in the notice required by section 406; and,
29	for a public body consisting of more than 3 members, a quorum is physically present
30	at the location identified in the notice required by section 406, unless immediate action
31 32	is imperative and physical presence of a quorum is not reasonably practicable within the period of time in which action must be taken. The determination that a quorum is
33	not required under this paragraph must be made by the presiding officer of the public
34	body and the facts supporting that determination must be included in the minutes of the
35	meeting. A public body consisting of 3 or more members may not consider matters
36	other than those requiring immediate action in a public proceeding held pursuant to this
37	subsection when a quorum is not physically present. Each member must be physically
38	present for at least one proceeding each year;
39	C. Each member of the public body who is participating in the public proceeding
40	remotely identifies for the record all persons present at the location from which the
41	member is participating. The member shall note for the record when any person enters
42	or leaves the location throughout the course of the public proceeding;
43	D. All votes taken during the public proceeding are taken by roll call; and

1 2 3 4	E. Each member of the public body who is participating in the public proceeding remotely receives any documents or other materials presented or discussed at the public proceeding in advance or when made available at the public proceeding if the transmission technology is available.
5 6 7	A member of the public body who is not physically present at the location identified in the notice required by section 406 may not participate and may not vote in an adjudicatory proceeding.
8	Failure to comply with this subsection does not invalidate an action of the body.
9 10 11	<b>3.</b> State public bodies. The policy under subsection 2 applicable to a state public body must be adopted by the public body as a major substantive rule under the Maine Administrative Procedure Act.
12 13 14	<b>4.</b> County and municipal public bodies. A county or municipality may by ordinance require stricter requirements than those set out in this section and may prohibit remote participation by any public body under its jurisdiction.
15 16 17 18	<b>5. Elected public bodies.</b> A public body consisting of elected members may adopt the policy under subsection 2 only after the constituents of the public body have voted to authorize the public body to adopt the remote participation policy. The public body shall provide notice and hold a separate hearing before adopting the remote participation policy.
19 20 21	<u>6. Exceptions.</u> The following public bodies are exempt from the provisions of this section, and a member of the following bodies may participate in a public proceeding of the public body when the member is not physically present:
22	A. The Finance Authority of Maine, as provided in Title 10, section 971-A;
23 24	<u>B.</u> The Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices, as provided in <u>Title 21-A</u> , section 1002, subsection 2;
25 26	C. The Maine Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority, as provided in Title 22, section 2054, subsection 4;
27 28	D. The Maine State Housing Authority, as provided in Title 30-A, section 4723, subsection 2, paragraph B;
29 30	E. The Maine Municipal Bond Bank, as provided in Title 30-A, section 5951, subsection 4;
31 32	<u>F.</u> The Emergency Medical Services' Board, as provided in Title 32, section 88, subsection 1, paragraph D; and
33 34	<u>G.</u> The Workers' Compensation Board, as provided in Title 39-A, section 151, subsection 5.
35	This subsection is repealed July 1, 2027.
36	PART B
37	Sec. B-1. 10 MRSA §971, as amended by PL 1995, c. 117, Pt. C, §1, is repealed.
38	Sec. B-2. 10 MRSA §971-A is enacted to read:
39	§971-A. Actions of the members
40 41 42	<b>1.</b> Quorum required. Seven members of the authority constitute a quorum of the members. The affirmative vote of the greater of 5 members, present and voting, or a majority of those members present and voting is necessary for any action taken by the

1 2	members. A vacancy in the membership of the authority does not impair the right of the quorum to exercise all powers and perform all duties of the members.
3 4 5 6	<b>2. Emergency meeting.</b> Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in a situation determined by the chief executive officer to be an emergency requiring action of the members on not more than 3 days' oral notice, an emergency meeting of the members may be conducted by telephone under the following conditions:
7 8	<u>A. A conference call to the members must be placed by ordinary commercial means at an appointed time;</u>
9 10 11	B. The authority shall arrange for the conference call to be recorded when the authority determines it to be appropriate and shall prepare minutes of the emergency meeting; and
12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>C. Public notice of the emergency meeting must be given in accordance with Title 1, section 406 and that public notice must include the time of the meeting and the location of a telephone with a speakerphone attachment that enables all persons participating in the telephone meeting to be heard and understood and that is available for members of the public to hear the business conducted at the telephone meeting.</li> <li>This subsection is repealed July 1, 2027.</li> </ul>
18 19	Sec. B-3. 21-A MRSA §1002, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2011, c. 389, §2, is further amended to read:
20 21 22 23 24	<b>2. Telephone meetings.</b> The commission may hold meetings over the telephone if necessary, as long as the commission provides notice to all affected parties in accordance with the rules of the commission and the commission's office remains open for attendance by complainants, witnesses, the press and other members of the public. Notwithstanding Title 1, chapter 13, telephone meetings of the commission are permitted:
25 26	A. During the 28 days prior to an election when the commission is required to meet within 2 business days of the filing of any complaint with the commission; or
27 28 29 30	B. To address procedural or logistical issues before a monthly meeting, such as the scheduling of meetings, deadlines for parties' submission of written materials, setting of meeting agenda, requests to postpone or reschedule agenda items, issuing subpoenas for documents or witnesses and recusal of commission members.
31	This subsection is repealed July 1, 2027.
32 33	Sec. B-4. 22 MRSA §2054, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2015, c. 449, §2, is further amended to read:
34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<b>4. Powers of authority.</b> The powers of the authority are vested in its members, and 5 members of the authority constitute a quorum at any meeting of the authority. A vacancy in the membership of the authority does not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the authority. An action taken by the authority under this chapter may be authorized by resolution approved by a majority of the members present at any regular or special meeting, which resolution takes effect immediately, or an action taken by the authority may be authorized by a resolution circularized or sent to each member of the authority, which resolution takes effect at such time as a majority of the members have signed an assent to such resolution. Resolutions of the authority need not

1 2	be published or posted. The authority may delegate by resolution to one or more of its members or its executive director such powers and duties as it considers proper.
3 4 5	The authority may meet by telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication with less than a quorum assembled physically at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 only if:
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A. Each member can hear all other members, speak to all other members and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other members by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication during the public proceeding, and members of the public attending the public proceeding at the location identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all members participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication;
13 14 15 16	B. Each member who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location from which the member is participating;
17 18 19 20	C. A member who participates while not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so only when the member's attendance is not reasonably practical. The reason that the member's attendance is not reasonably be stated in the minutes of the meeting; and
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	D. Each member who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication has received prior to the public proceeding all documents and materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially the same content as those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other materials made available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the member not physically present during the public proceeding if the transmission technology is available. Failure to comply with this paragraph does not invalidate an action taken by the authority at the public proceeding.
30	Sec. B-5. 22 MRSA §2054, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:
31 32 33 34	<b>4-A. Remote participation in meetings.</b> The authority may meet by telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication with less than a quorum assembled physically at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 only if:
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<ul> <li>A. Each member can hear all other members, speak to all other members and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other members by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication during the public proceeding, and members of the public attending the public proceeding at the location identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all members participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication;</li> <li>B. Each member who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding through identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is participating through</li> </ul>

1 2	telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location from which the member is participating;
3	C. A member who participates while not physically present at the location of the public
4	proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so only when
5	the member's attendance is not reasonably practicable. The reason that the member's
6	attendance is not reasonably practicable must be stated in the minutes of the meeting;
7	and
8	D. Each member who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding
9 10	identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication has received
11	prior to the public proceeding all documents and materials discussed at the public
12	proceeding, with substantially the same content as those presented at the public
13	proceeding. Documents or other materials made available at the public proceeding
14	may be transmitted to the member not physically present during the public proceeding
15	if the transmission technology is available. Failure to comply with this paragraph does
16	not invalidate an action taken by the authority at the public proceeding.
17	This subsection is repealed July 1, 2027.
18	Sec. B-6. 30-A MRSA §4723, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2015, c. 449, §3, is
19	further amended to read:
20	B. The Maine State Housing Authority, as authorized by Title 5, chapter 379, must
21	have 10 commissioners, 8 of whom must be appointed by the Governor, subject to
22	review by the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over
23	economic development and to confirmation by the Legislature. The 9th commissioner
24	is the Treasurer of State who serves as an ex officio voting member. The Treasurer of
25 26	State may designate the Deputy Treasurer of State to serve in place of the Treasurer of
20 27	State. The 10th commissioner is the director of the Maine State Housing Authority who serves as an ex officio nonvoting member. At least 3 gubernatorial appointments must
28	include a representative of bankers, a representative of elderly people and a resident of
29	housing that is subsidized or assisted by programs of the United States Department of
30	Housing and Urban Development or of the Maine State Housing Authority. In
31	appointing the resident, the Governor shall give priority consideration to nominations
32	that may be made by tenant associations established in the State. Of the 5 remaining
33	gubernatorial appointments, the Governor shall give priority to a representative
34	involved in the housing business and a representative of people with disabilities. The
35	powers of the Maine State Housing Authority are vested in the commissioners. The
36	commissioners may delegate such powers and duties to the director of the Maine State
37	Housing Authority as they determine appropriate.
38	The Governor shall appoint the chair of the commissioners from among the 8
39	gubernatorial appointments. The chair serves as a nonvoting member, except that the
40 41	chair may vote only when the chair's vote will affect the result. The commissioners
	shall elect a vice-chair of the commissioners from among their number.
42	Following reasonable notice to each commissioner, 5 commissioners of the Maine
43	State Housing Authority constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting its business,
44	exercising its powers and for all other purposes, notwithstanding the existence of any

1 2	vacancies. Action may be taken by the commissioners upon a vote of a majority of the commissioners present, unless otherwise specified in law or required by its bylaws.
3 4 5 6	The Maine State Housing Authority may meet by telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication with less than a quorum assembled physically at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 only if:
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	(1) Each commissioner can hear all other commissioners, speak to all other commissioners and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other commissioners by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication during the public proceeding, and members of the public attending the public proceeding at the location identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all commissioners participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication;
15 16 17 18	(2) Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location from which the commissioner is participating;
19 20 21 22 23	(3) A commissioner who participates while not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so only when the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practical. The reason that the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practical must be stated in the minutes of the meeting; and
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(4) Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication has received prior to the public proceeding all documents and materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially the same content as those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other materials made available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the commissioner not physically present during the public proceeding if the transmission technology is available. Failure to comply with this subparagraph does not invalidate an action taken by the Maine State Housing Authority at the public proceeding.
34	Sec. B-7. 30-A MRSA §4723, sub-§2, ¶B-1 is enacted to read:
35 36 37 38	B-1. The Maine State Housing Authority may meet by telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication with less than a quorum assembled physically at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 only if:
<ol> <li>39</li> <li>40</li> <li>41</li> <li>42</li> <li>43</li> <li>44</li> </ol>	(1) Each commissioner can hear all other commissioners, speak to all other commissioners and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other commissioners by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication during the public proceeding, and members of the public attending the public proceeding at the location identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all commissioners

1 2	participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication;
3 4 5 6 7	(2) Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location from which the commissioner is participating;
8 9 10 11 12	(3) A commissioner who participates while not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so only when the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practicable. The reason that the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practicable must be stated in the minutes of the meeting; and
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(4) Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication has received prior to the public proceeding all documents and materials discussed at the public proceeding. with substantially the same content as those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other materials made available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the commissioner not physically present during the public proceeding if the transmission technology is available. Failure to comply with this subparagraph does not invalidate an action taken by the Maine State Housing Authority at the public proceeding.
23	This paragraph is repealed July 1, 2027.
24 25	Sec. B-8. 30-A MRSA §5951, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2015, c. 449, §4, is further amended to read:
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	4. Officers of board; exercise of powers. The board of commissioners shall elect one of its members as chair and one as vice-chair and shall appoint an executive director who also serves as both secretary and treasurer. The powers of the bank are vested in the commissioners of the bank in office from time to time. Three commissioners of the bank constitute a quorum at any meeting of the commissioners. Action may be taken and motions and resolutions adopted by the bank at any meeting by the affirmative vote of at least 3 commissioners of the bank. A vacancy in the office of commissioner of the bank does not impair the right of a quorum of the commissioners to exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of the bank.
35 36 37	The board of commissioners may meet by telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication with less than a quorum assembled physically at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 only if:
38 39 40 41 42 43 44	A. Each commissioner can hear all other commissioners, speak to all other commissioners and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other commissioners by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication during the public proceeding, and members of the public attending the public proceeding at the location identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all commissioners participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication;

1 2 3 4	B. Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location from which the commissioner is participating;
5 6 7 8 9	C. A commissioner who participates while not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so only when the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practical. The reason that the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practical must be stated in the minutes of the meeting; and
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	D. Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication has received prior to the public proceeding all documents and materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially the same content as those presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other materials made available at the public proceeding may be transmitted to the commissioner not physically present during the public proceeding if the transmission technology is available. Failure to comply with this paragraph does not invalidate an action taken by the bank at the public proceeding.
19	Sec. B-9. 30-A MRSA §5951, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:
20 21 22 23	<b>4-A. Remote participation.</b> The board of commissioners may meet by telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication with less than a quorum assembled physically at the location of a public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 only if:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	A. Each commissioner can hear all other commissioners, speak to all other commissioners and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all other commissioners by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication during the public proceeding, and members of the public attending the public proceeding at the location identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 are able to hear and, to the extent reasonably practicable, see all commissioners participating from other locations by videoconferencing or other similar means of communication;
31 32 33 34 35	B. Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication identifies all persons present at the location from which the commissioner is participating;
36 37 38 39 40	C. A commissioner who participates while not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 does so only when the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practicable. The reason that the commissioner's attendance is not reasonably practicable must be stated in the minutes of the meeting; and
41 42 43 44 45	D. Each commissioner who is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by Title 1, section 406 and who is participating through telephonic, video, electronic or other similar means of communication has received prior to the public proceeding all documents and materials discussed at the public proceeding, with substantially the same content as those

presented at the public proceeding. Documents or other materials made available at 1 2 the public proceeding may be transmitted to the commissioner not physically present during the public proceeding if the transmission technology is available. Failure to 3 comply with this paragraph does not invalidate an action taken by the bank at the public 4 5 proceeding. 6 This subsection is repealed July 1, 2027. Sec. B-10. 32 MRSA §88, sub-§1, ¶D, as amended by PL 2007, c. 274, §19, is 7 8 further amended to read: 9 D. A majority of the members appointed and currently serving constitutes a quorum for all purposes and no decision of the board may be made without a quorum present. 10 11 A majority vote of those present and voting is required for board action, except that for purposes of either granting a waiver of any of its rules or deciding to pursue the 12 13 suspension or revocation of a license, the board may take action only if the proposed waiver, suspension or revocation receives a favorable vote from at least 2/3 of the 14 members present and voting and from no less than a majority of the appointed and 15 currently serving members. The board may use video conferencing and other 16 17 technologies to conduct its business but is not exempt from Title 1, chapter 13, subchapter 1. Members of the board, its subcommittees or its staff may participate in 18 19 a meeting of the board, subcommittees or staff via video conferencing, conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons 20 participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant 21 22 to this subsection constitutes presence in person at such meeting. 23 Sec. B-11. 32 MRSA §88, sub-§1, ¶E is enacted to read: 24 E. The board may use videoconferencing and other technologies to conduct its 25 business but is not exempt from Title 1, chapter 13, subchapter 1. Members of the board, its subcommittees or its staff may participate in a meeting of the board, 26 subcommittees or staff via videoconferencing, conference telephone or similar 27 28 communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting 29 can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this paragraph constitutes presence in person at such meeting. 30 31 This paragraph is repealed July 1, 2027. 32 Sec. B-12. 39-A MRSA §151, sub-§5, as amended by PL 2003, c. 608, §9, is 33 further amended to read: 34 5. Voting requirements; meetings. The board may take action only by majority vote 35 of its membership. The board may hold sessions at its central office or at any other place within the State and shall establish procedures through which members who are not 36 37 physically present may participate by telephone or other remote-access technology. 38 Regular meetings may be called by the executive director or by any 4 members of the board, and all members must be given at least 7 days' notice of the time, place and agenda of the 39 meeting. A quorum of the board is 4 members, but a smaller number may adjourn until a 40 41 quorum is present. Emergency meetings may be called by the executive director when it 42 is necessary to take action before a regular meeting can be scheduled. The executive 43 director shall make all reasonable efforts to notify all members as promptly as possible of 44 the time and place of any emergency meeting and the specific purpose or purposes for

1 2 3	which the meeting is called. For an emergency meeting, the 4 members constituting a quorum must include at least one board member representing management and at least one board member representing labor.
4	Sec. B-13. 39-A MRSA §151, sub-§5-A is enacted to read:
5 6 7	5-A. Remote participation. The board shall establish procedures through which members who are not physically present at a meeting pursuant to subsection 5 may participate by telephone or other remote-access technology.
8	This subsection is repealed July 1, 2027.
9	PART C
10	Sec. C-1. 1 MRSA §431, sub-§4 is enacted to read:
11 12 13 14	<b>4. Remote participation.</b> "Remote participation" means participation in a public proceeding by a member of a body that is holding or conducting the public proceeding while the member is not physically present at the location of the public proceeding identified in the notice required by section 406.
15	Sec. C-2. 1 MRSA §435 is enacted to read:
16	§435. Review of proposed remote participation authorization
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	1. Procedures before legislative committees. Whenever a legislative measure containing a new remote participation authorization or a change that affects the accessibility of a public proceeding is proposed, the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over the proposal shall hold a public hearing and determine the level of support for the proposal among the members of the committee. If there is support for the proposal among a majority of the members of the committee, the committee shall request the review committee to review and evaluate the proposal pursuant to subsection 2 and to report back to the committee of jurisdiction pursuant to subsection 2 have been completed. 2. Review and evaluation. Upon referral of a proposed remote participation authorization over the proposal, the review committee shall conduct a review and evaluation of the proposal and shall report in a timely manner to the committee to which the proposal was referred. The review committee shall use the following criteria to determine whether the proposed remote participation authorization of members;
35	B. Demonstrated need based on emergency nature of action;
36	<u>C. Demonstrated need based on exigent circumstances, such as a natural disaster or an</u>
37	emergency declaration by the Governor directly related to the activities of the body;
38 39	and D. Any other criteria that assist the review committee in determining the value of the
39 40	<u>D.</u> Any other criteria that assist the review committee in determining the value of the proposed remote participation authorization as compared to the public's interest in all
41	members participating.

**3. Report.** The review committee shall report its findings and recommendations on whether the proposed remote participation authorization or proposed limitation on accessibility to public proceedings should be enacted to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over the proposal.

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## SUMMARY

6 This bill clarifies when members of public bodies may participate remotely in public 7 proceedings of those bodies. It prohibits a body subject to the Freedom of Access Act from 8 allowing its members to participate in its public proceedings through telephonic, video, 9 electronic or other similar means of communication unless the body has adopted through 10 major substantive rulemaking a written policy that authorizes remote participation in a 11 manner that allows all members to simultaneously hear and speak to each other during the 12 public proceeding and allows members of the public attending the public proceeding at the 13 location identified in the meeting notice to hear all members of the body. It outlines 14 requirements for setting up remote participation, quorums, participation in executive 15 sessions and voting. The bill also requires that each member of a public body subject to 16 the Freedom of Access Act be physically present in at least one public proceeding each 17 year and prohibits the Legislature from allowing its members to participate in its public 18 proceedings remotely.

The bill authorizes municipalities and counties to impose stricter requirements than are provided in the bill and allows municipalities and counties to prohibit the use of remote participation by any public body under their jurisdictions. It provides that an elected public body may adopt a remote participation policy only after the constituency of the elected public body has voted to authorize the body to adopt the policy.

The bill provides, in Parts A and B, that the exemptions for the Finance Authority of Maine, the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices, the Maine Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority, the Maine State Housing Authority, the Maine Municipal Bond Bank, the Emergency Medical Services' Board and the Workers' Compensation Board, whose statutes currently provide for remote participation, expire on July 1, 2027. Those entities will need to adopt policies that comply with the law to continue any remote participation.

The bill amends, in Part C, the Freedom of Access Act to require the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over judiciary matters to conduct a review of any proposed statutory authorization of remote participation or change in accessibility with respect to public proceedings.