

STATE OF MAINE

—
IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD
TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-FIVE

—
S.P. 747 - L.D. 1906

An Act to Improve Accountability and Understanding of Data in Insurance Transactions

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 24-A MRSA §1914 is enacted to read:

§1914. Plan sponsor access to claims data; right to audit

1. High-cost claims data. Upon request of a plan sponsor that has certified its compliance with the use and disclosure requirements of 45 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 164.504(f), an administrator shall provide data on a high-cost claim so that a plan sponsor may perform an audit to ensure compliance with the plan sponsor's contract prior to payment of the high-cost claim. The data must include any itemized billing statements and medical records associated with the claim in the possession of the administrator or the administrator's agents. The plan sponsor or the plan sponsor's designee shall make a request for data on a high-cost claim within 2 business days of receipt of the claim and the administrator must provide the requested information within 30 business days of the request. For the purposes of this subsection, "high-cost claim" means any claim related to an individual provided health coverage by a plan sponsor that exceeds \$100,000.

2. Claims data; right to audit. An administrator that contracts with a plan sponsor to provide health coverage shall permit a plan sponsor to perform a post-payment audit of all claims paid to ensure compliance with the contract at least once in a calendar year as long as the request is not earlier than 6 months following a previously requested audit. Upon request of a plan sponsor as part of an audit, an administrator shall disclose within 30 business days to a plan sponsor that has certified its compliance with the use and disclosure requirements of 45 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 164.504(f) or, to the extent permitted by law and if requested by the plan sponsor, to the plan sponsor's designated business associate the following information specific to the plan sponsor:

A. Claims data received by the administrator via electronic claims transactions on any current standardized claim form approved by the Federal Government for professional services or institutional services. The form or transaction may be modified only as necessary to comply with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191;

B. Claims payments, electronic funds transfers or remittance advice notices provided by the administrator as electronic files compliant with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, including, but not limited to, electronic claims transactions for both the billed amount and the paid amount for professional services and both the billed amount and the paid amount for institutional services. The files may be modified only as necessary to comply with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and the federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009, Title XIII, Subtitle D, Public Law 111-5, and any regulations promulgated under those laws;

C. Any fees charged to the plan sponsor related to plan administration and claims processing, including renegotiation fees, access fees, repricing fees or enhanced review fees; and

D. Any out-of-network fees or out-of-network negotiated discounts, aligned incentive program fees, pay-for-performance payments and recoveries, cost-containment program fees, overpayment recovery program fees, subrogation fees and any other special program fees and discounts.

3. No conditions or fees on audit. An administrator may not impose on a plan sponsor:

A. Any fees relating to an audit request under this section that exceed the direct expenses properly and actually incurred by the administrator to provide the data; or

B. Any conditions that would restrict a plan sponsor's right to conduct an audit under this section, including, but not limited to, restrictions on:

(1) The time period covered by the audit, except that a request pursuant to this section must be made within 24 months of the end of each plan year to be audited;

(2) The number of claims analyzed;

(3) The type of analysis conducted;

(4) The data elements used in the analysis;

(5) The means by which an auditor is compensated by a plan sponsor; or

(6) The plan sponsor's choice of auditor as long as the plan sponsor certifies that the auditor has adequate conflict of interest protection provisions to prevent conflicts of interest from adversely affecting the outcome of the audit.

4. Nondisclosure and data use agreement. An administrator may require that the plan sponsor and the plan sponsor's designated business associate execute a nondisclosure and data use agreement that reasonably restricts the auditor's use of data provided by the administrator to the sole purpose of conducting an audit on behalf of a plan sponsor. The coverage limits of any cybersecurity insurance or liability insurance policy required under the nondisclosure and data use agreement may not exceed the administrator's limit of liability under the services agreement between the plan sponsor and the administrator, if such limit applies. In addition, an administrator is not required to provide data to an auditor selected by a plan sponsor if the auditor has previously breached a nondisclosure and data use agreement with that administrator or refuses to execute a nondisclosure and data use agreement.

5. Compliance with federal law. Information provided by an administrator to a plan sponsor in accordance with this section must comply with any applicable requirements of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and the federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009, Title XIII, Subtitle D, Public Law 111-5, and any regulations promulgated under those laws.

6. Application. An administrator may not enter into, issue, amend or renew any contract or network services agreement with a plan sponsor on or after January 1, 2026 that contains any provision that violates this section.

7. Exclusive enforcement; violation. Notwithstanding section 12-A, a violation of this section is subject to exclusive enforcement under the Maine Unfair Trade Practices Act, including any of the remedies provided for in the Act. A violation is committed each time a prohibited act under this section occurs. Investigations of violations by administrators may include a 3rd party that may possess evidence supporting such investigation.

Sec. 2. 24-A MRSA §4347, sub-§18-A is enacted to read:

18-A. Plan sponsor. "Plan sponsor" has the same meaning as in section 1901, subsection 8, except that "plan sponsor" does not include an employer that offers or provides a health plan that is insured by an insurer authorized to do business in this State.

Sec. 3. 24-A MRSA §4349-A is enacted to read:

§4349-A. Plan sponsor access to claims data; right to audit

1. Prescription drug data. Within 30 business days of a request from a plan sponsor that has certified its compliance with the use and disclosure requirements of 45 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 164.504(f), a pharmacy benefits manager shall provide data to the plan sponsor regarding the actual amounts directly or indirectly paid by the pharmacy benefits manager to a pharmacy or pharmacist on behalf of the plan sponsor for a prescription drug and any dispensing fee for a prescription drug.

2. Claims data; right to audit. Notwithstanding section 4350-C, a pharmacy benefits manager that contracts with a plan sponsor to provide prescription drug coverage shall permit a plan sponsor to perform a post-payment audit of claims paid to ensure compliance with the contract at least once in a calendar year as long as the request is not earlier than 6 months following a previously requested audit. Upon request of a plan sponsor as part of an audit, a pharmacy benefits manager shall disclose within 30 business days to a plan sponsor who has certified its compliance with the use and disclosure requirements of 45 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 164.504(f), or, to the extent permitted by law and if requested by the plan sponsor, to the plan sponsor's designated business associate the following information specific to the plan sponsor:

A. Rebate amounts, identified by the drug and therapeutic category, secured on prescription drugs provided by a pharmaceutical manufacturer that are generated by claims processed through the plan maintained by the plan sponsor and administered by the pharmacy benefits manager;

B. Prescription drug and device claims received by the pharmacy benefits manager via electronic claims transactions on any current standardized claim form approved by the Federal Government for these services. The form or transaction may be modified only

as necessary to comply with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and the federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009, Title XIII, Subtitle D, Public Law 111-5, and any regulations promulgated under those laws;

C. Prescription drug and device claims payments, electronic funds transfers or remittance advice notices provided by the pharmacy benefits manager as electronic files. The files may be modified only as necessary to comply with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and the federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009, Title XIII, Subtitle D, Public Law 111-5, and any regulations promulgated under those laws; and

D. Any other revenue and fees derived by the pharmacy benefits manager from the contract, including all direct or indirect remuneration from pharmaceutical manufacturers regardless of whether the remuneration is classified as a rebate, fee or other classification.

3. No conditions or fees on audit. A pharmacy benefits manager may not impose on a plan sponsor:

A. Any fees relating to an audit request under this section that exceed the direct expenses properly and actually incurred by the pharmacy benefits manager to provide the data; or

B. Any conditions that would restrict a plan sponsor's right to conduct an audit under this section, including, but not limited to, restrictions on:

(1) The time period covered by the audit, except that any request pursuant to this section must be made within 24 months of the end of each plan year to be audited;

(2) The number of claims analyzed;

(3) The type of analysis conducted;

(4) The data elements used in the analysis;

(5) The means by which an auditor is compensated by a plan sponsor; or

(6) The plan sponsor's choice of auditor as long as the plan sponsor certifies that the auditor has adequate conflict of interest protection provisions to prevent conflicts of interest from adversely affecting the outcome of the audit.

4. Nondisclosure and data use agreement. A pharmacy benefits manager may require that the plan sponsor and the plan sponsor's designated business associate execute a nondisclosure and data use agreement that reasonably restricts the auditor's use of data provided by the pharmacy benefits manager to the sole purpose of conducting an audit on behalf of a plan sponsor. The coverage limits of any cybersecurity insurance or liability insurance policy required under the nondisclosure and data use agreement may not exceed the pharmacy benefits manager's limit of liability under the services agreement between the plan sponsor and the pharmacy benefits manager, if such limit applies. In addition, a pharmacy benefits manager is not required to provide data to an auditor selected by a plan sponsor if the auditor has previously breached a nondisclosure and data use agreement with that pharmacy benefits manager or refuses to execute a nondisclosure and data use agreement.

5. Compliance with federal law. Information provided by a pharmacy benefits manager to a plan sponsor in accordance with this section must comply with any applicable requirements of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and the federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009, Title XIII, Subtitle D, Public Law 111-5, and any regulations promulgated under those laws.

6. Application. An administrator or pharmacy benefits manager may not enter into, issue, amend or renew any contract or network services agreement with a plan sponsor on or after January 1, 2026 that contains any provision that violates this section.

7. Exclusive enforcement; violation. Notwithstanding section 12-A, a violation of this section is subject to exclusive enforcement under the Maine Unfair Trade Practices Act, including any of the remedies provided for in the Act. A violation is committed each time a prohibited act under this section occurs. Investigations of violations by pharmacy benefits managers may include a 3rd party that may possess evidence supporting such investigation.