



132nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2025

Legislative Document

No. 752

S.P. 245

In Senate, February 25, 2025

**An Act to Strengthen Maine's Child Protection Laws by Limiting
Contact with Violent Offenders**

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'D M Grant'.

DAREK M. GRANT
Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BALDACCI of Penobscot.
Cosponsored by Senator: RAFFERTY of York.

1 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:**

2 **Sec. 1. 18-C MRSA §5-204, sub-§2, ¶C**, as amended by PL 2021, c. 340, §1, is
3 further amended by amending subparagraph (1) to read:

4 (1) The parent is currently unwilling or unable to meet the minor's needs and that
5 will have a substantial adverse effect on the minor's well-being if the minor lives
6 with the parent~~s~~, including but not limited to the situation of an adult living in the
7 child's home who has:

8 (a) Been convicted of a crime of violence of any classification as described in
9 Title 17-A, sections 4 and 4-A, including but not limited to Class D domestic
10 violence assault under Title 17-A, section 207-A; and

11 (b) No documented record of successful completion of a certified domestic
12 violence intervention program as described in Title 19-A, section 4116,
13 subsection 1 or a comparable program of counseling or treatment for domestic
14 violence.

15 **Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §4002, sub-§6, ¶C**, as amended by PL 1983, c. 184, §2, is further
16 amended to read:

17 C. Abandonment of the child or absence of any person responsible for the child, which
18 creates a threat of serious harm; ~~or~~

19 **Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §4002, sub-§6, ¶D**, as corrected by RR 2021, c. 2, Pt. B, §178,
20 is amended to read:

21 D. The end of voluntary placement, when the imminent return of the child to the child's
22 custodian causes a threat of serious harm~~s~~; or

23 **Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §4002, sub-§6, ¶E** is enacted to read:

24 E. An adult living in the child's home who has:

25 (1) Been convicted of a crime of violence of any classification as described in Title
26 17-A, sections 4 and 4-A, including but not limited to Class D domestic violence
27 assault under Title 17-A, section 207-A; and

28 (2) No documented record of successful completion of a certified domestic
29 violence intervention program as described in Title 19-A, section 4116, subsection
30 1 or a comparable program of counseling or treatment for domestic violence.

31 **Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §4002, sub-§10, ¶B**, as amended by PL 1985, c. 739, §3, is
32 further amended to read:

33 B. Serious mental or emotional injury or impairment ~~which~~ that now or in the future
34 is likely to be evidenced by serious mental, behavioral or personality disorder,
35 including severe anxiety, depression or withdrawal, untoward aggressive behavior,
36 seriously delayed development or similar serious dysfunctional behavior; ~~or~~

37 **Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §4002, sub-§10, ¶C**, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 733, §18, is
38 amended to read:

39 C. Sexual abuse or exploitation~~s~~; or

40 **Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §4002, sub-§10, ¶D** is enacted to read:

1 The bill amends provisions governing child jeopardy hearings to create 2 rebuttable
2 presumptions. The first presumption provides that allowing contact with the person seeking
3 custody or contact with the child would create a situation of jeopardy if that person has
4 been convicted of a crime of violence and has not completed a certified domestic violence
5 intervention program. The 2nd presumption provides that a parent or person responsible
6 for a child creates a situation of jeopardy for the child if the parent or person allows,
7 encourages or fails to prevent contact between the child and a person who has been
8 convicted of a crime of violence and has not completed a certified domestic violence
9 intervention program. In each case, the person against whom the presumption applies may
10 produce evidence to rebut the presumption.