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No. 1708

H.P. 1269

House of Representatives, May 17, 2021

An Act To Create the Pine Tree Power Company, a Nonprofit Utility, To Deliver Lower Rates, Reliability and Local Control for Maine Energy Independence

Received by the Clerk of the House on May 13, 2021. Referred to the Committee on Energy, Utilities and Technology pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

Presented by Representative BERRY of Bowdoinham. Cosponsored by Senator BENNETT of Oxford and Representatives: CARLOW of Buxton, GROHOSKI of Ellsworth, NEWELL of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, POIRIER of Skowhegan, Senators: BRENNER of Cumberland, President JACKSON of Aroostook, WOODSOME of York.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004-G, sub-§36 is enacted to read:
3	<u>36.</u>
4 5	Public UtilitiesPine Tree Power Company Board\$110/Day and Expenses35-A MRSA §4002
6 7	Sec. 2. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§5, ¶G, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:
8 9	G. For a candidate for State Representative, at least 50 and not more than 80 voters; and
10 11	Sec. 3. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§5, ¶H, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:
12 13	H. For a candidate for county charter commission member, at least 50 and not more than 80 voters- <u>; and</u>
14	Sec. 4. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§5, ¶I is enacted to read:
15 16 17	I. For a candidate for member of the Pine Tree Power Company Board under Title 35-A, section 4002, subsection 2, paragraph A, at least 300 and not more than 400 voters.
18	Sec. 5. 35-A MRSA §1511-A is enacted to read:
19	<u>§1511-A. Fitness to serve</u>
20 21 22 23	By January 1, 2024, the commission shall find a transmission and distribution utility with 50,000 or more customers unfit to serve and shall require the sale of the utility if the commission determines that the utility has, within the previous 5 years been found to have met 2 or more of the following criteria for unfitness:
24 25 26	1. Customer satisfaction. Repeatedly been rated in the lowest decile of utilities of a similar size for customer satisfaction on a reputable national survey of utility business or retail customers;
27 28	2. Reliability. Repeatedly reported reliability, with or without major event days, in the lowest decile of utilities of a similar size in the country; and
29 30	3. Cost. Repeatedly charged its customers residential delivery rates in the highest decile among utilities of a similar size in the country.
31 32	Sec. 6. 35-A MRSA §3501, sub-§1, ¶D, as amended by PL 2019, c. 311, §2, is further amended to read:
33 34	D. The portion of any municipal or quasi-municipal entity located in the State providing transmission and distribution services; and
35 36	Sec. 7. 35-A MRSA §3501, sub-§1, ¶ E, as amended by PL 2019, c. 311, §2, is further amended to read:
37 38	E. Any transmission and distribution utility wholly owned by a municipality located in the State- <u>; and</u>
39	Sec. 8. 35-A MRSA §3501, sub-§1, ¶F is enacted to read:

1	F. The Pine Tree Power Company established in chapter 40.
2 3	Sec. 9. 35-A MRSA §3502, first ¶, as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §86 and affected by §§104 and 105, is further amended to read:
4 5 6 7 8	Notwithstanding section 310, any consumer-owned transmission and distribution utility, except for the Pine Tree Power Company established in chapter 40, that proposes to increase rates, tolls or charges by not more than 15% of the utility's annual operating revenues or proposes to decrease rates, tolls or charges in any amount may elect to set rates pursuant to this section and section 3503.
9	Sec. 10. 35-A MRSA c. 40 is enacted to read:
10	<u>CHAPTER 40</u>
11	PINE TREE POWER COMPANY
12	§4001. Definitions
13 14	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
15 16 17	1. Acquired utility. "Acquired utility" means an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility whose facilities or property are purchased or intended for purchase pursuant to this chapter.
18 19	2. Board. "Board" means the Pine Tree Power Company Board established in Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 36.
20 21	3. Company. "Company" means the Pine Tree Power Company established in section 4002.
22 23 24	4. Cost of service. "Cost of service" means the total amount that must be collected by the company to recover its costs but does not include any return on capital investment unless a return is required as security for debt service.
25 26	5. Customer-owner. "Customer-owner" means a person to whom the company provides electricity.
27 28	6. Generating source. "Generating source" means a machine or device that produces electric energy by any means.
29 30 31	7. Utility facility. "Utility facility" means any portion of a plant used or useful in providing transmission and distribution utility service and includes, but is not limited to, transmission lines, office buildings, equipment and transportation equipment.
32 33 34 35	8. Utility property. "Utility property" means any tangible or intangible asset, liability, obligation, plan, proposal, share, agreement or interest of a utility; any facility in development or planning by the utility as of January 1, 2020; and, without limitation, the entire utility and any part or portion of the utility.
36	§4002. Pine Tree Power Company established; purpose

1 2 3	<u>The Pine Tree Power Company is established to provide for its customer-owners in this</u> <u>State reliable, affordable electric transmission and distribution services in accordance with</u> <u>this chapter.</u>
4 5 6	1. Company purposes. The company shall use its access to low-cost capital and its ability to manage the electric transmission and distribution system in a manner that is not focused on ensuring shareholder profits for the following purposes:
7 8	A. To deliver electricity to the company's customer-owners in a safe, affordable and reliable manner;
9 10	B. To ensure excellence, timeliness and accuracy in billing, metering and customer service;
11 12	C. To provide an open, supportive and competitive platform to develop and deploy renewable generation, storage, efficiency and beneficial electrification technologies;
13 14	D. To assist the State in rapidly meeting or exceeding the climate action plan goals established in Title 38, chapter 3-A;
15 16 17	E. To improve the State's Internet connectivity through more affordable access to utility poles and other infrastructure in unserved or underserved areas of the State, as defined in section 9202, subsection 5;
18 19	F. To advance economic, environmental and social justice and to benefit company workers and all communities in the State;
20	G. To provide for transparent and accountable governance; and
21	H. To support, secure and sustain economic growth and benefits for the State.
22 23	2. Governance; board. The company is created as a body corporate and politic and is governed by the Pine Tree Power Company Board in accordance with this section.
24 25 26	The board is composed of 11 members, 7 of whom are elected, voting members and 4 of whom are expert advisory members selected by the voting members. All members must be residents of the State.
27 28 29 30 31	A. Each of the 7 elected, voting members must be a legal citizen of the United States for at least 5 years, be at least 21 years of age, be a legal Maine resident for at least 1 year and have lived in the area the member represents as provided in this paragraph for at least 3 months. Each elected, voting member must represent 5 of the State's 35 State Senate districts, as set out in Title 21-A, section 1203-B, as follows:
32	(1) One member represents State Senate districts 1 to 5;
33	(2) One member represents State Senate districts 6 to 10;
34	(3) One member represents State Senate districts 11 to 15;
35	(4) One member represents State Senate districts 16 to 20;
36	(5) One member represents State Senate districts 21 to 25;
37	(6) One member represents State Senate districts 26 to 30; and
38	(7) One member represents State Senate districts 31 to 35.

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1 2	B. The 4 expert advisory members must be selected by the elected, voting members. The expert advisory members must collectively possess expertise and experience
$\frac{2}{3}$	across the following 4 areas:
4	(1) Utility law, management, regulation or finance;
5	(2) Clean energy and the environment;
6	(3) The concerns of utility employees; and
7	(4) The concerns of electricity consumers.
8	C. Candidates for election to the board pursuant to paragraph A are eligible for funding
9	through the Maine Clean Election Act, in amounts and under terms commensurate with
10	those for candidates for the State Senate. The Commission on Governmental Ethics
11	and Election Practices, established pursuant to Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 33,
12	shall adopt rules to implement this paragraph. Rules must include, at a minimum, the
13	procedures for qualifying and certification and for allocation of distributions from the
14 15	fund and other provisions necessary to ensure consistency with the provisions of the
15 16	Maine Clean Election Act. Rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
17	The nomination and election of the elected, voting members of the board are governed by
18	the provisions of Title 21-A concerning nonpartisan elections for county office other than
19	county commissioner or county charter commission member, except that the determination
20	of the elections is governed by Title 21-A, section 723-A. The Secretary of State may
21	adopt rules governing the election of members of the board and shall consult with the
22	commission in developing the rules. Rules adopted under this subsection are routine
23	technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
24	3. Term of office. An elected, voting member of the board serves for a term of 6 years
25	and an expert advisory member of the board serves for a term of 4 years. An elected, voting
26	member serves from December 1st to November 30th and an expert advisory member
27	serves from February 1st to January 31st. A majority of elected, voting members shall
28 29	declare a vacancy on the board upon the resignation, death or incapacitation of an elected,
29 30	voting member, in the event that a member is absent without leave of the chair for at least half of all board meetings held in a 180-day period or in the event of a member's gross and
31	continual neglect of duty. If there is a vacancy on the board of an expert advisory member,
32	it must be filled within 180 days in the same manner as described in subsection 1 and the
33	person selected to fill a vacancy serves for the unexpired term of the member whose
34	vacancy the person is filling. If there is a vacancy on the board of an elected, voting
35	member, the board shall notify the Governor and the vacancy must be filled within 180
36	days in the same manner as for a State Senator under Title 21-A, sections 366 and 381, and
37	the person elected to fill a vacancy serves for the unexpired term of the member whose
38	vacancy the person is filling. Expert advisory members may be reselected and voting
39	members may be reelected.
40	4. Quorum and chair. Four elected, voting members of the board constitute a
41	majority and a quorum. The board shall elect from its elected, voting members a chair and
42	a vice-chair. The vice-chair shall serve as acting chair in the absence of the chair.
43	5. Voting. Except as otherwise provided in this Title, all decisions of the board must
44	be made by a majority vote of the elected, voting members of the board. Whenever

- possible, the board shall attempt to achieve consensus among voting and nonvoting
 members.
- 6. Bylaws; due diligence. The board shall adopt bylaws, conduct due diligence as it
 considers necessary and develop a transition plan and a business plan for the company prior
 to making a purchase price offer for any utility facility or utility property.

7. Board review. Four years after the first meeting of the board, the board shall review
 the effectiveness of the company governance structure and shall report to the joint standing
 committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy and utilities matters the
 outcome of this review. The report may suggest necessary changes to the governance
 structure of the company. The committee may report out legislation pertaining to the
 recommendations in the report.

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§4003. Powers and duties; acquisition of utility facilities and utility property

13 **1. Powers; generally.** The company is a consumer-owned transmission and 14 distribution utility and has all the powers and duties of a transmission and distribution 15 utility under this Title, as affected by the provisions of chapter 35, within the service 16 territories of the investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities whose utility 17 facilities it acquires under this chapter.

182. Limits on company; generating property. The company may not own or operate19a generating source or purchase electric capacity or energy from a generating source, except20as the commission may approve in order to allow the company to maintain or improve21system reliability.

22 **3. Operations.** The company shall contract by means of a competitive public 23 solicitation the services of a qualified nongovernmental entity, referred to in this chapter as 24 "the operator," or "the operations team," to provide cost-effective, private sector operations, 25 maintenance, customer accounts management and customer service and information and to 26 assist as necessary in regulatory affairs, capital planning and administrative services. In 27 requesting and evaluating bids for the provision of these services, the board shall consider 28 anticipated costs; professional, operational and managerial experience; familiarity with the 29 systems to be administered; and ability to improve customer service and employee morale. 30 The company may establish additional criteria for its solicitation and shall determine the 31 period and the specific terms of each operations contract.

4. Operator employees. The employees of the operations team retained to operate 32 33 the company's facilities are considered private employees, with all the rights and 34 responsibilities of private employees. The operator shall hire any person who was an 35 employee of the acquired utility at the time the company acquired the utility facilities who 36 is a qualified, nonexempt employee subject to collective bargaining agreements of the 37 acquired utility. To ensure continuity and an experienced local workforce, the operations 38 team shall offer to these employees a retention bonus of 6% of annual gross pay for the 39 first year of work and 4% of annual gross pay for the 2nd year of work. This bonus must 40 be payable on the earlier of the anniversary of the date of hire and the date of a termination 41 of employment that occurs following the date of hire, as long as the termination is due to 42 the employee's death or disability, by the employer without cause or by the employee for 43 good reason. The operations team shall maximize opportunities for internal promotion, 44 additional staffing and on-the-job training for all employees and may not contract with 45 other businesses to perform work that could reasonably have been performed by qualified,

nonexempt employees of the operations team. The operator shall assume all retirement 1 2 benefit obligations to the workers of and retirees of an acquired utility, unless these 3 obligations have remained with the acquired utility, its corporate parent or a pension plan 4 trust regulated by the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The 5 operator shall honor and maintain the terms of any collective bargaining agreements in effect at the time the company acquired the investor-owned transmission and distribution 6 7 utility for the remaining term of any collective bargaining agreement, except that, when 2 8 or more contracts exist, the employees' wages, salaries and benefits must be made 9 reasonably equal to the higher of those provided in the contracts or must exceed those 10 previously paid by the acquired utility. 11 Upon the conclusion of a contract pursuant to subsection 3, the company, in soliciting for 12 a new contract, shall give preference to service providers who agree to maintain or improve 13 the terms of the collective bargaining agreement in existence on the conclusion of the prior 14 contract. 15 5. Acquisition of utility facilities and utility property. Notwithstanding any other 16 provision of this Title, rules adopted under this Title or any other applicable law to the 17 contrary, the company shall purchase or acquire by the exercise of the right of eminent 18 domain all utility facilities in the State owned or operated or held for future use by any 19 investor-owned transmission and distribution utility, in accordance with this subsection, 20 and may also purchase or acquire by the exercise of the right of eminent domain in 21 accordance with this subsection any other investor-owned transmission and distribution 22 utility property should the board determine such an acquisition to be in the interest of its 23 customer-owners. The company shall finance the purchase or acquisition of utility 24 facilities or utility property under this subsection by issuing debt in accordance with chapter 25 9. The board may not purchase or acquire by the right of eminent domain any utility 26 facilities or utility property under this subsection until 12 months after the effective date of 27 this chapter or 6 months after the first meeting of the board, whichever is later. 28 A. Within 18 months after the effective date of this chapter or 12 months after the first 29 meeting of the board, whichever is later, unless further delayed to a date certain by a 30 vote of at least 5 elected, voting members of the board, the company shall: 31 (1) Identify the utility facilities and any other utility property in the State owned 32 or operated or held for future use by any investor-owned transmission and 33 distribution utility to be purchased by the company; 34 (2) Determine a purchase price offer to be made for the utility facilities and other 35 utility property. The purchase price offer must include compensation for the cost 36 of preparing and submitting necessary regulatory filings, including but not limited 37 to those required by the federal Department of Energy, Federal Energy Regulatory 38 Commission; and 39 (3) Deliver notice of the purchase price offer, including detailed description of the 40 utility facilities and other utility property to be purchased, to the investor-owned 41 transmission and distribution utility that owns, operates or holds for future use the 42 subject utility facilities and utility property. 43 B. After the receipt of a notice of the purchase price offer under paragraph A. 44 subparagraph (3), the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility may, within 45 30 days of the date of receipt, submit a counteroffer to the board. If the board rejects

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	the counteroffer, within 30 days of the date of receipt of the rejection the investor- owned transmission and distribution utility may petition the Superior Court of Kennebec County to determine and order an alternative purchase price for the subject utility facilities or utility property in accordance with this paragraph. The purchase price determined by the court must include compensation for the cost of preparing and submitting necessary regulatory filings, including but not limited to those required by the federal Department of Energy, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. After the filing of a petition by an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility under this paragraph, the Superior Court, as expeditiously as possible, shall:
10 11 12	(1) Select, in consultation with the company and the petitioner, a referee or referees with relevant expertise and capabilities to determine a recommended purchase price for the utility facilities and utility property;
13 14	(2) Complete a trial or hearing, as appropriate, for the presentation of evidence to referees, who shall submit a recommended purchase price to the court; and
15 16 17 18	(3) Render a decision and, based upon the recommended purchase price submitted under subparagraph (2) and any other information available to the court, order a purchase price to be paid by the company to the petitioner for possession and ownership of the subject utility facilities and utility property.
19 20	The decision of the Superior Court under this paragraph is appealable to the Law Court as in any civil action.
21 22	<u>C.</u> The taking of utility facilities and utility property by the company is governed by this paragraph.
23 24 25 26 27	(1) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, if a petition is filed under paragraph B, the company may, after any appeals are resolved, take the subject utility facilities and utility property identified in paragraph A by eminent domain at the final price rendered by the court, in the same manner and under the same conditions as set forth in chapter 65.
28 29 30 31	(2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, if a petition is not filed under paragraph B, the company may take the subject utility facilities and utility property identified in paragraph A by eminent domain at the purchase price offer, in the same manner and under the same conditions as set forth in chapter 65.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Within 45 days of the date upon which the purchase price is either mutually agreed upon by the company and the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility or is finally determined through the judicial process set forth under paragraph B, the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility shall prepare and submit any regulatory filings necessary to the transfer of subject utility facilities and utility property, including but not limited to those required by the federal Department of Energy, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. If the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility does not prepare and submit such filings within 45 days, the company may request that the commission investigate the utility's failure to prepare and submit the filings. Upon such a request from the company, the commission shall, in a timely manner, investigate the utility's failure to prepare and submit the filings. If the commission finds the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility unreasonably delayed or failed to prepare and submit the filings, or
43 44	failed to prosecute and pursue federal regulatory approvals of the transfer in good faith, the

1 2 3	commission shall direct the utility to do so by a date certain and may order other remedies, including deducting the cost of preparing and submitting such regulatory filings from the purchase price or otherwise preventing the utility from recouping the cost.
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	The commission shall impose such conditions on the acquisition of all utility facilities and utility property in the State owned or operated or held for future use by any investor-owned transmission and distribution utility as it determines are necessary to protect the public interest during the period between the effective date of this chapter and the date on which ownership and control are fully assumed by the company and the operations team. The commission shall take all necessary actions to ensure that the investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities and their owners cooperate fully and cost-effectively with the company during the transition in ownership and control.
12 13 14	6. Regional transmission. The service territories of the company initially remain in the transmission system to which they belonged on the effective date of this chapter until changed by majority vote of the board.
15 16	7. Names. The company may adopt one or more alternative or regional names to distinguish its service territories or for any other purpose.
17 18 19 20	8. Rules. The company may adopt rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A for establishing and administering the company and carrying out its duties. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
21 22	9. Bylaws. The company shall adopt bylaws, through the board, consistent with this section for the governance of its affairs.
23 24 25	10. Consumer-owned transmission and distribution utilities; application. This subsection controls the treatment of consumer-owned transmission and distribution utilities and the application of law to the company.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	A. This chapter may not be construed to affect the powers, authorities or responsibilities of any consumer-owned transmission and distribution utility other than the company created under this chapter. The company may not oppose the extension of the service territory of a consumer-owned transmission and distribution utility existing prior to the effective date of this chapter to include the entirety of a municipality in which the consumer-owned transmission and distribution utility provides electric service as long as the company is reasonably compensated for the assets and appurtenances required.
34 35 36 37 38	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter or any other provision of law to the contrary, the company is subject to section 310; section 3104; section 3132, subsection 2-D; sections 3132-A, 3132-B, 3132-C and 3132-D; section 3144; section 3210-C, subsections 3, 7 and 11; sections 3212 and 3212-B; and section 3214, subsection 2-A.
39 40 41 42	<u>11. Board staff; transition.</u> The board may hire a director or manager, support staff and counsel. Additionally, assistance and counsel may be provided to the board by the Office of the Treasurer of State, the Office of the Attorney General, the Maine Municipal

company, to be retired in the initial financing and acquisition of the investor-owned 1 2 transmission and distribution utility facilities and utility property. Debt incurred by the 3 board for its initial activities and expenditures is guaranteed by the retail customers of each of the State's 2 investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities, and, notwithstanding 4 any provision of law to the contrary, the costs of these initial activities and expenditures 5 must be considered by the commission to be just and reasonable for rate-making purposes. 6 7 §4004. Cost-of-service rates; no use of state funds or tax dollars 8 The rates and all other charges of the company must be sufficient to pay in full the cost 9 of service, including the cost of debt and any payments in lieu of taxation. No debt or 10 liability of the company is a debt or liability of the State or any agency or instrumentality of the State other than the company, and neither the State nor any agency or instrumentality 11 12 of the State other than the company guarantees any debt or liability of the company. 13 §4005. Tax-exempt; payments in lieu of taxes

14**1. Tax exemptions.** The company is a public municipal corporation within the15meaning and for the purposes of Title 36, section 651, and the property of the company is16exempt from taxation to the extent provided in that section. Notwithstanding any provision17of law to the contrary, income of the company is exempt from all taxation or assessment18by the State or any political subdivision of the State.

All bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness issued by the company in accordance
 with chapter 9 are legal obligations of the company, and the company is a quasi-municipal
 corporation within the meaning and for the purposes of Title 30-A, section 5701. All bonds,
 notes and other evidences of indebtedness issued by the company are legal investments for
 savings banks in this State and are exempt from state income tax.

24 2. Payments in lieu of taxes. Rates charged by the company must include sufficient 25 amounts to allow the company to make payments in lieu of taxes in accordance with this 26 subsection. The company shall make payments in lieu of taxes with respect to its utility 27 facilities or utility property to any municipality, county or other political subdivision to 28 which an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility whose utility facilities the 29 company acquired pursuant to this chapter paid taxes and in the same amount as those taxes 30 would have been if the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility had continued 31 to own the utility facilities or utility property. The company shall make timely payments 32 in lieu of taxes on all facilities or property it owns, including all facilities and property 33 procured, constructed or improved after the company has commenced operations.

34 §4006. No debt or liability of the State
 35 The company serves a public purpose in the carrying out of the provisions of this

36 <u>chapter, but no debt or liability of the company may be considered a debt or liability of the</u>
 37 <u>State.</u>

38 §4007. Termination of the company

39 <u>The company may not be dissolved or cease operations except by authorization of law</u>
 40 <u>and only if all debt and liabilities of the company have been paid or a sufficient amount for</u>
 41 <u>the payment of all debt and liabilities has been placed in an irrevocable trust for the benefit</u>
 42 <u>of the holders of the debt.</u>

43 §4008. Freedom of access; confidentiality

1 2	The proceedings and records of the company are subject to the freedom of access laws, Title 1, chapter 13, except as specifically provided in this section.
3 4	<u>1.</u> Confidential records. The following records are designated as confidential for purposes of Title 1, section 402, subsection 3, paragraph A:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A. A record obtained or developed by the company that a person, including the company, to whom the record belongs or pertains has requested be designated confidential and that the company has determined contains information that gives the owner or a user an opportunity to obtain a business or competitive advantage over another person who does not have access to the information, except through the company's records, or access to which by others would result in a business or competitive disadvantage, loss of business or other significant detriment to any person to whom the record belongs or pertains; and
13 14	<u>B.</u> A record that contains usage or other nonpublic information regarding a customer of a transmission and distribution utility in the State.
15 16 17 18 19	The company shall provide to a legislative committee, on written request signed by the chairs of that committee, any information or records, including information designated confidential under this subsection, specified in the written request. The information or records may be used only for the lawful purposes of the committee and in any action arising out of any investigation conducted by the committee, subject to protective order.
20 21	<u>2. Exceptions.</u> Notwithstanding subsection 1, the following are not confidential and are public records:
22 23	A. Any otherwise confidential information the confidentiality of which the company determines to have been satisfactorily and effectively waived;
24 25	<u>B.</u> Any otherwise confidential information that has already lawfully been made available to the public; and
26	C. Impersonal, statistical or general information.
27 28 29 30 31	3. Disclosure prohibited; further exceptions. A board member, employee, agent, other representative of the company or other person may not knowingly divulge or disclose records designated confidential by this section, except that the company, in its discretion and in conformity with legislative freedom of access criteria in Title 1, chapter 13, subchapter 1-A, may make or authorize any of the following disclosures of information:
32 33	A. If necessary in connection with processing any application for, obtaining or maintaining financial assistance for any person;
34	B. To a financing institution or credit reporting service;
35 36	C. Information necessary to comply with any federal or state law, regulation or rule or with any agreement pertaining to financial assistance;
37 38	D. If necessary to ensure collection of any obligation in which the company has or may have an interest;
39 40 41	E. In any litigation or proceeding in which the company has appeared, introduction for the record of any information obtained from records designated confidential by this section; and

1 2 3 4	F. Pursuant to a subpoena, request for production of documents, warrant or other order, as long as the order appears to have first been served on the person to whom the confidential information sought pertains or belongs and as long as the order appears on its face or otherwise to have been issued or made lawfully.
5	§4009. Annual report
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	By April 15th of each year, beginning no more than one year after the first meeting of the board, the company shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy and utilities matters summarizing the activities and performance of the company in meeting its obligations to its customer-owners and its responsibilities under sections 4002 and 4003 during the preceding calendar year and its plans for the current year and subsequent 5 years. Each annual report must describe in detail how the company's decisions, operations and use of low-cost financing have supported and will support the State's progress toward the climate action plan goals established under Title 38, chapter 3-A and how such financing has affected and will affect job creation and gross state product.
16	<u>§4010. Initial 5-year plan</u>
17 18 19 20 21	Within 18 months of the date in which the company and the operations team fully take ownership and control of all utility facilities in the State owned or operated or held for future use by any investor-owned transmission and distribution utility, the company shall submit to the commission for approval a 5-year plan to meet initial affordability, reliability, decarbonization and connectivity goals.
22 23	<u>1. Plan minimum requirements.</u> At a minimum, the 5-year plan under this section must also include a program to:
24	A. Establish lower rates for low-income residential customers;
25	B. Build across the State accessible, rapid charging infrastructure for electric vehicles;
26 27 28	C. Reduce make-ready and pole attachment costs for open-access fiber-optic cable in unserved and underserved areas of the State as defined in section 9202, subsection 5; and
29 30 31	D. Make rapid investments in the distribution network to upgrade reliability and to improve capacity for interconnections of new renewable generation and storage facilities.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	Sec. 11. Review of laws and report. The Public Utilities Commission shall examine all laws that may be affected by this Act or need to be changed as a result of this Act, including laws governing the Pine Tree Power Company as established under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 4002, and laws relating to investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities that may be eliminated as a result of this Act. The commission shall determine any modifications to laws that may be necessary or appropriate as a result of this Act or to effectuate the purposes of this Act and shall submit proposed legislation to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy, utilities and technology matters no later than 6 months after the first meeting of the Pine Tree Power Company Board under Title 35-A, section 4002. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy, utilities and technology matters no later than 6 months after the first meeting of the Pine Tree Power Company Board under Title 35-A, section 4002. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy, utilities and technology matters may report out a bill relating to the subject matter of this Act and to the commission's report.

Sec. 12. Staggered terms of initial members of Pine Tree Power Company
 Board. Notwithstanding the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 4002, subsection
 3, the terms of the initial members of the Pine Tree Power Company Board must be
 staggered as provided in this section.

5 1. The initial selected expert advisory members of the board serve as follows, 6 determined by lot by those members after their selection: 2 members serve 4-year terms 7 and 2 members serve 2-year terms.

8 2. The initial elected, voting members of the board serve as follows, determined by lot
9 by those members after their election: 3 members serve 6-year terms, 2 members serve 410 year terms and 2 members serve 2-year terms.

11 Sec. 13. Statutory referendum procedure; submission at statewide 12 election; form of question; effective date. This Act must be submitted to the legal 13 voters of the State at a statewide election held in the month of November following passage 14 of this Act. The municipal officers of this State shall notify the inhabitants of their 15 respective cities, towns and plantations to meet, in the manner prescribed by law for holding 16 a statewide election, to vote on the acceptance or rejection of this Act by voting on the 17 following question:

"Do you favor the creation of the Pine Tree Power Company, a nonprofit,
privately operated utility governed by a board elected by Maine voters, to
replace Central Maine Power and Versant Power, without using tax dollars
or state bonds, and to focus on delivering reliable, affordable electricity
and meeting the State's energy independence and Internet connectivity
goals?"

24 The legal voters of each city, town and plantation shall vote by ballot on this question 25 and designate their choice by a cross or check mark placed within a corresponding square below the word "Yes" or "No." The ballots must be received, sorted, counted and declared 26 27 in open ward, town and plantation meetings and returns made to the Secretary of State in 28 the same manner as votes for members of the Legislature. The Governor shall review the 29 returns. If a majority of the legal votes are cast in favor of this Act, the Governor shall 30 proclaim the result without delay and this Act becomes effective 30 days after the date of 31 the proclamation.

The Secretary of State shall prepare and furnish to each city, town and plantation all ballots, returns and copies of this Act necessary to carry out the purposes of this referendum.

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SUMMARY

This bill creates the Pine Tree Power Company, a privately operated, nonprofit, consumer-owned utility controlled by an elected board. The company's purposes are to provide for its customer-owners in this State reliable, affordable electric transmission and distribution services and to help the State meet its climate, energy and connectivity goals in the most rapid and affordable manner possible.

The Pine Tree Power Company is not permitted to use general obligation bonds or tax
 dollars of the State. The company finances itself by issuing debt against its future revenues
 to purchase the facilities of investor-owned electric transmission and distribution utilities

in the State. The fair market value of the acquisition is either negotiated or determined by
 a refereed process. The Pine Tree Power Company Board contracts a nongovernmental
 team to operate the facilities, and the operations team is required to retain all workers of
 the purchased utilities.

5 The company is required to make payments equivalent to property taxes to 6 municipalities. The company is subject to ratemaking and other oversight by the Public 7 Utilities Commission and is required to administer programs for net energy billing, 8 nonwires alternatives, supply procurement and low-income assistance programs.

9 The company is governed by a board of 7 voting members, each elected to represent 5 10 State Senate districts, as well as 4 expert advisory members. The board is subject to 11 freedom of access laws and to laws preventing conflicts of interest.

The bill also directs the Public Utilities Commission by January 1, 2024 to find a transmission and distribution utility unfit to serve and to direct the sale of the utility if within the previous 5 years the utility has been found to have been rated the lowest for customer satisfaction, has reported reliability in the lowest decile of utilities of a similar size in the country or has charged its customers residential delivery rates in the highest decile among utilities of a similar size in the country.

18 This bill requires that, before the Act becomes effective, the Act must be submitted to 19 the legal voters of the State at a statewide election held in the month of November following 20 passage of this Act in order to allow the legal voters of the State to vote on the creation of 21 the Pine Tree Power Company.