

129th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2019

Legislative Document

No. 797

H.P. 585

House of Representatives, February 12, 2019

An Act To Limit Greenhouse Gas Pollution and Effectively Use Maine's Natural Resources

Reference to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT

Presented by Representative TUCKER of Brunswick.

Cosponsored by Senator FOLEY of York and

Representatives: COREY of Windham, DOUDERA of Camden, Speaker GIDEON of

Freeport, KINNEY of Knox, RILEY of Jay, TUELL of East Machias, Senators: BLACK of

Franklin, SANBORN, L. of Cumberland.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 2 MRSA §9, sub-§3,** ¶C, as amended by PL 2013, c. 541, §1, is further amended to read:
 - C. In consultation with the Efficiency Maine Trust Board, established in Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 10-C, prepare and submit a comprehensive state energy plan to the Governor and the Legislature by January 15, 2009 and submit an updated plan every 2 years thereafter. Within the comprehensive state energy plan, the director shall identify opportunities to lower the total cost of energy to consumers in this State and transmission capacity and infrastructure needs and recommend appropriate actions to lower the total cost of energy to consumers in this State and facilitate the development and integration of new renewable energy generation within the State and support the State's renewable resource portfolio requirements specified in Title 35-A, section 3210 and wind energy development goals specified in Title 35-A, section 3404. The comprehensive state energy plan must include a section that specifies the State's progress in meeting the oil dependence reduction targets in subsection 5. The office shall make recommendations, if needed, for additional legislative and administrative actions to ensure that the State can meet the reduction targets in subsection 5. The recommendations must include a cost and resource estimate for technology development needed to meet the reduction targets.
 - (1) Beginning in 2015, the The update to the plan must:
 - (a) Be submitted to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and energy matters and the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters;
 - (b) Address the association between energy planning and meeting the greenhouse gas reduction goals in the state climate action plan pursuant to levels in Title 38, section 577 576-A. The director shall consult with the Department of Environmental Protection in developing this portion of the plan;
 - (c) Include a section devoted to wind energy development, including:
 - (i) The State's progress toward meeting the wind energy development goals established in Title 35-A, section 3404, subsection 2, including an assessment of the likelihood of achieving the goals and any recommended changes to the goals;
 - (ii) Examination of the permitting process and any recommended changes to the permitting process;
 - (iii) Identified successes in implementing the recommendations contained in the February 2008 final report of the Governor's Task Force on Wind Power Development created by executive order issued May 8, 2007;
 - (iv) A summary of tangible benefits provided by expedited wind energy developments, including, but not limited to, documentation of

39 40 41

1

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

community benefits packages and community benefit agreement 1 2 payments provided; 3 (v) A review of the community benefits package requirement under Title 35-A, section 3454, subsection 2, the actual amount of negotiated 4 community benefits packages relative to the statutorily required 5 minimum amount and any recommended changes to community benefits 6 package policies; 7 8 (vi) Projections of wind energy developers' plans, as well as technology 9 trends and their state policy implications; (vii) Recommendations, including, but not limited to, identification of 10 11 places within the State's unorganized and deorganized areas for inclusion in the expedited permitting area established pursuant to Title 35-A, 12 chapter 34-A and the creation of an independent siting authority to 13 14 consider wind energy development applications; 15 (d) Include a description of activities undertaken pursuant to paragraph H; 16 and 17 (e) Include a description of the State's activities relating to the expansion of natural gas service, any actions taken by the office to expand access to 18 natural gas in the State and any recommendations for actions by the 19 Legislature to expand access to natural gas in the State. 20 The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and 21 energy matters may report out legislation by February 1st of each odd-numbered year 22 relating to the content of the plan. The joint standing committee of the Legislature 23 having jurisdiction over natural resources matters may make recommendations 24 regarding that legislation to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having 25 jurisdiction over energy matters. 26 Sec. 2. 2 MRSA §9, sub-§5, ¶D, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 400, §2, is amended 27 to read: 28 29 D. Draw on existing state data and studies rather than new analyses, including, but 30 not limited to, analyses and data from the State's climate action plan developed by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Title 38, section 577 and the 31 progress updates to the climate action plan evaluations of the State's progress toward 32 meeting greenhouse gas emissions levels under Title 38, section 578, the 33

Sec. 3. 35-A MRSA §3210-C, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2017, c. 134, §2, is further amended to read:

comprehensive state energy plan pursuant to subsection 3, paragraph C, the

Efficiency Maine Trust's triennial plan pursuant to Title 35-A, section 10104,

subsection 4 and analyses completed by the Federal Government, nonprofit

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

41

3. Commission authority. The commission may direct investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities to enter into long-term contracts for:

organizations and other stakeholders.

1 A. Capacity resources;

- B. Any available energy associated with capacity resources contracted under paragraph A:
 - (1) To the extent necessary to fulfill the policy of subsection 2, paragraph A; or
 - (2) If the commission determines appropriate for purposes of supplying or lowering the cost of standard-offer service or otherwise lowering the cost of electricity for the ratepayers in the State. Available energy contracted pursuant to this subparagraph may be sold into the wholesale electricity market in conjunction with solicitations for standard-offer supply bids;
 - C. Any available renewable energy credits associated with capacity resources contracted under paragraph A. The price paid by the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility for the renewable energy credits must be lower than the price received for those renewable energy credits at the time they are sold by the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility; and
 - D. Transmission capacity, capacity resources, energy or renewable energy credits pursuant to a regional procurement process in conjunction with other states.

The commission may permit, but may not require, investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities to enter into contracts for differences that are designed and intended to buffer ratepayers in the State from potential negative impacts from transmission development. To the greatest extent possible, the commission shall develop procedures for long-term contracts for investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities under this subsection having the same legal and financial effect as the procedures used for standard-offer service pursuant to section 3212 for investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities.

- The commission may enter into contracts for interruptible, demand response or energy efficiency capacity resources. These contracts are not subject to the rules of the State Purchasing Agent. In a competitive solicitation conducted pursuant to subsection 6, the commission shall allow transmission and distribution utilities to submit bids for interruptible or demand response capacity resources.
- Capacity resources contracted under this subsection may not exceed the amount necessary to ensure the reliability of the electric grid of this State, to meet the energy efficiency program budget allocations articulated in the triennial plan as approved by the commission pursuant to section 10104, subsection 4 or any annual update plan approved by the commission pursuant to section 10104, subsection 6 or to lower customer costs as determined by the commission pursuant to rules adopted under subsection 10.
- Unless the commission determines the public interest requires otherwise, a capacity resource may not be contracted under this subsection unless the commission determines that the capacity resource is recognized as a capacity resource for purposes of any regional or federal capacity requirements.
- The commission shall ensure that any long-term contract authorized under this subsection is consistent with the State's goals for greenhouse gas reduction levels under Title 38, section 576 576-A and the regional greenhouse gas initiative as described in the state elimate action plan required in Title 38, section 577 579.

By January 1st of each year, the commission shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy and utilities matters on the procurement of transmission capacity, capacity resources, energy and renewable energy credits in the preceding 12 months under this subsection, the Community-based Renewable Energy Act and deep-water offshore wind energy pilot projects under Public Law 2009, chapter 615, Part A, section 6, as amended by Public Law 2013, chapter 369, Part H, sections 1 and 2 and chapter 378, sections 4 to 6. The report must contain information including, but not limited to, the number of requests for proposals by the commission for long-term contracts, the number of responses to requests for proposals pursuant to which a contract has been finalized, the number of executed term sheets or contracts resulting from the requests for proposals, the commission's initial estimates of ratepayer costs or savings associated with any approved term sheet, actual ratepayer costs or savings for the previous year associated with any procurement, the total ratepayer costs or savings at the time of the report and the megawatt-hours, renewable energy credits or capacity produced or procured through contracts. The report must also include a plan for the succeeding 12 months pertaining to the procurement of capacity resources, energy and renewable energy credits, including dates for requests for proposals, and types of resources to be procured.

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

3435

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §3402, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 2009, c. 615, Pt. A, §2, is further amended to read:

A. Wind energy is an economically feasible, large-scale energy resource that does not rely on fossil fuel combustion or nuclear fission, thereby displacing electrical energy provided by these other sources and avoiding air pollution, waste disposal problems and hazards to human health from emissions, waste and by-products; consequently, wind energy development may address energy needs while making a significant contribution to achievement of the State's renewable energy and greenhouse gas reduction objectives, including those in Title 38, section 576 576-A;

Sec. 5. 35-A MRSA §10104, sub-§4, ¶F, as repealed and replaced by PL 2013, c. 369, Pt. A, §13, is amended to read:

- F. It is an objective of the triennial plan to design, coordinate and integrate sustained energy efficiency and weatherization programs that are available to all energy consumers in the State and to users of all fuel types. The plan must set forth the costs and benefits of energy efficiency programs that advance the following goals, and funding necessary to meet those goals:
 - (1) Reducing energy costs, including residential heating costs;
 - (2) Weatherizing substantially all homes whose owners or occupants are willing to participate in and share the costs of cost-effective home weatherization to a minimum standard of weatherization, as defined by the trust, by 2030;
 - (3) Reducing peak-load demand for electricity through trust programs by 300 megawatts by 2020;
 - (4) By 2020, achieving electricity and natural gas program savings of at least 20% and heating fuel savings of at least 20%, as defined in and determined

1 pursuant to the measures of performance approved by the commission under 2 section 10120: 3 (5) Creating stable private sector jobs providing alternative energy and energy efficiency products and services in the State by 2020; and 4 5 (6) Reducing greenhouse gas emissions from the heating and cooling of buildings in the State by amounts consistent with the State's goals reduction levels 6 established in Title 38, section 576 576-A. 7 8 The trust shall preserve when possible and appropriate the opportunity for carbon 9 emission reductions to be monetized and sold into a voluntary carbon market. Any program of the trust that supports weatherization of buildings must be voluntary and 10 11 may not constitute a mandate that would prevent the sale of emission reductions generated through weatherization measures into a voluntary carbon market. 12 Except when specifically provided in the individual goals under this paragraph, the 13 trust may consider expected savings from market effects not attributable to the trust 14 as well as efforts by other organizations, including but not limited to federally funded 15 low-income weatherization programs. 16 17 As used in this paragraph, "heating fuel" means liquefied petroleum gas, kerosene or #2 heating oil, but does not include fuels when used for industrial or manufacturing 18 19 processes. **Sec. 6. 38 MRSA §574, sub-§§1-A, 1-B and 1-**C are enacted to read: 20 21 1-A. Climate action plan. "Climate action plan" means the state plan adopted in 2004 by the department under this chapter to address greenhouse gas emissions 22 reductions in each sector in cost-effective ways. 23 1-B. Gross annual greenhouse gas emissions. "Gross annual greenhouse gas 24 emissions" means the total amount of greenhouse gases emitted by all sources within the 25 State each year. 26 27 1-C. Net annual greenhouse gas emissions. "Net annual greenhouse gas emissions" means gross annual greenhouse gas emissions less the total amount of 28 greenhouse gases absorbed each year by plants and natural ecosystems, including, but not 29 limited to, trees, crops, soil and wetlands within the State. 30 31 **Sec. 7. 38 MRSA §576,** as enacted by PL 2003, c. 237, §1, is repealed. Sec. 8. 38 MRSA §576-A is enacted to read: 32 33 §576-A. Greenhouse gas emissions reductions 34 1. 2050 annual emissions level. By January 1, 2050, the State shall reduce net annual greenhouse gas emissions to at least 80% below the 1990 net annual greenhouse 35 gas emissions level. 36 37 2. Interim emissions levels. The department shall adopt rules establishing interim net annual greenhouse gas emissions levels for 2030 and 2040. The interim net annual 38

- greenhouse gas emissions levels must maximize the State's ability to meet the 2050 net annual greenhouse gas emissions level. The interim 2030 net annual greenhouse gas emissions level must at a minimum be consistent with the highest level of the greenhouse gas emissions reduction range adopted by the Conference of New England Governors and Eastern Canadian Premiers in Resolution 39-1, dated August 31, 2015. The interim 2040 net annual emissions level must at a minimum be sufficient to project achievement of the 2050 net annual emissions level. The department shall set the interim 2030 net annual emissions level by January 1, 2020 and the interim 2040 net annual emissions level by January 1, 2030.
 - 3. Monitoring and reporting rules. By January 1, 2020, the department shall adopt rules to monitor and report to the Legislature on gross and net annual greenhouse gas emissions. By January 1, 2021, and periodically thereafter, the department shall adopt rules to ensure compliance with the levels established by and pursuant to subsections 1 and 2. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
- Sec. 9. 38 MRSA §577, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 237, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§577. Action plan; long-term goal

1 2

- 1. Long-term reduction goal. The State's long-term reduction goal is to reduce net annual greenhouse gas emissions to an extent sufficient to minimize harmful effects of climate change. To accomplish this goal, reducing net annual greenhouse gas emissions to zero by 2050 may be necessary.
- 2. Climate action plan update. By December 1, 2020, the department, with input from stakeholders, shall update the State's climate action plan to meet the reduction levels in section 576-A. In updating the climate action plan, the department shall conduct a study examining pathways to reduce net annual greenhouse gas emissions consistent with the levels in section 576-A and with the long-term goal in subsection 1. The department shall quantitatively analyze and report on the technical feasibility and cost-effectiveness of each pathway. To fund the analysis, the department may solicit and receive financial support from the public and private and nonprofit organizations. The department shall submit the study to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters, which is authorized to report out legislation related to the study. In identifying the preferred pathways to include in the updated climate action plan, the department shall give consideration to the following objectives:
 - A. Pursuing the most cost-effective and technologically feasible reduction pathways while minimizing effects on low-income and moderate-income persons, minimizing environmental effects, supporting economic sectors that face the biggest barriers to emissions reductions and creating, when feasible, additional employment and economic growth in the State;
 - B. Encouraging the use of natural solutions to reduce net greenhouse gas emissions, such as solutions related to forests, farms and coastal lands in the State and materials that sequester carbon;

- C. Ensuring that all sectors and regions of the State and the broadest group of residents benefit from reaching the levels in section 576-A and the long-term goal in subsection 1, with consideration to economic, quality-of-life and public health benefits; and
- D. Maximizing involvement in interstate initiatives designed to reduce regional greenhouse gas emissions.
- Sec. 10. 38 MRSA §578, as amended by PL 2013, c. 415, §5, is further amended to read:

§578. Progress evaluation

1 2

3

4 5

6

7 8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

2425

26

27

29 30

31

32

33

34

By January 1, 2006 and by that date every 2 years thereafter, the The department shall evaluate the State's progress toward meeting the reduction goals levels specified in section 576 576-A, review the cost effectiveness of the actions taken toward meeting the reduction goals and shall amend the action plan as necessary to ensure that the State can meet the reduction goals and in rules adopted pursuant to section 576-A, subsection 2 and progress toward implementing the climate action plan in section 577. The department shall submit a report of its evaluation to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters and the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and energy matters by January 1, 2016 2022 and by that date every 2 years thereafter. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters is authorized to report out legislation relating to the evaluation to the second regular session of any Legislature. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and energy matters may make recommendations to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters regarding that legislation. Starting no earlier than January 1, 2008, the department may recommend to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters that the reduction goals specified in section 576 be increased or decreased.

28 SUMMARY

This bill provides that by January 1, 2050 the State must reduce net annual greenhouse gas emissions to at least 80% below the 1990 net annual greenhouse gas emissions level. It directs the Department of Environmental Protection to establish interim net annual emissions levels and to monitor and report on gross and net annual greenhouse gas emissions. It directs the department to update the State's climate action plan and evaluate the State's progress toward meeting the reduction levels.