STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD

TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-FOUR

S.P. 362 - L.D. 865

An Act to Clarify the Roles and Responsibilities of the Board of Environmental Protection

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §341-D, sub-§2,** as amended by PL 2011, c. 304, Pt. H, §6, is further amended to read:
- **2. Permit and license applications.** Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the board shall decide assume jurisdiction of each application for approval of the following categories of permits and licenses that in its judgment represents a project of statewide significance. A project of statewide significance is a project that meets at least 3 of the following 4 criteria:
 - E. Will have an environmental or economic impact in more than one municipality, territory or county;
 - F. Involves an activity not previously permitted or licensed in the State;
 - G. Is likely to come under significant public scrutiny; and
 - H. Is located in more than one municipality, territory or county.
 - I. A new mining permit required pursuant to section 490-OO;
 - J. A license for a new solid waste disposal facility required pursuant to section 1310-N;
 - K. A permit for a new high-impact electric transmission line, as defined in Title 35-A, section 3131, subsection 4-A, required pursuant to chapter 3, subchapter 1, article 6;
 - L. A license for a new wastewater discharge required pursuant to section 413 that, as determined by the department, is expected to use more than 20% of the assimilative capacity of the receiving water;
 - M. A permit for a new offshore wind terminal required pursuant to chapter 3, subchapter 1, article 6; and
 - N. A permit for a new nuclear power plant, as defined in Title 35-A, section 4352, subsection 9, required pursuant to chapter 3, subchapter 1, article 6.

The board shall also decide assume jurisdiction of each application for approval of permits and licenses that is referred to it jointly by the commissioner and the applicant.

The board shall assume jurisdiction over applications referred to it under section 344, subsection 2-A when it finds that at least 3 of the 4 criteria of this subsection have been met.

The board may vote to assume jurisdiction of an application if it finds that at least 3 of the 4 criteria of this subsection have been met.

The board may not assume jurisdiction over an application for an expedited wind energy development as defined in Title 35-A, section 3451, subsection 4, for a certification pursuant to Title 35-A, section 3456 or for a general permit pursuant to section 480-HH or section 636-A.

Prior to holding a hearing on an application over which the board has assumed jurisdiction, the board shall ensure that the department and any outside agency review staff assisting the department in its review of the application have submitted to the applicant and the board their review comments on the application and any additional information requests pertaining to the application and that the applicant has had an opportunity to respond to those comments and requests. If additional information needs arise during the hearing, the board shall afford the applicant a reasonable opportunity to respond to those information requests prior to the close of the hearing record.

Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §341-D, sub-§4, ¶A, as amended by PL 2023, c. 139, §2, is further amended to read:

- A. Final license or permit decisions made by the commissioner when a person aggrieved by a decision of the commissioner appeals that decision to the board within 30 days of the filing date of the decision with the board staff. The board staff shall give written notice to persons that have asked to be notified of the decision. An appellant shall identify in the appeal the licensing or permitting criterion or standard the appellant believes was not satisfied in the commissioner's final license or permit decision. Any proposed supplemental evidence offered by an appellant must be included with the filing of the appeal. The board staff shall issue to the licensee or permittee, if the licensee or permittee is not the appellant, and to any persons who have requested to be notified of the license or permit decision written notice of the filing of the appeal and identify any proposed supplemental evidence offered by the appellant. Within 30 days of the issuance of the written notice of the filing of the appeal by the board staff, the licensee or permittee, if the licensee or permittee is not the appellant, and any interested parties identified by the commissioner pursuant to section 344, subsection 4-A, paragraph B may submit supplemental evidence to the board and the appellant addressing the issues raised in the appeal. The board may allow the record to be supplemented when it finds that the evidence offered is relevant and material and that:
 - (1) An interested party seeking to supplement the record has shown due diligence in bringing the evidence to the licensing process at the earliest possible time; or
 - (2) The evidence is newly discovered and could not, by the exercise of diligence, have been discovered in time to be presented earlier in the licensing process.

The board may admit into the record supplemental evidence offered by a respondent in response to proposed supplemental evidence offered by an appellant and the issues raised on appeal. The board may shall admit into the record additional evidence and analysis submitted by department staff in response to issues raised on in the appeal or and any supplemental evidence offered by an appellant, respondent or interested party allowed by the board in accordance with this paragraph. The board is not bound by the commissioner's findings of fact or conclusions of law but may adopt, modify or reverse findings of fact or conclusions of law established by the commissioner. Any changes to a final license or permit decision of the commissioner made by the board under this paragraph must be based upon the board's review of the record, any supplemental evidence admitted by the board and any other evidence obtained by the board through any hearing on the appeal held by the board;

If the board modifies or reverses a final license or permit decision of the commissioner pursuant to this paragraph, the licensee or permittee shall implement any changes to the project necessary to comply with the decision of the board, which may include, but are not limited to, deconstruction and site restoration, and the department may initiate enforcement actions pursuant to section 347-A and impose penalties pursuant to section 349 if the licensee or permittee fails to satisfactorily implement those changes;

Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §344, sub-§2-A, ¶A, as amended by PL 2011, c. 304, Pt. H, §18, is further amended to read:

- A. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the commissioner shall decide as expeditiously as possible if an application meets 3 of the 4 criteria the requirements set forth in section 341-D, subsection 2 for the assumption of jurisdiction by the board and shall request that notify the board assume jurisdiction of that if the application meets the requirements. If an interested person requests that the commissioner refer an application to the board and the commissioner determines that the criteria are not met, the commissioner shall notify the board of that request. If at any subsequent time during the review of an application the commissioner decides that the application falls under meets the requirements set forth in section 341-D, subsection 2 for the assumption of jurisdiction by the board, the commissioner shall request that notify the board assume jurisdiction of that the application meets the requirements.
 - (1) The commissioner may not request the board to assume jurisdiction of an application for any permit or other approval required for an expedited wind energy development, as defined in Title 35-A, section 3451, subsection 4, a certification pursuant to Title 35-A, section 3456 or a general permit pursuant to section 480-HH or section 636-A. Except as provided in subparagraph (2), the commissioner shall issue a decision on an application for an expedited wind energy development, an offshore wind power project or a hydropower project, as defined in section 632, subsection 3, that uses tidal action as a source of electrical or mechanical power within 185 days of the date on which the department accepts the application as complete pursuant to this section or within 270 days of the department's acceptance of the application if the commissioner holds a hearing on the application pursuant to section 345-A, subsection 1-A.
 - (2) The expedited review periods of 185 days and 270 days specified in subparagraph (1) do not apply to the associated facilities, as defined in Title 35-A,

section 3451, subsection 1, of the development if the commissioner determines that an expedited review time is unreasonable due to the size, location, potential impacts, multiple agency jurisdiction or complexity of that portion of the development. If an expedited review period does not apply, a review period specified pursuant to section 344-B applies.

The commissioner may stop the processing time with the consent of the applicant for a period of time agreeable to the commissioner and the applicant.

- **Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §489-A, sub-§9, ¶A,** as amended by PL 1993, c. 383, §27 and affected by §42, is further amended by amending subparagraph (1) to read:
 - (1) Meets one or more of the criteria requirements set forth in section 341-D, subsection 2, paragraph A, B or C for the assumption of jurisdiction by the board;