

129th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2019

Legislative Document	No. 659
H.P. 480	House of Representatives, February 7, 2019

An Act Regarding the Use of Interchangeable Biological Products

Reference to the Committee on Health Coverage, Insurance and Financial Services suggested and ordered printed.

R(+ B. Hunt

ROBERT B. HUNT Clerk

Presented by Representative PERRY of Calais. Cosponsored by Senator GRATWICK of Penobscot and Representatives: ARATA of New Gloucester, CRAVEN of Lewiston, O'CONNOR of Berwick, Senator: MOORE of Washington.

H.P. 480

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 1 2 Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §13702-A, sub-§1-A is enacted to read: 3 1-A. Biological product. "Biological product" has the same meaning as in 42 United States Code, Section 262. 4 Sec. 2. 32 MRSA §13702-A, sub-§14-A is enacted to read: 5 6 14-A. Interchangeable biological product. "Interchangeable biological product" means a biological product that the federal Food and Drug Administration has: 7 A. Licensed and determined meets the standards for interchangeability pursuant to 8 9 42 United States Code, Section 262(k)(4); or 10 B. Determined is therapeutically equivalent as set forth in the most recent edition of or supplement to the federal Food and Drug Administration's "Approved Drug 11 Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations" or a successor publication. 12 13 Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §13702-A, sub-§31-A is enacted to read: 31-A. Proper name. "Proper name," as it relates to a biological product, means the 14 nonproprietary name for a biological product designated by the federal Food and Drug 15 Administration for use on each package of the product. 16 Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §13781, as amended by PL 2007, c. 85, §§1 and 2, is further 17 18 amended to read: §13781. Generic and therapeutically equivalent substitution 19 20 A written prescription issued by a practitioner in this State may contain a box in the 21 lower right-hand corner of the prescription form. The following words must appear to the left of this box: "Any drug which that is the generic and therapeutic equivalent of the 22 drug or any biological product that is an interchangeable biological product of the 23 biological product specified above in this prescription must be dispensed, provided that 24 no check mark () has been handwritten in the box in the lower right-hand corner." 25 26 Except with regard to a patient who is paying for a drug or biological product with the patient's own resources, any pharmacist receiving a prescription in which no 27 handwritten check mark () is found in the box provided shall substitute a generic and 28 29 therapeutically equivalent drug for the drug or an interchangeable biological product for the biological product specified on the prescription if the substituted drug or 30 interchangeable biological product is distributed by a business entity doing business in 31 the United States that is subject to suit and the service of legal process in the United 32 States and the price of the substituted drug or interchangeable biological product does not 33 34 exceed the price of the drug or biological product specified by the practitioner; except 35 that, when the cost of a prescription is to be reimbursed under the MaineCare program pursuant to Title 22, chapter 855, the pharmacist shall substitute a generic and 36 therapeutically equivalent drug or an interchangeable biological product only when the 37 Department of Health and Human Services has determined that the substitute drug or 38

interchangeable biological product would be a more cost-effective alternative than the 1 2 drug or biological product prescribed by the practitioner. Except for prescribed drugs listed under the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, 21 3 United States Code, Section 812, as amended, as Schedule II drugs, with regard to a 4 patient who is paying for a drug or biological product with the patient's own resources, a 5 pharmacist shall inquire about the patient's preference for either the brand-name drug or 6 generic and therapeutically equivalent drug or for either the prescribed biological product 7 or interchangeable biological product and dispense the drug or biological product that the 8 9 patient prefers.

10 Except with regard to a patient who is paying for a drug or biological product with the patient's own resources, if a written prescription issued by a practitioner in this State 11 does not contain the box described in this section, a pharmacist shall substitute a generic 12 and therapeutically equivalent drug for the drug or an interchangeable biological product 13 for the biological product specified on the prescription if the substituted drug or 14 interchangeable biological product is distributed by a business entity doing business in 15 the United States that is subject to suit and the service of legal process in the United 16 States and the price of the substituted drug or interchangeable biological product does not 17 exceed the price of the drug or biological product specified by the practitioner, unless a 18 19 practitioner has handwritten on the prescription form, along with the practitioner's signature, "dispense as written," "DAW," "brand," "brand necessary" or "brand medically 20 necessary"; except that, when the cost of a prescription is to be reimbursed under the 21 MaineCare program pursuant to Title 22, chapter 855, the pharmacist shall substitute a 22 23 generic and therapeutically equivalent drug or an interchangeable biological product only when the Department of Health and Human Services has determined that the substitute 24 drug or interchangeable biological product would be a more cost-effective alternative 25 than the drug or biological product prescribed by the practitioner. Except for prescribed 26 drugs listed under the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, 27 28 21 United States Code, Section 812, as amended, as Schedule II drugs, with regard to a patient who is paying for a drug or biological product with the patient's own resources, a 29 pharmacist shall inquire about the patient's preference for either the brand-name drug or 30 31 generic and therapeutically equivalent drug or for either the prescribed biological product or interchangeable biological product and dispense the drug or biological product that the 32 33 patient prefers.

34 Any pharmacist who substitutes a generic and therapeutically equivalent drug or an interchangeable biological product under this section shall inform the person to whom the 35 drug or interchangeable biological product is dispensed of the substitution. When any 36 37 substitution is made under this section, the pharmacist shall cause all information as required by section 13794, the name of the generic and therapeutically equivalent drug-38 and the name or abbreviation of the drug manufacturer or distributor of that substitute 39 40 drug and all other information as required by section 13794 or, in the case of an interchangeable biological product, the proper name and the name of the manufacturer of 41 42 the interchangeable biological product, to appear on the container label of the drug or interchangeable biological product dispensed. 43

1 This section does not apply to prescriptions ordered by practitioners for patients in 2 hospitals when those prescriptions are filled by a hospital pharmacy or in any institution 3 where a formulary system is established.

4 Within 5 business days after a pharmacist dispenses a biological product, the dispensing pharmacist or the pharmacist's designee shall enter in an electronic records 5 system that is electronically accessible to the practitioner who prescribed the biological 6 product the specific biological product dispensed, including the name of the biological 7 product and the manufacturer. For purposes of this paragraph, "electronic records 8 9 system" means an interoperable electronic medical records system, an electronic prescribing technology, a pharmacist benefit management system or an electronic 10 pharmacy record. Entry into an electronic records system as described in this paragraph 11 is presumed to provide notice to the practitioner. If a pharmacist cannot make an entry in 12 an electronic records system, the pharmacist shall notify the practitioner of the specific 13 biological product dispensed by facsimile, telephone, electronic transmission or other 14 similar means. Notice to a practitioner under this paragraph is not required if the federal 15 Food and Drug Administration has not approved an interchangeable biological product 16 for the product prescribed or a refill prescription is not changed from the biological 17 product dispensed on the prior filling of the prescription. 18

19The board shall maintain a link on the board's publicly accessible website to the20current list of all biological products determined by the federal Food and Drug21Administration to be an interchangeable biological product.

- 22 For the purposes of this section, "drug" does not include biological products.
- 23 Sec. 5. 32 MRSA §13794, first ¶, as amended by PL 1999, c. 130, §14, is further
 24 amended to read:

25 Every drug dispensed pursuant to prescription, whether for a legend drug or not, must carry on the label the following information: the prescription number; the date of filling; 26 the patient's name; directions for use; the name and strength of the drug and the amount 27 28 dispensed, including either the brand name of the drug or, if a generic and therapeutically equivalent drug or interchangeable biological product is dispensed it the label must be in 29 accordance with section 13781; the beyond use date of the drug; the name of the 30 31 practitioner prescribing the drug; and the name, address and telephone number of the pharmacy where the prescription was compounded and dispensed. For purposes of this 32 section, "beyond use date" means a date beyond which the contents of the prescription are 33 not recommended to be used. 34

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SUMMARY

This bill provides for pharmacist substitution of interchangeable biological products for prescribed biological products in a manner similar to the current regulation of generic drug substitution. The bill defines "biological product" and "interchangeable biological product."