PLEASE NOTE: Legislative Information *cannot* perform research, provide legal advice, or interpret Maine law. For legal assistance, please contact a qualified attorney.

## An Act To Encourage Access to Respite Care Services for Maine Families with Behavioral Health Needs

**Emergency preamble. Whereas,** acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, some families forego respite care because they are not able to afford copayments; and

Whereas, it is important for families that need respite care to be able to access that care; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 34-B MRSA §1208, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 673, Pt. SSS, §2, is amended to read:

**8. Fees.** By July 1, 2004, the department shall adopt rules to require that contracts and service agreements with service providers require service providers to charge fees for certain services for children and families funded through grant funds from the department. Respite, outpatientOutpatient, case management and home-based family services are subject to fees under this subsection. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. The following provisions apply to the rules and to the imposition of fees under the rules.

A. A fee scale must be established by the department on a sliding scale on the basis of household income, determined after consultation with the Department of Human Services, Bureau of Family Independence with reference to the federal nonfarm income official poverty line, and take into account the number of children with special needs within a household who are receiving services from the department and whether the family pays very high health care expenses.

B. The fee scale under paragraph A must be developed after consultation with service providers, consumers and advocates for service providers and consumers. As appropriate to the child, family and service, the fee scale must apply to all service providers and supersedes previous service provider fee schedules.

C. The fee scale under paragraph A may not require fees from families below 250% of the federal nonfarm income official poverty line and must require families above 450% of the federal nonfarm income official poverty line to pay 100% of the cost of services provided by service providers. The fee scale must include fees of 25%, 50%, 75% and 100% of the cost of services.

D. Service providers must be allowed to require payment of fees at the time that services are provided, to suspend services for nonpayment of fees and to retain all fees collected. Service providers must be required to provide an accounting to the department of fees charged and administrative expenses incurred in billing and collecting fees and of fees retained.

**Sec. 2. Respite care.** The Department of Health and Human Services shall amend its rules by removing respite care from the sliding fee methodology for state-grant-funded children's services.

**Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

## SUMMARY

This bill removes respite care services from the Department of Health and Human Services' rules regarding the sliding fee scale methodology for state-grant-funded children's services.