

Recycling and Beneficial Use of CDD

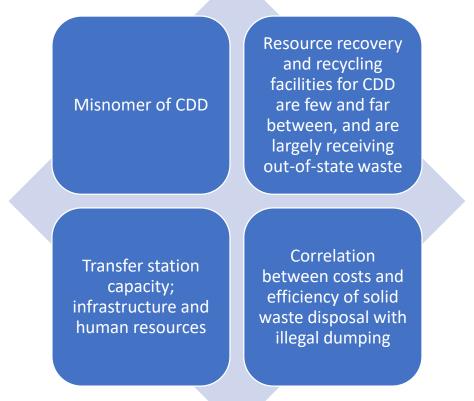
Presentation to the Environment and Natural Resources Committee

October 17, 2022

Setting the stage: Sentiment

- Member municipalities are supportive of Maine's solid waste hierarchy
 - 130th Legislative Session
 - ✓ LD 57 An Act To Reduce the Landfilling of Municipal Solid Waste
 - ✓ LD 1911 An Act To Prohibit the Contamination of Clean Soils with So-called Forever Chemicals
 - ✓ LD 1964 An Act To Create the Maine Redevelopment Land Bank Authority
 - ✓ (NFNA) LD 1639 An Act To Protect the Health and Welfare of Maine Communities and Reduce Harmful Solid Waste
- Tales from a transfer station manager

Setting the stage: CDD





Source: www.wastetodaymagazine.com

Setting the stage: Finances (MSW)

| | <u>FY 2019</u> | <u>FY 2020</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Revenue | \$14,170,904 | \$23,035,602 |
| Collection & Disposal | \$48,220,832 | \$61,320,263 |
| Recycling | \$6,265,337 | \$9,210,516 |
| Total Expense | \$54,486,169 | \$70,530,779 |
| | | |
| Shortfall | -\$40,315,266 | -\$47,495,177 |

Solid waste management is the fastest growing cost center for municipal budgets.

Early FY 2021 projections are approximately \$95 Million in collection, disposal, and recycling costs.

Divide between revenue and expenses expected to continue to grow

Municipal Considerations

Waste management costs are borne by property taxpayer without relief

Local ordinances prior to regional or statewide solutions

• Planning, regulation, fees, goals and targets

Unequal access to material reuse and recycling facilities for CDD

• During an interim period of market expansion, municipalities will be competing for agreements with haulers and recovery facilities





Private Sector Considerations

- Disincentives to demolition may encourage leapfrogging, or development of virgin soil rather than redevelopment
 - Blighted, abandoned, functionally obsolete properties
- Technology and best practices of developers and contractors
- Expansion of recycling markets

Stenton Trust mill in Sanford



Source: www.pressherald.com



Abandoned house in Winslow

Source: www.centralmaine.com

LA County Ordinance

20.87.040 Recycling and reuse requirements.

A. At least 50 percent, determined by weight, of all soil, rock, and gravel removed from a project site must be recycled or reused unless a lower percentage is approved by the director upon a determination that recycling or reuse of 50 percent of all such materials is not reasonably feasible. To the extent practicable, soil, rock, and gravel to be removed from the project site may not be commingled with other project C&D debris.

B. At least 50 percent, determined by weight, of all project C&D debris, exclusive of soil, rock, and gravel, must be recycled or reused unless a lower percentage is approved by the director upon a determination that recycling or reuse of 50 percent of all such materials is not reasonably feasible.

C. Inert materials, exclusive of soil, rock, and gravel, may comprise no more than two-thirds, determined by weight, of the percentage of project C&D debris that is required to be recycled or reused under subsection B, unless a higher percentage of inert materials is approved by the director upon a determination that the project will not otherwise generate or result in sufficient C&D debris to meet the level of recycling or reuse required in subsection B.

D. In the event the required percentages of C&D debris have not been recycled or reused, every ton or fraction of a ton of C&D debris that has not been recycled or reused as required constitutes a separate violation of this chapter for which the director may impose administrative penalties as provided by subsection G of Section 20.87.090.

Recycling or Reuse facilities in LA County

| | Wood, | drywall, metal, cardboard, Inert Debris, Facility Name | Land Clea | <mark>ring Debris, Soi</mark> Phone | |
|--|----------|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| Location | | Randfam/Rent-A-Bin ^h | | | |
| , , , , | | | | (661) 250-5333 | |
| Gardena | | California Waste Services ^h | | (800) 839-5550 | |
| Lancaster | | WM - Lancaster Landfill | | (661) 726-3468 | |
| Long Beach | | American Industrial Services | | (800) 500-3881 | |
| Los Angeles (Downtown) Los Angeles (East LA) | | WM - Downtown Diversion Direct Disposal ⁿ | | (213) 612-5005 (323) 262-1604 | |
| Los Angeles (Last LA) | | American Reclamation ⁿ | | (323) 245-0125 | |
| Pacoima | | Cordova Construction Services | | (818) 896-0509 | |
| Palmdale | | WM - Palmdale Landfill ^h | | (661) 947-7197 | |
| Santa Clarita | | Burrtec Services ^h | | (866) 270-5370 | |
| Santa Clarita | | Republic Services | | (800) 299-4898 | |
| Santa Monica | | Southern California Disposal | | (310) 828-6444 | |
| South Gate | | Construction and Demolition Recycling, Inc. | | (323) 357-6900 | |
| Sun Valley | | Crown Recycling Services | | (800) 633-9933 | |
| | | WM - East Valley Diversion | (818) 252-0 | | |
| Inert Debris Only — Asphalt, asphalt concrete, concrete, concrete blocks, gravel, rocks, soi | | | | | |
| Location | | Facility Name | | Phone | |
| Lancaster | | Arrow Transit Mix, Inc. | (661) 945-7600 | | |
| Long Beach (North) | | Hanson Aggregates | (626) 856-6700, Option 1 | | |
| Long Beach (South) | | Hanson Aggregates | (636) 856-6700, Option 1 | | |
| Los Angeles (Boyle Heights) | | Security Paving Company, Inc. (formerly 25th Street Recycling) | (818) 362-9200 | | |
| Los Angeles (South) | | Grit & Gravel, Inc. | (424) 800-3831 | | |
| Monrovia | | Peck Road Gravel | (626) 574-1855 | | |
| Sun Valley | | AMH Recycling | (818) 768-5202, ext. 245 | | |
| Sun Valley | | Vulcan Materials | (818) 983-0146 | | |
| Sun Valley | | RAMCO | (818) 767-0700 | | |
| Sun Valley | | Security Paving company, Inc. (formerly Bradley Recycling) | (818) 362-9200 | | |
| Location | nd Clear | ring Debris — Green waste, clearing and Facility Name | d grubbing | Phone | |
| Granada Hills | North I | Hills Recycling | (818) 831-7980 | | |
| Newhall | | I Soils, Inc.* ⁿ | (661) 254-1045 | | |
| Pomona | | ecycled Wood Products* ⁿ | | (909) 868-6882 | |
| Santa Fe Springs | | reencycle*h | | (562) 906-5223 | |
| Sun Valley | | I - Bradley East Transfer Station | | (818) 767-6180 | |
| | | Deconstructed Material Only | | | |
| Location | | Facility Name | Phone | | |
| 5 () 5 / | | Freeway Building Materials | (323) 261-8904 | | |
| Los Angeles (Boyle Heights) So | | Southern California Architectural Salvage | (213) 623-3119 | | |
| | | The Reuse People | (818) 244-5635 | | |
| Pasadena Pa | | Pasadena Architectural Salvage | 100 | 26) 535-9655 | |

CalRecycle: What flexibility does a jurisdiction have when applying CALGreen?

The code includes exceptions to the requirements. **The exceptions generally apply if adequate diversion facilities do not exist**.

Each of these exceptions allows a reduced or alternate compliance requirement. There is an exception for demolition waste diversion in consideration of local recycling facilities and markets for non-residential occupancies. CalRecycle recommends that the recycling coordinator collaborate with their building departments/ inspectors to develop any appropriate exemptions.

CalRecycle:

Could a city that is looking to adopt a C&D ordinance save time by just finding another city of similar size and conditions that has already adopted an ordinance, and adopt it?

Every city is different, and each waste stream is different. If a city is considering adoption of a C&D ordinance, while it may benefit by knowing about how C&D ordinances are working in neighboring or similar jurisdictions, it should base their ordinance on conditions specific to the city. The city should identify its infrastructure and know its own waste stream and then tailor the ordinance to its diversion needs.