1	L.D. 1983
2	Date: (Filing No. S-)
3	STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT
4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate.
5	STATE OF MAINE
6	SENATE
7	131ST LEGISLATURE
8	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
9 10	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to S.P. 812, L.D. 1983, "An Act to Establish the Maine Buy American and Build Maine Act"
11	Amend the bill by striking out all of sections 5, 6 and 7 and inserting the following:
12 13	'Sec. 5. 5 MRSA §1815, as amended by PL 2023, c. 516, Pt. B, §11, is further amended to read:
14	§1815. Requisitions required
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Except as otherwise provided in chapters 141 to 154, chapter 160 and this chapter and the rules and regulations adopted under those chapters and this chapter, services, supplies, materials and equipment may be purchased by or furnished to the State or any department or agency thereof only upon requisition to the Chief Procurement Officer. The Chief Procurement Officer, or the officer's authorized representative, shall examine each requisition submitted to the officer by any department or agency of the State and may revise it as to quantity, quality or estimated cost after consultation with the department or agency concerned.
23 24	Sec. 6. 5 MRSA §1819, as amended by PL 2023, c. 516, Pt. B, §15, is further amended to read:
25	§1819. Unlawful purchases
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	Whenever any department or agency of the State, pursuant to chapters 141 to 154, chapter 160 and this chapter and rules and regulations adopted under those chapters and this chapter applying to the purchase of services, supplies, materials or equipment through the Chief Procurement Officer, contracts for the purchase of such services, supplies, materials or equipment contrary to chapters 141 to 154, chapter 160 and this chapter or the rules and regulations adopted under those chapters and this chapter, that contract is void and has no effect. If any such department or agency purchases any services, supplies, materials or equipment contrary to chapters 141 to 154, chapter 160 and this chapter or rules and regulations adopted under those chapters and this chapter, the head of that department or agency is personally liable for the costs thereof, and if the services, supplies,

1 2 3	materials or equipment are so unlawfully purchased and paid for out of state money, the amount thereof may be recovered in the name of the State in an appropriate action instituted therefor.
4	Sec. 7. 5 MRSA c. 160 is enacted to read:
5	CHAPTER 160
6	MAINE BUY AMERICAN AND BUILD MAINE ACT
7	§1911. Short title This chapter may be known and cited as "the Maine Buy American and Build Maine"
9 10	Act." §1912. Definitions
11 12	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
13 14	1. Department. "Department" means the Department of Administrative and Financial Services.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	2. Emergency life safety and property safety goods. "Emergency life safety and property safety goods" means any goods that are part of or for addition to a system designed to prevent, respond to, alert regarding, suppress, control or extinguish an emergency or the cause of an emergency, or goods used to assist evacuation in the event of an emergency, that threatens life or property. "Emergency life safety and property safety goods" includes, but is not limited to, goods relating to systems or items for fire alarm, fire sprinklers, fire suppression, fire extinguishing, security, gas detection, intrusion detection, access control, video surveillance and recording, mass notification, public address, emergency lighting, patient wandering and infant tagging.
24 25 26 27	3. Employer. "Employer" means a person, firm or corporation that employs one or more employees on a public improvement, including contractors and subcontractors, and that is required or eligible to make contributions or other payments into the Unemployment Compensation Fund under Title 26, section 1141.
28 29 30 31 32	4. Hiring hall. "Hiring hall" means a service provided by a labor organization or an entity associated with a labor organization that places employees with an employer under a collective bargaining agreement or otherwise places employees with employers. For purposes of this subsection, "labor organization" has the same meaning as in Title 35-A, section 3210-H, subsection 1, paragraph B.
33 34	5. In-state contractor. "In-state contractor" means an individual residing in this State or a business based in this State. "In-state contractor" includes:
35 36 37	A. An individual who has a physical address in this State at which the individual has established residency and has filed a Maine income tax return for at least the 2 years immediately prior to bidding on a state contract;
38 39 40	B. A business or a subsidiary of the business that has a physical address in this State at which it conducts business, including, but not limited to, interviewing applicants for employment and hiring and employing staff at the prevailing wage rate for the

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2	occupational classification in the area of employment in accordance with Title 26, section 1308; and
3 4	C. A business that uses the services of contractors or subcontractors that use a hiring hall within the local labor market in order to meet their local workforce needs and:
5 6	(1) Has filed a Maine income tax return or paid employment taxes in the State for at least the 2 years immediately prior to bidding on a state contract;
7 8 9 10	(2) If the business or a subsidiary of the business does not meet the requirements of subparagraph (1), an officer of the business, if the business is a corporation, a partner in the business or the sole proprietor of the business meets the requirements of paragraph A; or
11 12 13 14 15	(3) If the business or a subsidiary of the business does not meet the requirements of subparagraph (1) or (2), at least 65% of the individuals employed by the business or subsidiary are residents of this State. For purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is a resident of this State if the individual meets the requirements of Title 21-A, section 112 and has filed a Maine income tax return the previous year.
16 17 18 19	6. Local labor market. "Local labor market" means labor market areas in this State as defined by the Department of Labor and any labor market outside of this State if any portion of that labor market is within 75 miles of the border of this State or has a hiring hall within the local labor market.
20	7. Manufactured good. "Manufactured good" means:
21 22 23	A. An article, material or supply valued over \$5,000 per item or per single purchase order, including any preassembled items, brought to a construction site for incorporation into a public building or public work; and
24 25	B. Articles, materials or supplies acquired by a public agency and valued over \$5,000 per item or per single purchase order.
26 27	"Manufactured good" does not include aggregates, such as cement and cementitious materials or aggregates such as stone, sand, gravel or aggregate binding agents or additives.
28	8. Manufactured in the United States. "Manufactured in the United States" means:
29 30	A. In the case of an iron or steel product, all manufacturing takes place in the United States from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings; and
31	B. In the case of a manufactured good other than an iron or steel product:
32	(1) The manufactured good was manufactured in the United States;
33 34 35 36 37	(2) The cost of the components of the manufactured good that are mined, produced or manufactured in the United States is greater than 65% of the total cost of all components of the manufactured good, unless another standard for determining the minimum amount of domestic content of the manufactured good has been established under state law or department rule; or
38 39	(3) In the case of construction materials, all manufacturing processes for the construction material occurred in the United States.

- 9. Public agency. "Public agency" means the State and its departments, agencies, boards, commissions and institutions, county and municipal governmental units and school administrative units.
- 10. Public building or public work. "Public building or public work" means any structure, building, highway, waterway, street, bridge, transit system, airport or other betterment, work or improvement whether of a permanent or temporary nature and whether for governmental or proprietary use. "Public building or public work" includes, but is not limited to, any railway; street railway; locomotive; passenger bus; wires, poles and equipment for electrification of a transit system; rails; tracks; roadbed; guideway; elevated structure; school; hospital; station; terminal; dock; shelter; and repairs to any such public building or public work. "Public building or public work" includes water systems, including drinking water and wastewater systems; electric transmission facilities and systems; utilities; and broadband infrastructure.
- 11. Public improvement. "Public improvement" means the construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, improvement or maintenance of a public building or public work made by a public agency.
- 12. United States. "United States" means the United States of America and any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

§1913. Use of materials manufactured in the United States

- 1. Mandatory contract provision. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a contract for a public improvement must contain a provision that the manufactured goods, including but not limited to iron and steel, used or supplied in the performance of the contract or any subcontract to the contract must be manufactured in the United States.
- **2. Procurement.** Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, manufactured goods purchased by a public agency must be manufactured in the United States.
- 3. Exceptions. A public agency may apply to the Governor or the Governor's designee for a waiver of the requirements of subsection 1 or 2 in any case or category of cases in which the executive head of a public agency finds:
 - A. That the application of the requirements of subsection 1 or 2 would be inconsistent with the public interest;
 - B. That the types of iron, steel, manufactured goods or construction materials are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or
 - C. That inclusion of iron, steel, manufactured goods or construction materials produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall public improvement or procurement contract by more than 25%.
- **4. Public review and comment.** A public agency shall implement procedures to allow a reasonable amount of time for public review and comment on a requested waiver under subsection 3 before making a finding based on the request and shall publish on the public agency's publicly accessible website or, in the case of a public improvement, in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the proposed work a detailed justification for any waiver granted.

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- 5. Intentional violations. The department shall, after a hearing, debar an individual, business or other entity from participation in contracts or subcontracts with the State for 2 years if the department has reason to believe that individual, business or other entity has intentionally:
 - A. Affixed a label bearing a "Made in America" inscription, or any inscription with the same meaning, to any manufactured good, including but not limited to iron and steel, used in a project to which this section applies when that manufactured good was not manufactured in the United States;
 - B. Represented that any manufactured good, including but not limited to iron and steel, used in a project to which this section applies was manufactured in the United States when that manufactured good was not manufactured in the United States; or
 - C. Violated any provision of this chapter.
 - 6. International trade obligations. The requirements of this section do not apply to the extent they violate or are inconsistent with international agreements pertaining to government procurement.
 - 7. Exception for emergency life safety and property safety goods. The provisions of this chapter do not apply to emergency life safety and property safety goods.
 - **8.** Federal compliance. The requirements of this section do not apply to the extent they violate or are inconsistent with federal funding requirements.

§1914. Preference for in-state contractors and use of local labor markets

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a public agency shall follow the requirements of this section.

- 1. Substantially similar bids; award of contract. In addition to the requirements of Title 26, chapter 15, public agencies, in awarding a contract for a public improvement, services provided to or on behalf of the State or the procurement of manufactured goods, shall award the contract to an in-state contractor if that in-state contractor's bid is substantially similar to other submitted bids. In consideration of substantially similar bids for public improvements or procurement of manufactured goods, public agencies shall award the contract to an in-state contractor that has a registered apprenticeship program under Title 26, chapter 37.
- 2. Public improvements. Public agencies, in awarding a contract for a public improvement project, shall require that at least 75% of employees hired by the contractor or a subcontractor of a public improvement be domiciled in a local labor market.
- 3. Exception. If the public agency determines, by a preponderance of evidence, that a bid submitted by an in-state contractor is frivolous or that the in-state contractor is incapable of satisfactorily completing the contract, the department may refuse to award the contract to that in-state contractor.
- 4. Grievance; investigation; mediation. An in-state contractor that is not awarded a contract pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 may request, within 30 days of the award of the contract, the Attorney General to investigate the bidding process and award to determine whether the procedure in subsection 1 or 2 was adhered to by the public agency awarding the contract or, if the contract was not awarded pursuant to subsection 3, whether the public agency's determination was valid. If the Attorney General determines that the public

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agency has not followed the procedure specified in subsection 1 or 2, the Attorney General may act as a mediator in a dispute between the in-state contractor and the public agency.

5. Federal compliance. The requirements of this section do not apply to the extent they violate or are inconsistent with federal funding requirements.

§1915. Rules

The department may adopt rules necessary to implement this chapter. Rules adopted

The department may adopt rules necessary to implement this chapter. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are major substantive rules as defined in chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

§1916. Exception

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The provisions of this chapter do not apply to public improvement projects for which financing bonds have been approved before September 1, 2025.

Sec. 8. 26 MRSA §1301, first ¶ is amended to read:

The Except as otherwise provided in Title 5, chapter 160, the State, counties, cities and towns, and every charitable or educational institution which that is supported in whole or in part by aid granted by the State or by any municipality shall, in the awarding of contracts for constructing, altering, repairing, furnishing or equipping its buildings or public works, give preference to workmen workers and to bidders for such contracts who are residents of this State, provided as long as the bids submitted by such resident bidders are equally favorable with bids submitted by contractors from without the State. This section shall does not apply to construction or repairs amounting to less than \$1,000 or to emergency work or to state road work.'

Amend the bill by striking out all of section 9 and inserting the following:

'Sec. 9. Effective date. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.'

Amend the bill by relettering or renumbering any nonconsecutive Part letter or section number to read consecutively.

26 SUMMARY

This amendment, which is the majority report of the committee, makes the following changes to the Maine Buy American and Build Maine Act proposed in the bill.

- 1. It adds definitions of "employer," "hiring hall" and "local labor market."
- 2. It amends several other definitions in the Act.
- 3. It removes references to cement from several provisions in the Act.
- 4. It adds an exception to certain requirements of the Act when the requirements would increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25%.
- 5. It requires public agencies, and not just the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, to engage in a public comment period when requesting a waiver to the requirement that certain manufactured goods be manufactured in the United States.
- 6. It adds a preference for public improvements or procurement bids from in-state contractors with registered apprenticeship programs under the Maine Apprenticeship Program.

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2	7. It adds a requirement that at least 75% of the employees hired by a contractor awarded a bid for a public improvement project be domiciled in a local labor market.
3 4	It removes the provision setting out a preference for in-state contractors bidding on procurement contracts.
5	9. It clarifies that construction materials are a manufactured good.
6 7 8	10. It changes the provision for rulemaking by the Department of Administrative and Financial Services from mandatory to optional and categorizes the rules as major substantive.
9 10	11. It adds an exception to the Act for public improvement projects for which financing bonds have been approved before the effective date of the Act.
11	12. It changes the effective date of the legislation to September 1, 2025.
12 13	The amendment also makes technical changes to the bill to update language to reflect laws passed during the Second Regular Session of the 131st Legislature.
14	FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED
15	(See attached)