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In Senate, March 28, 2023

An Act to Establish the Guiding Public Health Principles of Focused Protection for Pandemics of a Highly Infectious Respiratory Disease

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

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DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BRAKEY of Androscoggin. Cosponsored by Representative SAMPSON of Alfred and Senators: KEIM of Oxford, MOORE of Washington, Representatives: BAGSHAW of Windham, BOYER of Poland, FREDERICKS of Sanford, JAVNER of Chester, LEMELIN of Chelsea, MORRIS of Turner.

 Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §820-A is enacted to read: §820-A. Principles of focused protection for a pandemic of a highly infectiou respiratory disease 1. Focused protection. The public health response of the State to a pandemic of a highly infectious disease must be guided by principles of focused protection unde subsection 2. 2. Guiding principles of focused protection. The guiding principles of focused protection include that: A. Public health advice must consider the impact on overall public health rather that be solely concerned with a single disease and consider the benefits and harms of any public health measure, weighing the short-term versus the long-term consequences of the measure; B. Public health policy must protect the most vulnerable populations of the State including children, low-income families, individuals with disabilities and the elderly and may not shift the burden of protecting against the disease from the affluent to the less affluent; C. Public health advice must address the needs of each population. If a population in the State believes that places of worship are essential, the public health advice should consider places of worship as essential in determining the advice; D. Public health policy must be based on comparative risk evaluations, risk reduction and reducing uncertainties using the best available scientific evidence but recognizing that risk cannot be entirely eliminated; E. Public health policy must be based on comparative risk evaluations, risk reduction and reducing uncertainties using the best available scientific evidence but recognizing that risk cannot be entirely eliminated; E. Public health recommendations must present facts as the basis for guidance and may not employ fear, shame or falsehood to manipulate the public; F. Medical interventions may not be forced on a population, and a population may not be coerced into medical interventions, and medical interventions must be volunt
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rules and must provide information and resources for an individual to make an informed decision; and
G. Public health authorities must be honest and transparent with what is both known and unknown, advice given must be evidence-based and explained by data and the authorities must acknowledge errors or changes in evidence as soon as the authorities are aware of the changes.
SUMMARY
This bill establishes principles of focused protection for a pandemic of a highly infectious respiratory disease for public health authorities to follow, including:
1. Considering the impact on overall public health instead of being focused on a single disease;

- 1 2. Weighing the short-term versus the long-term consequences of any public health 2 measure;
- 3 3. Protecting vulnerable populations and not shifting the burden of protecting against
 4 the disease from the affluent to the less affluent;
- 5 4. Addressing the needs of various populations in the State, including considering 6 places of worship essential;
- 5. Basing comparative risk evaluations, risk reductions and reduction of uncertainties
 on using the best available scientific evidence but recognizing that risk cannot be entirely
 eliminated;
- 6. Presenting facts as the basis for guidance and not employing fear, shame or falsehood
 to manipulate the public;
- 7. Not forcing medical interventions on a population, which must be voluntary andbased upon informed consent rather than coercion; and
- 14 8. Being honest and transparent, giving fact-based and data-based advice and 15 acknowledging errors or changed evidence.